



Suruhanjaya Komunikasi dan Multimedia Malaysia
Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission

SPECTRUM PLAN

ISSUED 2017

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INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Government recognises the pervasive role of communications and multimedia industry in the economic and social development of the country.

To drive this initiative, the Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission (“the Commission”) was established in 1998 to regulate the communications and multimedia industries in Malaysia. The powers, which have been given to the Commission to enable it to carry out its tasks, are set out in both the Communications and Multimedia Act 1998 (“the Act”) as well as in the Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission Act 1998, being the legislations that provided for its formation, and also the subsidiary legislations made under them, including the Communications and Multimedia (Spectrum) Regulations 2000 (“the Spectrum Regulations”).

The Commission has the overall responsibility for managing spectrum under the Act, including the task of developing a Spectrum Plan in respect of all or any part of the spectrum.

Spectrum Plan was first issued in November 2006 and has been revised in September 2011 and December 2014.

In line with the powers accorded to it, the Commission is pleased to present herein the 2017 edition of the Spectrum Plan (“this Spectrum Plan”), developed in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

TERM AND REVISION

This Spectrum Plan is developed pursuant to section 172(1) of the Act and is issued in May 2017.

Term

This Spectrum Plan is effective from the date of its issuance and continues for such time until revised, varied or revoked by the Commission.

Revision

The Commission may revise, vary or revoke this Spectrum Plan or any part therein at any time, in accordance with the Act and the Spectrum Regulations.

The Commission will continuously monitor and revise this Spectrum Plan in view of rapid changes in the communications and multimedia industry. In any event, this Spectrum Plan will be revised as decided by the Commission.

All revision and variation shall be by way of notice in writing to be known as "Spectrum Plan Amendment Notice". All Spectrum Plan Amendment Notices shall comprise a sequential number and the year of issue as illustrated below:

Illustration:

"Spectrum Plan Amendment Notice No. 1 of 2017"

All Spectrum Plan Amendment Notices shall be published by the Commission. Upon publication or unless otherwise stated in the Spectrum Plan Amendment Notice, all Spectrum Plan Amendment Notices shall come into effect on the date of publication or at a specified date. Publication may be done electronically.

The Commission shall maintain a register of all Spectrum Plan Amendment Notices issued.

Where the Commission has revised, varies or amends any part of this Spectrum Plan, such revision, variation or amendment made shall supersede the existing provision thereof.

REVOCATION

The Spectrum Plan issued on December 2014 is hereby revoked.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|------------|
| INTRODUCTION..... | ii |
| TERM AND REVISION | iii |
| REVOCATION | iv |
| TABLE OF CONTENTS..... | v |
| LIST OF FIGURES..... | vii |
| | |
| CHAPTER 1: GENERAL INFORMATION ON SPECTRUM PLAN..... | 2 |
| | |
| PART A – GENERAL | 2 |
| 1.1 Background | 2 |
| | |
| PART B – GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS..... | 3 |
| 1.2 Explanation of the Regional Chart | 3 |
| | |
| PART C – THE TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS..... | 4 |
| PART D – SPECTRUM MANAGEMENT IN MALAYSIA..... | 5 |
| 1.3 Spectrum Plan | 5 |
| 1.4 Standard Radio System Plans | 5 |
| 1.5 Use of Spectrum by Government Agencies | 6 |
| 1.6 Reservation of spectrum | 6 |
| 1.7 Compulsory Acquisition | 6 |
| | |
| CHAPTER 2: MALAYSIAN TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS | 8 |
| | |
| PART A – PRELIMINARY INFORMATION | 8 |
| 2.1 Definitions | 8 |
| 2.2 Table of Frequency Allocations | 8 |
| 2.3 Identification of Frequency Bands | 8 |
| 2.4 Primary and Secondary Services | 9 |
| 2.5 Additional Allocations | 9 |
| 2.6 Alternative Allocations | 10 |
| 2.7 Headings and Footnotes | 10 |
| 2.8 How Reference is made in the Table to Services | 11 |

