

COMMUNICATIONS & MULTIMEDIA POCKET BOOK OF STATISTICS

Q1 2014



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COMMUNICATIONS & MULTIMEDIA POCKET BOOK OF STATISTICS

Q1 2014

1 ONATIONAL POLICY OBJECTIVES FOR THE COMMUNICATIONS & MULTIMEDIA INDUSTRY

- 1 To establish Malaysia as a major global centre and hub for communications and multimedia information and content services
- 2 To promote a civil society where information based services will provide the basis of continuing enhancements to quality of work and life
- 3 To grow and nurture local information resources and cultural representation that facilitates the national identity and global diversity
- 4 To regulate for the long-term benefit of the end user
- 5 To promote a high level of consumer confidence in service delivery from the industry
- 6 To ensure an equitable provision of affordable services over ubiquitous national infrastructure
- 7 To create a robust applications environment for end users
- 8 To facilitate the efficient allocation of resources such as skilled labour, capital, knowledge and national assets
- 9 To promote the development of capabilities and skills within Malaysia's convergence industries
- 10 To ensure information security and network reliability and integrity

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Where a table is not accompanied by a source acknowledgement, that table carries data that emanated solely from the Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission (MCMC).

Preliminary figures are italicised.

Revised figures are underscored.

Figures presented in tables are as at the end of the period. Hence a penetration rate for a given year is calculated using the number of subscriptions and estimated population as at the end of the year. This is different from the Malaysian demographic practice of using the mid-year population as the population for that year. If the practices need to be synchronised to the demographic norm, then the penetration rates as at end June of that year must be used.

Numbers and percentages may not add up because of rounding.

Symbols and Abbreviations

	-	Not available
Qtr	-	Quarter
МСМС	-	Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission
МСММ	-	Ministry of Communications and Multimedia Malaysia
DOSM	-	Department of Statistics, Malaysia
ITU	_	International Telecommunication Union

BASIC INDICATORS

Q1 2014

1. MALAYSIA BASIC INDICATORS

	Qtr	Population Hous (million)	Households	GDP	Consumer Price	
Year			(*000)	Current prices (billion)	Constant prices (billion)	Index (CPI)
Notes		a	b		C	d
2013		29.91	6,939	986.733	787.611	107.1
2014	1	30.00	6,961	256.933	198.641	109.7

Source : DOSM, MCMC

Explanatory notes:

- a. Population projections as at end of period, based on Census 2010
- b. Number of households derived by dividing populations by average household size
- c. Base year is 2005
- d. Base year is 2010

The CPI reported against a period, refers to the average index for the period spanning 1st January to the end of that period

2. PENETRATION RATES AT A GLANCE

	Qtr	Broadband		Cellular Phone	DEL
Year		per 100 inhabitants	per 100 households	per 100 inhabitants	per 100 households
Note		а	b	C	d
2013		22.6	67.1	<u>143.8</u>	32.4
2014	1	23.5	67.3	143.7	31.8

Explanatory notes:

- a. The broadband penetration rate per 100 inhabitants is calculated by dividing the sum of household and non-household subscriptions by the number of inhabitants and multiplying by 100. Public Wi Fi subscriptions are not taken into account.
- b. The broadband penetration rate per 100 households is calculated by dividing the number of subscriptions used in private households by the number of private households and multiplying by 100. Non-private household subscriptions and public WiFi subscriptions are not taken into account.
- c. The penetration rate refers to the total subscriptions divided by the total population and multiplied by 100. A penetration rate over 100% can occur because of multiple subscriptions.
- d. The DEL penetration rate per 100 households is calculated by dividing the number of private household subscriptions by the number of private households and multiplying by 100.

3. NUMBER OF LICENCES AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

	No. of Licences		
	Individual	Class	Total
Network Facilities Provider (NFP)	142	20	162
Network Service Provider (NSP)	134	22	156
Applications Service Provider (ASP)		534	534
Content Applications Service Provider (CASP)	39	27	66
Total	315	603	918

BROADBAND AND THE INTERNET

Q1 2014

4. NUMBER OF BROADBAND SUBSCRIPTIONS AND PENETRATION RATE

Year	Qtr	Fixed (Wired) (′000)	Wireless ('000)	1 Malaysia Netbook ('000)	Total ('000)	
Note		a	b			
			Total			
2013		2,374.4	3,811.8	187.1	6,373.3	
2014	1	2,419.3	3,805.2	187.1	6,411.6	
				Population penetration rate	23.5	
			Households			
2013		1,962.5	2,408.5	187.1	4,558.1	
2014	1	1,999.6	2,401.2	187.1	4,588.0	
				Households penetration rate	67.3	
Non-Households						
2013		411.9	1,403.3		1,815.2	
2014	1	419.7	1,404.0		1,823.7	

Explanatory notes:

a. Including ADSL, SDSL, VDSL, Fiber, Satellite and Fixed Wireless.

b. Including Mobile Broadband, Pay Per Use, WiMax and EVDO.

5. NUMBER OF BROADBAND SUBSCRIPTIONS AND PENETRATION RATE, Q1 2014

State	Private household subscriptions	Household	equivalent	Total	Penetration rate	
	Private nousenoid subscriptions	1MIC	1MWV	IULAI		
Johor	499.37	17.52	31.92	548.81	65.3	
Kedah	232.90	8.52	10.62	252.04	53.0	
Kelantan	128.16	7.46	7.26	142.88	41.2	
Melaka	124.09	3.77	8.88	136.74	64.5	
Negeri Sembilan	173.88	5.78	12.12	191.78	74.5	
Pahang	174.46	13.50	19.02	206.98	59.7	
Perak	292.53	5.42	14.58	312.53	51.5	
Perlis	34.43	1.11	2.82	38.36	67.2	
Pulau Pinang	332.11		2.34	334.45	80.3	
Selangor	1,153.83	5.58	9.30	1,168.71	79.5	
Terengganu	118.33	6.27	9.78	134.38	56.9	
Sabah	194.67	9.30	30.24	234.21	52.8	
Sarawak	259.75	13.22	37.32	310.29	53.4	
WPKL	541.81		0.36	542.17	115.7	
WP Labuan	12.29		0.54	12.83	63.9	
WP Putrajaya	20.18		0.12	20.30	82.7	
Unknown	0.51			0.51		
Malaysia	4,293.30	97.45	197.22	4,587.97	67.3	

Explanatory notes:

A penetration rate of over 100% can occur because of multiple subscriptions.

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6. COMMUNITY ACCESS

State	1Malaysia Internet Centre		Mini Community Broadband Centre	Community Broadband Library	1Malaysia Wireless Village
Juie	Num. of Centres	Members			inialaysia wireless village
Johor	54	82,053	8	6	577
Kedah	33	30,075	7	17	246
Kelantan	33	24,646	10	11	223
Melaka	18	11,715	2	5	171
Negeri Sembilan	22	23,635	3	7	232
Pahang	58	42,956	11	6	496
Perak	23	17,467	11		292
Perlis	3	5,699			48
Pulau Pinang			1		25
Selangor	22	19,091	5	11	194
Terengganu	27	20,179	6	9	231
Sabah	69	75,667	23	1	960
Sarawak	62	42,423	33	26	966
WP KL	2	2,598			22
WP Labuan					22
WP Putrajaya					4
Malaysia	426	398,204	120	99	4,709

Explanatory notes :

<u>Malaysia Internet Centres</u> provide collective community Internet access to underserved areas identified under the Universal Service Provision (USP) programme. Each CBC is equipped with IT equipment including personal computers connected to the Internet via broadband to allow rural communities to enjoy the benefits of the Internet as enjoyed by those living in urban areas. It is hoped that the CBC will contribute towards achieving success in national initiatives to bridge between urban and rural communities.

Mini Community Broadband Centres is a project under USP programme to close the digital divide. Mini CBC are co-located with Information Department offices all over the country and coveres communities living near the Mini CBC. Each mini CBC is equipped with 5 personal computers and a broadband access.

<u>Community Broadband Libraries</u>. The provision of broadband Internet access to libraries is a project implemented under the USP. The purpose of the implementation is to provide Internet access in underserved areas throughout the country. Initially, the focus of the project is to assist libraries in providing facilities to the marginalized community of digital development in rural areas through access to communication and training. This project also aims to expand the functions of library staff from only focusing on the physical books and resources in a library's possession to encompass electronic and Internet-based resources and thus empowering them to be an agent of change in improving the socio economic condition of society through new ways of learning facilitated by the Internet.