| | | |
|---|---|------------|
| 2.9 | Condition that Applies to Certain Services | 11 |
| 2.10 | Use of Frequency Bands – Spectrum, Apparatus and Class Assignment | 11 |
| 2.11 | Interference Resolution | 11 |
| 2.12 | Interpretation of the Table | 12 |
| PART B – TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS | | 13 |
| PART C – INTERNATIONAL FOOTNOTES | | 98 |
| PART D – MALAYSIAN FOOTNOTES | | 158 |
| CHAPTER 3: ASSIGNMENT PROCEDURES | | 166 |
| 3.1 | Assignments of Spectrum Pursuant to the Act | 166 |
| 3.2 | Application for Assignment | 167 |
| 3.3 | Exercise of Preferential Rights | 169 |
| 3.4 | Auction | 169 |
| 3.5 | Tender | 170 |
| 3.6 | Reissuance of Spectrum Assignment | 170 |
| 3.7 | Issuance and Payment of Fees for Assignment | 170 |
| CHAPTER 4: CONVERSION PLAN PROCEDURES | | 175 |
| 4.1 | Conversion Plan | 175 |
| 4.2 | Procedures | 175 |
| 4.3 | Procedures for Issuance of Spectrum Assignment | 177 |
| CHAPTER 5: GENERAL INFORMATION ON SPECTRUM | | 179 |
| 5.1 | Introduction | 179 |
| 5.2 | Radio Spectrum Categories | 179 |
| 5.3 | Frequency Bands and Channels | 180 |
| 5.4 | Allotment Plans and International Call Signs for Malaysia | 185 |

LIST OF FIGURES

| | |
|--|-----|
| Figure 1.1: Map identifying Region 1, Region 2, Region 3 and the Tropical Zone (shaded area), as defined in the Radio Regulations..... | 3 |
| Figure 3.1: Third Party Authorisation Process Flow..... | 173 |

CHAPTER 1 :

**GENERAL INFORMATION
ON SPECTRUM PLAN**

CHAPTER 1: GENERAL INFORMATION ON SPECTRUM PLAN

PART A – GENERAL

1.1 Background

The International Telecommunication Union (“ITU”), a specialised agency under the United Nations, is responsible for the harmonisation on the global use of the spectrum. The ITU Radio Regulations (“Radio Regulations”) is an international treaty that contains the world’s frequency allocation table (“ITU Allocation Table”). This table is important as it forms the framework for international, regional and national spectrum planning, allocations and assignments.

One of the key features of the ITU Allocation Table is that it sets out the frequency bands which have been allocated to services and divides the world into three (3) distinctive regions. Figure 1.1 illustrates the aforesaid division whilst the write-up beneath it lists out the countries that make up the relevant regions. Malaysia falls within the perimeter of Region 3 in the ITU Allocation Table.

Malaysia is a party to the Constitution and Convention of the ITU and the Radio Regulations. The Radio Regulations are revised at the ITU World Radiocommunications Conference (“WRC”), held every three or four years. The structure of Malaysia's Spectrum Plan is based on the ITU Allocation Table contained in the Radio Regulations. For easy reference, the ITU Allocation Table has been reproduced in this Spectrum Plan together with the relevant accompanying footnotes.

The Table of Frequency Allocation (“Table”) referred to in this Spectrum Plan provides information on allocation of frequencies in the three ITU regions including allocations in Malaysia (“Malaysian allocations”).

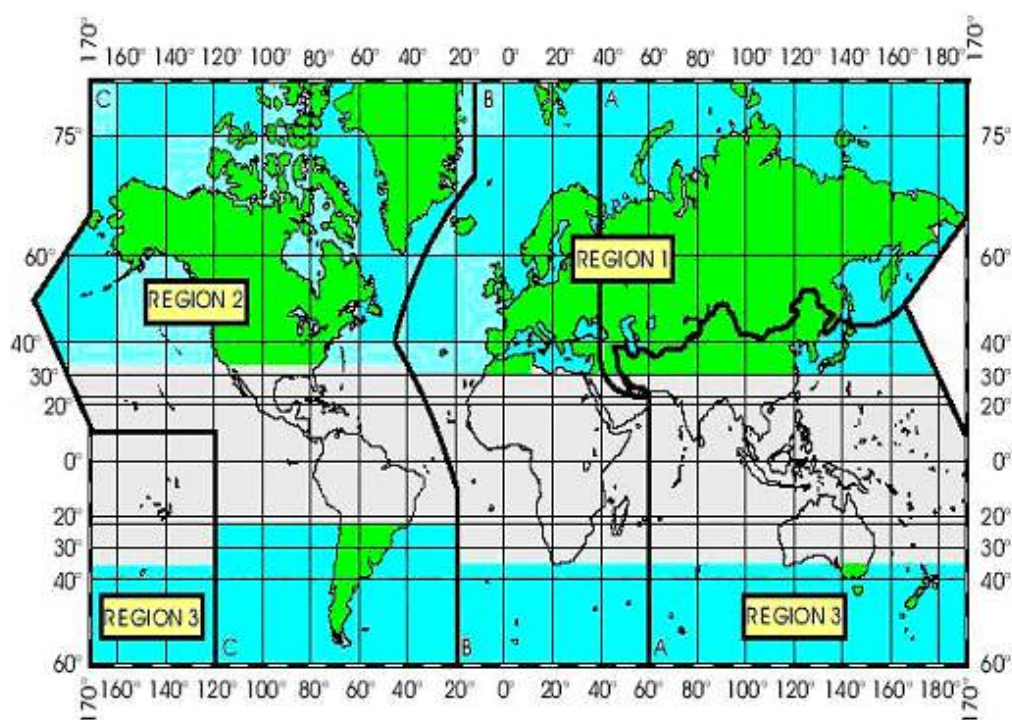
The Table allocates the spectrum up to and including a frequency of 420 THz. It should be noted that although the Malaysian allocations are generally aligned with Article 5 of the Radio Regulations for Region 3, some differences do exist. This is because, where necessary, variations have been incorporated to reflect Malaysian domestic requirements. However, any variation undertaken is subject to the conditions contained in the Radio Regulations that the associated radio installations do not cause harmful interference to the radio services or communications in the jurisdiction of the rest of the ITU Member States that operate in accordance with the provisions of the Radio Regulations. The variations are also subject to the Malaysian footnotes in Part D, Chapter 2 of this Spectrum Plan.

This Spectrum Plan is updated to incorporate the latest version of the Radio Regulations (Edition 2016) and other information regarding use of spectrum in Malaysia.

PART B – GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

1.2 Explanation of the Regional Chart

The chart below illustrates the division of the world into three (3) regions which is used in the provision of frequency worldwide allocation.



(Source: Radio Regulations)

Figure 1.1: Map identifying Region 1, Region 2, Region 3 and the Tropical Zone (shaded area), as defined in the Radio Regulations

Region 1 includes the area limited on the east by line A and on the west by line B, excluding any of the territory of the Islamic Republic of Iran, which lies between these limits. It also includes the whole of the territory of Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, the Russian Federation, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Turkey and Ukraine and the area to the north of Russian Federation which lies between lines A and C.

Region 2 includes the area limited on the east by line B and on the west by line C.

Region 3 includes the area limited on the east by line C and on the west by line A, except any of the territory of Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, the Russian Federation, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Turkey and Ukraine and the area to the north of Russian Federation. It also includes that part of the territory of the Islamic Republic of Iran lying outside of those limits.

A more complete description of where the abovementioned lines A, B and C would appear on a map can be obtained by referring to provisions No. 5.6 to 5.9 of the Radio Regulations.

A sub-Region is an area consisting of two or more countries in the same Region.

The Tropical zone, as defined in provisions No. 5.16 to 5.21 of the Radio Regulations, is represented by the shaded part of the chart, and consists of:

- (a) the whole of that area in Region 2 between the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn; and
- (b) the whole of that area in Regions 1 and 3 contained between the parallel 30° North and 35° South with the addition of:
 - i. the area contained between the meridians 40° East and 80° East of Greenwich and the parallels 30° North and 40° North; and
 - ii. that part of Libyan Arab Jamahiriya north of parallel 30° North.

In Region 2, the Tropical Zone may be extended to parallel 33° North, subject to special agreements between the countries concerned in that Region (refer to Article 6 of the Radio Regulation).

PART C – THE TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

The ITU Table of Frequency Allocations is contained in Section IV Article 5 of the Radio Regulations which is reproduced in Chapter 2 Part B of this Spectrum Plan including the relevant footnotes listed in Article 5 of the Radio Regulations.

The relevant Article 5 footnotes mentioned above are also reproduced in Chapter 2 Part C of this Spectrum Plan.

PART D – SPECTRUM MANAGEMENT IN MALAYSIA

1.3 Spectrum Plan

The Act empowers the Commission to develop a Spectrum Plan and any use of spectrum shall comply with this Spectrum Plan. Any allocation and/or use of spectrum pursuant to this Spectrum Plan shall result in the optimum and efficient use of spectrum as a whole, and shall consider any border arrangements affecting the use of spectrum made between the Government and any neighbouring country, to ensure non-interference and/or consistency with the said border arrangements.

This Spectrum Plan sets out the allocation of frequency bands to various types of services. It must be referred to in planning and implementation of wireless communications services in Malaysia. Other documents, inter alia, the standard radio system plans, may be issued by the Commission to specify the conditions by which the services are deployed in Malaysia.

1.4 Standard Radio System Plans

Standard Radio System Plans (“SRSP”) may be prepared by the Commission to provide information on the minimum technical and regulatory requirements for the use of allocated frequency bands. The main use of SRSP is to provide guidance in the design and specification of radio systems and equipment and in the evaluation of technical applications for new radio facilities or modification to radio systems in a specific spectrum band.

The SRSP provides guidance on the equipment characteristics and minimum specifications, frequency channelling, requirement for usage of the spectrum, principles of assignment, implementation plan and coordination initiatives required in order to ensure efficient and interference-free deployment of radio systems for particular services in a specific frequency band as allocated in the Spectrum Plan.

In the event of any inconsistency between this Spectrum Plan and the SRSP, the latest published document shall be referred to.