1Malaysia Wireless Village, is a project under USP programme. Its objective is to provide wireless broadband access by installing WiFi antennas in strategic places.

7. NUMBER OF HOTSPOT LOCATIONS BY STATE

		2014
State	2013	Qtr 1
Johor	3,052	3,052
Kedah	2,304	2,245
Kelantan	1,115	1,115
Melaka	1,262	1,262
Negeri Sembilan	553	553
Pahang	1,462	1,462
Perak	1,933	1,933
Perlis	62	62
Pulau Pinang	5,283	5,071
Selangor	5,058	5,058
Terengganu	1,464	1,464
Sabah	956	956
Sarawak	1,896	1,896
W. P. Kuala Lumpur	4,935	4,935
W.P. Labuan	6	6
W.P. Putrajaya	51	51
Malaysia	31,392	31,121

8. NUMBER OF HOTSPOT AND WIFI BROADBAND PROJECT SUBSCRIPTIONS

Year	Qtr	Hotspot subscriptions ('000)	WiFi broadband project subscriptions ('000)
Note			a
2013		1,444.5	164.4
2014	1	1,440.1	167.6

Explanatory notes :

a WiFi broadband include MyBroadband WiFi@Penang and DANAWA

9. HOUSEHOLD USE OF THE INTERNET BY URBAN AND RURAL AREAS

Year	Urban	Rural
2012	75.8	24.2

Explanatory notes :

Tables 9-11, are from the Internet User Surveys conducted by the MCMC begining from 2012.

The survey covers only users from private households in Malaysia that access the Internet through broadband and/or dial-up.

(%)

10. HOUSEHOLD USE OF THE INTERNET BY GENDER

Year	Male	Female
2012	56.4	43.6

11. HOUSEHOLD USE OF THE INTERNET BY AGE CATEGORY

Age category Under 15 2.3 15-19 14.2 20-24 21.4 25-29 20.3 30-34 13.9 35-39 9.2 40-44 7.0 45-49 5.2 50 and above 6.6

Explanatory notes :

Please see note by Table 9

(%)

(%)

12. PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH ACCESS TO A COMPUTER BY STATE, 2012

State	Personal computer	Laptop	Tablet
Johor	19.0	45.5	12.2
Kedah	16.0	38.6	8.6
Kelantan	14.8	29.4	4.9
Melaka	28.2	50.2	21.1
Negeri Sembilan	17.9	29.7	6.7
Pahang	19.3	47.4	9.6
Perak	19.6	34.7	9.3
Perlis	11.3	42.7	7.3
Pulau Pinang	24.0	45.6	10.7
Selangor	28.7	57.6	26.5
Terengganu	12.9	42.1	9.4
Sabah	16.3	45.3	10.7
Sarawak	16.7	41.8	9.5
W. P. Kuala Lumpur	28.2	64.7	37.4
W.P. Labuan	23.3	68.6	21.4
W.P. Putrajaya	20.2	72.4	42.3
Malaysia	21.0	46.3	15.3

Source : Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM)

13. FIXED (WIRED) BROADBAND PER 100 INHABITANTS, ASEAN COUNTRIES

Year	Singapore	Malaysia	Thailand	Viet Nam	Brunei Darussalam
2011	25.5	7.0	5.4	4.3	5.5
2012	26.1	8.4	5.2	5.0	4.8

Year	Philippines	Lao P.D.R.	Indonesia	Cambodia	Myanmar
2011	1.9	0.7	1.1	0.2	0.1
2012	2.2	1.5	1.2	0.2	0.0

14. FIXED (WIRED) BROADBAND PER 100 INHABITANTS COMPARED WITH 10 BIGGEST TRADING PARTNERS, MALAYSIA

Year	South Korea	Germany	Hong Kong SAR	USA	Japan	Singapore
2011	36.9	32.5	31.5	28.8	27.4	25.5
2012	37.6	34.0	31.6	28.0	27.9	26.1

Year	Taiwan	China	Malaysia	Thailand	Indonesia
2011	23.7	11.6	7.0	5.4	1.1
2012	23.9	13.0	8.4	5.2	1.2

Source : MCMC, ITU

CELLULAR TELEPHONES

Q1 2014

15. NUMBER OF CELLULAR TELEPHONE SUBSCRIPTIONS AND PENETRATION RATE

Year	Qtr	Postpaid ('000)	Prepaid ('000)	Total ('000)	Penetration rate per 100 inhabitants
2013		<u>7,763</u>	<u>35,233</u>	<u>42,996</u>	<u>143.8</u>
2014	1	7,880	35,232	43,112	143.7

Explanatory notes :

The penetration rate refers to the total subscriptions divided by the total population and multiplied by 100. A penetration rate is over 100% can occur because of multiple subscriptions.