The SRSPs issued to date by the Commission are incorporated by reference into this Spectrum Plan. The list of SRSPs prepared by the Commission may be downloaded at the Commission's website¹.

Notwithstanding the above, in the event no SRSP is made available for certain spectrum band, the assignment of the spectrum or other technical requirements necessary for the assignment of the spectrum shall be based on the administrative notification issued by the Commission.

1.5 Use of Spectrum by Government Agencies

Any government agency who intends to use the spectrum shall apply for an apparatus assignment from the Commission.

1.6 Reservation of spectrum

The Commission, at its own discretion may reserve certain spectrum whether for present or future use, for public or community purposes or for the prevention or control of interference.

1.7 Compulsory Acquisition

Compulsory acquisition allows the Commission to recover spectrum from its existing users, for the purpose of reassignments.

Compulsory acquisition is addressed in section 178 of the Act and Part VII of the Act.

¹ <http://www.mcmc.gov.my/spectrum/standard-radio-system-plan-resources/standard-radio-system-plan/list-of-current-srspi>

CHAPTER 2 :

**MALAYSIAN TABLE OF
FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS**

CHAPTER 2: MALAYSIAN TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

PART A – PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

2.1 Definitions

The terms and phrases in this Spectrum Plan herein shall have the meanings set out in the following documents, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) the Act;
- (b) Spectrum Regulations; and
- (c) the Radio Regulations.

In the event of any discrepancy and inconsistency between the definitions given in the Act, the Spectrum Regulations and the Radio Regulations, such discrepancies and inconsistencies shall be resolved in the order of priorities set out in the paragraph above.

The order of priorities set out above is meant to resolve any discrepancies and inconsistencies on the definitions of terms and phrases used in this Spectrum Plan only and it shall not in any way affects the definitions and the applications of such terms and phrases set out for the exact purposes of such documents.

2.2 Table of Frequency Allocations

The Table as set out in Part B Chapter 2 of the Spectrum Plan is divided into frequency bands for both the ITU and the Malaysian allocations.

2.3 Identification of Frequency Bands

In interpreting the Table, the following should be noted:

- (a) The Table covers the spectrum up to and including a frequency of 420 THz, which has been divided into frequency bands within which certain designated radiocommunication services may operate;
- (b) Frequency bands are shown in increasing order of frequency from 8.3 kHz to 420 THz; and
- (c) The Table indicates the frequency bands that reflect the provisions of the Radio Regulations in respect to ITU and Malaysian allocations.

2.4 Primary and Secondary Services

Where the Table indicates that a band is allocated to more than one service, either on a worldwide or regional basis, such services are listed in the following order:

- (a) Services printed in upper case letters only (example: FIXED) are referred to as “primary services”; and
- (b) Services printed in normal characters or lower case letters (save and except for the first letter which will be capitalised) (example: Mobile) are referred as “secondary services”.

Some bands may have more than one primary service, as well as one or more secondary services. The words “primary services” and “secondary services” used in the Table are for the purposes of clarity. Spectrum users shall comply with the usage of the spectrum in line with the following principles:

- (a) the operations of primary services are given priority as compared to the operations of secondary services;
- (b) the operations of secondary services shall ensure that no interference is caused to any of the primary services;
- (c) the operations of secondary services cannot claim protection from any of the primary services to which frequencies have been assigned or may be assigned to at a later date;
- (d) the operations of secondary services may, however, claim protection from interference caused by other secondary services; and
- (e) where there is more than one primary service in the same frequency band, service providers shall abide to a coordination process as mentioned in the relevant administrative documents and guidelines issued by the Commission from time to time.

2.5 Additional Allocations

Where a band is shown in a footnote of the Table as ‘also allocated’ to one or more services in an area or country within a Region (e.g. Malaysia), this is in addition to the allocation within the said Region as shown in the Table.

If the footnote does not include any restriction on the services concerned (for example, allocation only on a secondary service basis), apart from the restriction to operate only in a particular area or country, stations of those services have equal status with stations of other primary services to which the band is allocated in the Table, but only within that area or country.

2.6 Alternative Allocations

Where a band is shown in a footnote of the Table as 'allocated' to one or more services in an area or country within a Region (e.g. Malaysia), this is an alternative allocation that replaces, in that area or country, the allocation shown in the Table.

If the footnote does not include any restriction on the services concerned (for example, allocation only on a secondary service basis), apart from the restriction to operate only in a particular area or country, stations of those services have equal status with stations of other primary services to which the band is allocated in the Table, but only within that area or country.

2.7 Headings and Footnotes

The heading of the Table is divided into three columns each of which corresponds to:

- (a) the frequency band;
- (b) ITU Allocations; and
- (c) Malaysian Allocations.

ITU Allocation column is further divided into three columns, each of which corresponds to one of the ITU Regions. Where an allocation occupies the entire width of the ITU Allocations column or of only one or two of the three columns, this indicates a worldwide allocation or a regional allocation, respectively.

The footnote references, which appear in the Table below the allocated service or services, apply to the band, which may have multiple services.

The footnote references, which appear to the right of the name of a service, are applicable only to that particular service, which may operate in multiple bands.

2.8 How Reference is made in the Table to Services

Words in the Table that are in upper case refer to primary service of the kind described by those words.

Words in the Table that are in lower case refer to a secondary service of the kind described by those words.

2.9 Condition that Applies to Certain Services

If:

- (a) a frequency band is used for the purposes of a service in accordance with this Spectrum Plan; and
- (b) the Radio Regulations do not provide for the frequency band to be used by that service;

then the requirements for the coordination and notification of services by administrations apply to that use of the frequency band under this Spectrum Plan.

2.10 Use of Frequency Bands – Spectrum, Apparatus and Class Assignment

A frequency band may be used for a service that is:

- (a) operating in accordance with spectrum, apparatus and class assignment; and
- (b) specified in the Table in respect of the frequency bands.

2.11 Interference Resolution

Any station that causes harmful interference to any other stations, the first mentioned station shall cease transmission immediately.

If any station causes major interference, the Commission may direct the owner or user of the apparatus to take, at his own expenses such measures as necessary to eliminate or reduce the interference to the satisfaction of the Commission.

2.12 Interpretation of the Table

For the purpose of this Spectrum Plan, a frequency band is identified by the range of numbers that:

- (a) is specified in a cell in the Table; and
- (b) immediately precedes the first reference in the cell to a service.

The range of numbers that identifies a frequency band is taken:

- (a) to be expressed in kilohertz (“kHz”), megahertz (“MHz”), gigahertz (“GHz”) or terahertz (“THz”), as the case requires; and
- (b) to include the higher, but not lower, number.

If reference to the service in a cell in the Table is followed immediately by one or more than one alphanumeric symbol that relates to that service, the operation of that service is subject to the conditions or restrictions specified. A symbol preceded by ‘MLA’ refers to the applicable Malaysian condition is defined in the Malaysian footnotes.