Includes 3G.

16. CELLULAR TELEPHONE PENETRATION RATE PER 100 INHABITANTS BY STATE

State	2011	2012
Johor	126.5	128.7
Kedah	116.4	118.8
Kelantan	103.3	107.8
Melaka	182.3	143.6
Negeri Sembilan	158.4	144.7
Pahang	91.7	134.8
Perak	119.7	114.6
Perlis	124.5	139.6
Pulau Pinang	123.9	142.3
Selangor ^a	145.4	154.4
Terengganu	125.3	132.6
Sabah ^b	88.8	87.6
Sarawak	94.8	105.7
W. P. Kuala Lumpur	229.0	203.5
W.P. Labuan		120.6
W.P. Putrajaya		87.0

Explanatory notes :

a Including W. P. Putrajaya in 2011

b Including W. P. Labuan in 2011



18. PERCENTAGE OF CELLULAR TELEPHONE USERS BY URBAN AND RURAL AREAS

Year	Urban	Rural
2007	73.7	26.3
2012	68.8	31.2

Explanatory notes :

Table 18 - 19, are from the Hand Phone Users surveys conducted by the MCMC annually.

(%)

19. PERCENTAGE OF CELLULAR TELEPHONE USERS BY GENDER

Year	Male	Female
2011	55.2	44.8
2012	56.5	43.5
с і		

Explanatory notes:

See table 18

20. SHORT MESSAGE SERVICES (SMS)

Year	Qtr	Total (million)	Per subscription
Note		a	
2013		76,984.0	1,787
2014	1	14,173.0	329

Explanatory notes:

a. Figure refers to the number of SMSes sent within the period.

(%)

21. CELLULAR TELEPHONES PER 100 INHABITANTS, ASEAN COUNTRIES

Year	Singapore	Viet Nam	Malaysia	Cambodia	Thailand
2011	149.5	143.4	127.7	69.9	113.2
2012	153.4	149.4	142.5	132.0	120.3
Year	Indonesia	Brunei Darussalam	Philippines	Lao P.D.R.	Myanmar
2011	97.7	109.2	92.0	87.2	2.6
2012	115.2	113.8	106.8	101.9	11.2

22. CELLULAR TELEPHONES PER 100 INHABITANTS COMPARED WITH 10 BIGGEST TRADING PARTNERS, MALAYSIA

Year	Hong Kong SAR	Singapore	Germany	Malaysia	Taiwan	Thailand
2011	209.6	149.5	132.3	127.7	124.1	113.2
2012	227.9	153.4	131.3	142.5	126.5	120.3

Year	Indonesia	South Korea	Japan	USA	China
2011	97.7	108.5	102.7	105.9	73.2
2012	115.2	110.4	109.4	98.2	81.2

Source : MCMC, ITU





23. NUMBER OF DEL CONNECTIONS AND PENETRATION RATE

		Household				
Year	Qtr	Number of subscriptions ('000)	Penetration rate (per 100 households)	Non - Household ('000)	Total ('000)	
2013		2,247	32.4	1,499	3,746	
2014	1	2,217	31.8	1,484	3,701	

Explanatory Notes :

Direct Exchange Line (DEL) connects a customer's equipment to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) and has a dedicated port on a telephone exchange.

24. DEL PENETRATION RATE PER 100 HOUSEHOLDS BY STATE

State	2012	2014
State	2013	Q1
Johor	40.3	39.9
Kedah dan Perlis	27.4	27.0
Kelantan	16.5	16.4
Melaka	46.9	46.2
Negeri Sembilan	43.7	43.3
Pahang	27.9	27.2
Perak	41.8	41.3
Pulau Pinang	50.0	49.4
Selangor ^a	29.6	29.3
Terengganu	29.2	28.7
Sabah	19.6	19.4
Sarawak	25.4	25.1
W. P. Kuala Lumpur	15.2	14.7
W. P. Labuan	37.8	37.8
Malaysia	32.4	31.8