PART B – TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| Below 8.3 | (Not allocated) 5.53 5.54 | | | (Not allocated) 5.53 5.54 MLA1 MLA2 MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 8.3 - 9 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A 5.54B 5.54C | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A 5.54B 5.54C MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 9 -11.3 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A RADIONAVIGATION | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A RADIONAVIGATION MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 11.3-14 | RADIONAVIGATION | | | RADIONAVIGATION MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 14-19.95 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 5.55 5.56 | | | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 5.56 MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 19.95-20.05 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz) | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20kHz) MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 20.05-70 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 5.56 5.58 | | | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 5.56 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 70-72 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | 70-90 FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 Fixed Maritime mobile 5.57 5.59 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 Fixed Maritime mobile 5.57 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 72-84 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.56 | | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 84-86 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 Fixed Maritime mobile 5.57 5.59 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 Fixed Maritime mobile 5.57 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 86-90 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 RADIONAVIGATION 5.56 | | 5.61 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.57 RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 |
| 90-110 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.62 Fixed 5.64 | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.62 Fixed 5.64 MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 110-112 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.64 | 110-130 FIXED MARITIME MOBILE MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 112-115 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | Radiolocation | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 |
| 115-117.6 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 Fixed Maritime mobile 5.64 5.66 | | Fixed Maritime mobile 5.64 5.65 | Fixed Maritime mobile 5.64 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 117.6-126 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 | | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 126-129 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 Fixed Maritime mobile 5.64 5.65 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 Fixed Maritime mobile 5.64 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 129-130 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 | 5.61 5.64 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 5.64 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 130-135.7 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.64 5.67 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.64 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.64 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.64 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 135.7-137.8 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE Amateur 5.67A 5.64 5.67 5.67B | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE Amateur 5.67A 5.64 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION Amateur 5.67A 5.64 5.67B | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION Amateur 5.67A 5.64 5.67B MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 137.8-148.5 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.64 5.67 | 137.8-160 FIXED MARITIME MOBILE | 137.8-160 FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION | 137.8-160 FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION |
| 148.5-160 | 148.5-255 BROADCASTING | 5.64 | 5.64 | 5.64 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 160-190 | | FIXED | FIXED Aeronautical radionavigation | FIXED Aeronautical radionavigation MLA3 MLA6 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 190-200 | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|---|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 200-255 | 5.68 5.69 5.70 | 200-275 | 200-285 | 200-285 |
| 255-275 | 255- 283.5 BROADCASTING AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile |
| 275-283.5 | 5.70 5.71 | 275-285 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| 283.5-285 | 283.5-315 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | Aeronautical mobile Maritime radionavigation (radiobeacons) | | MLA3 MLA6 MLA7 MLA93 |
| 285-315 | MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) 5.73 5.74 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) 5.73 | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) 5.73 MLA3 MLA7 MLA93 |
| 315-325 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Maritime radionavigation (radiobeacons) 5.73 5.75 | MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) 5.73 Aeronautical radionavigation | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) 5.73 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) 5.73 MLA7 MLA93 |
| 325-335 | 325-405 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile Maritime radionavigation (radiobeacons) | 325-405 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile | 325-405 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile |
| 335-405 | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile | | MLA8 MLA93 |
| 405-415 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.76 | RADIONAVIGATION 5.76 Aeronautical mobile | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.76 Aeronautical mobile MLA8 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 415-435 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | 415-472 MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80 5.78 5.82 | | 415-472 MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Aeronautical radionavigation |
| 435- 472 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Aeronautical Radionavigation 5.77 5.82 | | | 5.82 MLA8 MLA93 |
| 472-479 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Amateur 5.80A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80 5.80B 5.82 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Amateur 5.80A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80 MLA93 |
| 479-495 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.82 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80 5.82 | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80 MLA93 |
| 495-505 | MARITIME MOBILE | | | MARITIME MOBILE MLA93 |
| 505-510 | 505-526.5 MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A 5.84 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 | 505-526.5 MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A 5.84 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile Land mobile | 505-526.5 MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A 5.84 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Aeronautical mobile Land mobile |
| 510-525 | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79A 5.84 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | MLA10 MLA93 |
| 525-526.5 | | 525-535 | | |
| 526.5-535 | 526.5-1 606.5 BROADCASTING | BROADCASTING 5.86 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | BROADCASTING Mobile 5.88 | BROADCASTING Mobile MLA3 MLA11 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 535-1 605 | 5.87 5.87A | BROADCASTING | 535-1 606.5 | 535-1 606.5 |
| 1 605-1 606.5 | | 1 605-1 625 BROADCASTING 5.89 | BROADCASTING | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA11 MLA93 |
| 1 606.5-1 625 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.90 LAND MOBILE 5.92 | 5.90 | 1 606.5-1 800 FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION | 1 606.5-1 800 FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION |
| 1 625-1 635 | RADIOLOCATION 5.93 | 1 625-1 705 FIXED | 5.91 | MLA93 |
| 1 635-1 705 | 1 635-1 800 FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.90 | MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.89 Radiolocation 5.90 | | |
| 1 705-1 800 | LAND MOBILE 5.92 5.96 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| 1 800-1 810 | RADIOLOCATION 5.93 | 1 800-1 850 AMATEUR | 1 800-2 000 AMATEUR | 1 800-2 000 AMATEUR MLA88 |
| 1 810-1 850 | AMATEUR 5.98 5.99 5.100 | AMATEUR FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION 5.102 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIONAVIGATION Radiolocation | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIONAVIGATION Radiolocation |
| 1 850-2 000 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.92 5.96 5.103 | | 5.97 | 5.97 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 2 000-2 025 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.92 5.103 | 2 00-2 065 FIXED MOBILE | | 2 00-2 065 FIXED MOBILE |
| 2 025-2 045 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids 5.104 5.92 5.103 | | | |
| 2 045-2 065 | 2 045-2 160 | | | |
| 2 065-2 107 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE | MARITIME MOBILE 5.105 5.106 | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.106 MLA14 MLA93 |
| 2 107-2 160 | LAND MOBILE 5.92 | 2 107-2 170 FIXED MOBILE | | 2 107-2 170 FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA93 |
| 2 160-2 170 | RADIOLOCATION 5.93 5.107 | | | |
| 2 170-2 173.5 | MARITIME MOBILE | | | MARITIME MOBILE MLA14 MLA93 |
| 2 173.5-2 190.5 | MOBILE (distress and calling) 5.108 5.109 5.110 5.111 | | | MOBILE (distress and calling) 5.108 5.109 5.110 5.111 MLA14 MLA93 |
| 2 190.5-2 194 | MARITIME MOBILE | | | MARITIME MOBILE MLA4 MLA14 MLA93 |
| 2 194-2 300 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.92 5.103 5.112 | FIXED MOBILE 5.112 | | FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA93 |
| 2 300-2 495 | 2 300-2 498 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING 5.113 | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.113 | | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.113 MLA13 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 2 495-2 498 | 5.103 | 2 495-2 501 STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz) | 2 495-2 501 STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz) | |
| 2 498-2 501 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz) | | | |
| | MLA14 MLA93 | | | |
| 2 501-2 502 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research MLA14 MLA93 | |
| 2 502-2 505 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL MLA14 MLA93 | |
| 2 505-2 625 | | 2 505-2 850 | 2 505-2 850 | |
| 2 625-2 650 | MARITIME MOBILE MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.92 | FIXED MOBILE | FIXED MOBILE | |
| 2 650-2 850 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.92 5.103 | | MLA14 MLA93 | |
| 2 850-3 025 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 5.115 | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 5.115 MLA14 MLA93 | |
| 3 025-3 155 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA83 MLA93 | |
| 3 155-3 200 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.116 5.117 | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.116 MLA3 MLA93 | |
| 3 200-3 230 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING 5.113 5.116 | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING 5.113 MLA13 5.116 MLA3 MLA93 | |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 3 230-3 400 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING 5.113 5.116 5.118 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING 5.113 MLA13 5.116 MLA3 MLA83 MLA93 |
| 3 400-3 500 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |
| 3 500-3 750 | 3 500-3 800 AMATEUR | AMATEUR 5.119 | 3 500-3 900 AMATEUR | AMATEUR MLA88 FIXED |
| 3 750-3 800 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.92 | 3 750-4 000 AMATEUR FIXED | FIXED MOBILE | MOBILE |
| 3 800-3 900 | FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.122 5.125 | | MLA83 MLA93 |
| 3 900-3 950 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.123 | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE BROADCASTING | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE BROADCASTING MLA13 MLA3 MLA83 MLA93 |
| 3 950-4 000 | FIXED BROADCASTING | | FIXED BROADCASTING 5.126 | FIXED BROADCASTING MLA13 5.126 MLA3 MLA83 MLA93 |
| 4 000-4 063 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.127 5.126 | | | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.127 5.126 MLA4 MLA93 |
| 4 063-4 438 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79A 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.131 5.132 5.128 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.79A 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.131 5.132 5.128 MLA93 |
| 4 438-4 488 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation 5.132A 5.132B | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) RADIOLOCATION 5.132A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 4 488-4 650 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA93 |
| 4 650-4 700 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |
| 4 700-4 750 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 4 750-4 850 | FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.113 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING 5.113 | FIXED BROADCASTING 5.113 Land mobile | FIXED BROADCASTING 5.113 MLA13 Land mobile MLA3 MLA93 |
| 4 850-4 995 | FIXED LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.113 | | | FIXED LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.113 MLA13 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 4 995-5 003 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5000 kHz) | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz) MLA93 |
| 5 003-5 005 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research MLA93 |
| 5 005-5 060 | FIXED BROADCASTING 5.113 | | | FIXED BROADCASTING 5.113 MLA13 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 5 060-5 250 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.133 | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 5 250-5 275 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A 5.133A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION 5.132A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A MLA93 |
| 5 275-5351.5 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA93 |
| 5 351.5 5 366.5 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur 5.133B | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur 5.133B MLA93 |
| 5 366.5 5 450 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA93 |
| 5 450-5 480 | FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE | FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE MLA93 |
| 5 480-5 680 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 5.115 | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 5.115 MLA93 |
| 5 680-5 730 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.111 5.115 | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.111 5.115 MLA14 MLA93 |
| 5 730-5 900 | FIXED LAND MOBILE | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) MLA93 |
| 5 900-5 950 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.136 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.136 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 5 950-6 200 | BROADCASTING | | | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 6 200-6 525 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.132 5.137 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.132 5.137 MLA83 MLA93 |
| 6 525-6 685 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |
| 6 685-6 765 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 6 765-7 000 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.138 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.138 MLA3 MLA83 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 7 000-7 100 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.140 5.141 5.141A | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE MLA93 |
| 7 100-7 200 | AMATEUR 5.141A 5.141B | | | AMATEUR MLA93 |
| 7 200-7 300 | BROADCASTING | AMATEUR 5.142 | BROADCASTING | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA93 |