Explanatory Notes :

^a Including W.P. Putrajaya

25. PERCENTAGE DEL HOUSEHOLD SUBSCRIPTIONS BY URBAN AND RURAL AREAS

Year	Urban	Rural
2010	76.1	23.9
2011	77.8	22.1
2012	76.7	23.3

26. DEL NETWORK, CAPACITY USED

Year	Qtr	Capacity used (%)	Waiting list ('000)
2013		61.0	
2014	1	59.2	

27. MAIN TELEPHONE LINES PER 100 INHABITANTS, ASEAN COUNTRIES

Year	Singapore	Brunei Darussalam	Indonesia	Malaysia	Viet Nam
2011	38.9	19.7	15.9	14.3	11.5
2012	37.9	17.2	15.5	13.3	11.4
Year	Thailand	Philipines	Cambodia	Lao P.D.R.	Myanmar

2011	9.7	7.2	3.7	1.7	
2012	9.1	4.1	4.0	1.8	

28. MAIN TELEPHONE LINES PER 100 INHABITANTS FOR 10 BIGGEST TRADING PARTNERS

Year	Taiwan	South Korea	Germany	Hong Kong SAR	Japan	USA
2011	72.7	60.9	63.1	61.1	51.1	47.9
2012	68.7	62.0	61.8	60.6	50.8	44.0

Year	Singapore	China	Indonesia	Malaysia	Thailand
2011	38.9	21.2	15.9	14.3	9.7
2012	37.9	18.8	15.5	13.3	9.1

Source : MCMC, ITU

1.1 1.1

RADIO AND TV

29. PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH ACCESS TO RADIO/HI-FI BY STATE

State	2007	2009	2012
Johor	86.8	79.1	84.2
Kedah	72.7	70.4	66.1
Kelantan	81.8	72.4	67.1
Melaka	88.5	80.2	80.0
Negeri Sembilan	87.0	80.4	65.7
Pahang	85.0	77.5	75.4
Perak	88.8	80.4	78.0
Perlis	70.5	73.0	58.0
Pulau Pinang	77.1	67.9	69.8
Selangor	83.7	77.7	61.3
Terengganu	71.5	60.7	57.6
Sabah	70.5	58.8	48.6
Sarawak	76.7	72.7	72.6
W. P. Kuala Lumpur	84.2	73.6	78.1
W. P. Labuan			52.8
W. P. Putrajaya			45.1
Malaysia	81.4	73.9	68.9

Source : DOSM

30. PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH ACCESS TO TELEVISION BY STATE

State	2007	2009	2012
Johor	98.7	98.8	99.0
Kedah	96.8	96.7	97.7
Kelantan	95.4	95.0	96.8
Melaka	98.4	99.2	99.1
Negeri Sembilan	98.0	97.7	97.9
Pahang	97.3	97.6	98.2
Perak	98.3	97.9	98.3
Perlis	96.3	97.2	98.1
Pulau Pinang	98.1	98.2	98.3
Selangor	98.9	98.9	98.1
Terengganu	95.5	96.7	95.6
Sabah	90.5	90.1	93.9
Sarawak	92.8	94.1	95.9
W. P. Kuala Lumpur	99.0	99.2	99.5
W. P. Labuan			98.2
W. P. Putrajaya			99.4
Malaysia	96.9	97.1	97.7

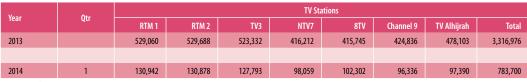
Source : DOSM

31. PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH ACCESS TO VCR/VCD/DVD BY STATE

State	2007	2009	2012
Johor	84.0	77.8	74.3
Kedah	72.8	67.7	58.2
Kelantan	65.6	54.3	44.0
Melaka	81.6	74.6	69.9
Negeri Sembilan	83.1	75.6	51.0
Pahang	75.0	72.8	61.5
Perak	78.1	75.4	62.4
Perlis	68.7	69.4	46.8
Pulau Pinang	85.7	81.2	72.0
Selangor	87.8	83.1	70.7
Terengganu	64.2	58.1	42.4
Sabah	72.5	66.1	62.0
Sarawak	77.1	75.4	71.8
W. P. Kuala Lumpur	79.8	84.6	75.3
W. P. Labuan			65.2
W. P. Putrajaya			62.6
Malaysia	79.4	75.0	65.4

Source : DOSM

32. NUMBER OF BROADCAST MINUTES, FREE TO AIR TV



Source : AGB Nielsen

33. NUMBER OF PAY TV SUBSCRIPTIONS

Year	Qtr	N	Number of subscriptions ('000)		Penetration rate per 100 household
Tedi	Qu	Household	Non-household	Total	renetration rate per 100 nousenoid
2012		3,841	24	3,865	55.7
2013	1	3,875	24	3,899	54.2

Year Qtr		Number of subscriptions ('000)		
Tedi	Qu	Household	Non-household	Total
2013		554.6	103.5	658.1
2014	1	580.1	110.5	690.6

DIGITAL SIGNATURE

35. NUMBER OF CERTIFICATION AUTHORITIES

Year	Qtr	Number of licences
2013		2
2014	1	2

Explanatory notes :

Refers to Certification Authorities licensed under the Digital Signature Act 1997.

36. NUMBER OF CERTIFICATES ISSUED BY TYPE

			Domestic holder ('000)		Foreign holder ('000)	
Year	Qtr	Individual		Organisation	Organisation	Total (′000)
		Individual	Corporate	Government	Corporate	(000)
2013		8.5	198.7	5,991.3	1.0	6,199.5
2014	1	8.5	203.7	6,260.6	1.0	6,473.8

MALAYSIA RANKING FOR ICT RELATED INDICES

37. MALAYSIA RANKING FOR ICT RELATED INDICES

Year	Connectivity Scorecard	Networked Readiness Index (NRI)	Digital Economy Ranking (before 2010 e-readiness Index)
2009	1	27ª	38
2010	1	28 ^b	36
2011	1		
2012		29	
2013	2	30	

Year	e-Government Readiness Index	World Competitiveness Scoreboard	ICT Development Index
2009		18	
2010	32	10	58
2011		16	57
2012	40	14	59
2013		15	
Explanatory notes :	a Network Readiness Index 2009-2010.		

b Network Readiness Index 2010-2011.

Explanatory notes :

Ine <u>Connectivity Scorecard</u> looks at quality and quantity of ICT usage and infrastructure and relates it to a country's social and economic prosperity. 25 'Resource and Efficiency Driven' and 25 'Innovation Driven' economies are studied (as defined by the World Economic Forum (WEF)). Study commissioned by Nokia Siemens Networks. Malaysia is in the "Resource and Efficiency Driven" group of economies. (http://www. connectivityscorecard.org)

Networked Readiness Index (NRI) measures the propensity for countries to exploit the opportunities offered by ICT. The index has been compiled for 115 economics by World Economic Forum. (http://weforum.org)

Digital Economy Ranking is the readiness of a country's information and communications technology (ICT) infrastructure and the ability of its consumers, businesses and government to use ICT to their benefit. The index has been compiled for 70 economies by Economist Intelligence Unit. Prior to 2010 it was known as the e-readiness index. (http://www.graphics.eiu.com)

e-Government Readiness Index, e-government is being deployed not only to provide citizen services but for public sector efficiency purposes, improving transparency and accountability in government functions and allowing for cost savings in government administration. This index is created by the UN Public Administration Network. (http://www2.unpan.org/egovkb/index.aspx)

World Competitiveness SCOREBOARD publishes competitiveness of nations, ranking and analysing how a nation manages its resources and competencies. Published since 1989 it compares the competitiveness of 59 economies on the basis of over 331 criteria. The scoreboard is published by the IMD Business School, Switzerland. (http://www.imd.org)

[CT Development Index (IDI)] captures the level of advancement of ICTs. It also measures the global digital divide and examines how it has developed in recent years. This index is produced by the International Telecommunication Union. (http://www.itu.int)

COMMUNICATIONS & MULTIMEDIA POCKET BOOK OF STATISTICS

FOR MORE STATISTICS

WEBSITE	The MCMC website contains extracts of statistics pertaining to the communications & multimedia and postal & courier industry. This is updated quarterly/half yearly. The MCMC website is at www.skmm.gov.my
OTHER STATISTICAL PUBLICATIONS	Statistical Bulletins: 1. Postal & Courier Services: Pocket Book of Statistics (ISSN: 2231-9913) 2. Yearly Hand Phone User Survey 3. Yearly Internet User Servey

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