| 7 300-7 400 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.143 5.143A 5.143B 5.143C 5.143D | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.143 5.143A MLA3 MLA93 |
| 7 400-7 450 | BROADCASTING 5.143B 5.143C | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | BROADCASTING 5.143A 5.143C | BROADCASTING 5.143A MLA3 MLA93 |
| 7 450-8 100 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.144 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.144 MLA93 |
| 8 100-8 195 | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE | | | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE MLA93 |
| 8 195-8 815 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 5.111 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 5.111 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 8 815-8 965 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |
| 8 965-9 040 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 9 040-9 305 | FIXED | 9 040-9 400 FIXED | FIXED | FIXED |
| 9 305-9 355 | FIXED Radiolocation 5.145A 5.145B | | FIXED Radiolocation 5.145A | FIXED Radiolocation 5.145A |
| 9 355-9 400 | FIXED | | FIXED | FIXED |
| 9 400-9 500 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 9 500-9 900 | BROADCASTING 5.147 | | | BROADCASTING 5.147 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 9 900-9 995 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 9 995-10 003 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz) 5.111 | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10000 kHz) 5.111 MLA93 |
| 10 003-10 005 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research 5.111 | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research 5.111 MLA93 |
| 10 005-10 100 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 MLA93 |
| 10 100-10 150 | FIXED Amateur | | | FIXED Amateur MLA88 MLA93 |
| 10 150-11 175 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) MLA3 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 11 175-11 275 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA83 MLA93 |
| 11 275-11 400 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |
| 11 400-11 600 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 11 600-11 650 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 11 650-12 050 | BROADCASTING 5.147 | | | BROADCASTING 5.147 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 12 050-12 100 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 12 100-12 230 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 12 230-13 200 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 MLA93 |
| 13 200-13 260 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 13 260-13 360 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |
| 13 360-13 410 | FIXED RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | | | FIXED RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 MLA14 MLA93 |
| 13 410-13 450 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) MLA93 |
| 13 450-13 550 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation 5.132A 5.149A | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation 5.132A | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation 5.132A MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 13 550-13 570 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.150 | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.150 MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 13 570-13 600 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 13 600-13 800 | BROADCASTING | | | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA93 |
| 13 800-13 870 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 13 870-14 000 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) MLA93 |
| 14 000-14 250 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE MLA93 |
| 14 250-14 350 | AMATEUR 5.152 | | | AMATEUR MLA88 MLA83 MLA93 |
| 14 350-14 990 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 14 990-15 005 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) 5.111 | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) 5.111 MLA93 |
| 15 005-15 010 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research MLA93 |
| 15 010-15 100 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 15 100-15 600 | BROADCASTING | | | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 15 600-15 800 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 15 800-16 100 | FIXED 5.153 | | | FIXED 5.153 MLA93 |
| 16 100-16 200 | FIXED Radiolocation 5.145A 5.145B | FIXED RADIOLOCATION 5.145A | FIXED Radiolocation 5.145A | FIXED Radiolocation 5.145A MLA93 |
| 16 200-16 360 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 16 360-17 410 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 MLA93 |
| 17 410-17 480 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 17 480-17 550 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 17 550-17 900 | BROADCASTING | | | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA93 |
| 17 900-17 970 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |
| 17 970-18 030 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 18 030-18 052 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 18 052-18 068 | FIXED Space research | | | FIXED Space research MLA93 |
| 18 068-18 168 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.154 | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE MLA93 |
| 18 168-18 780 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 18 780-18 900 | MARITIME MOBILE | | | MARITIME MOBILE MLA93 |
| 18 900-19 020 | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 MLA3 MLA93 |
| 19 020-19 680 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 19 680-19 800 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 MLA93 |
| 19 800-19 990 | FIXED | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 19 990-19 995 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research 5.111 | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research 5.111 MLA93 |
| 19 995-20 010 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20000 kHz) 5.111 | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) 5.111 MLA93 |
| 20 010-21 000 | FIXED Mobile | | | FIXED Mobile MLA93 |
| 21 000-21 450 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE MLA93 |
| 21 450-21 850 | BROADCASTING | | | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA93 |
| 21 850-21 870 | FIXED 5.155A 5.155 | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 21 870-21 924 | FIXED 5.155B | | | FIXED 5.155B MLA93 |
| 21 924-22 000 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 22 000-22 855 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 5.156 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 MLA93 |
| 22 855-23 000 | FIXED 5.156 | | | FIXED MLA93 |
| 23 000-23 200 | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.156 | | | FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) MLA93 |
| 23 200-23 350 | FIXED 5.156A AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | FIXED 5.156A AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MLA14 MLA93 |
| 23 350-24 000 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.157 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.157 MLA93 |
| 24 000-24 450 | FIXED LAND MOBILE | | | FIXED LAND MOBILE MLA93 |
| 24 450-24 600 | FIXED LAND MOBILE Radiolocation 5.132A 5.158 | 24 450-24 650 FIXED LAND MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.132A | FIXED LAND MOBILE Radiolocation 5.132A | FIXED LAND MOBILE Radiolocation 5.132A MLA93 |
| 24 600-24 650 | FIXED | FIXED LAND MOBILE | FIXED | FIXED |
| 24 650-24 890 | LAND MOBILE | | LAND MOBILE | LAND MOBILE MLA93 |
| 24 890-24 990 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE MLA93 |
| 24 990-25 005 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz) | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz) MLA93 |

| Frequency Band (kHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 25 005-25 010 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research MLA93 |
| 25 010-25 070 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA93 |
| 25 070-25 210 | MARITIME MOBILE | | | MARITIME MOBILE MLA93 |
| 25 210-25 550 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA93 |
| 25 550-25 670 | RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 MLA14 MLA93 |
| 25 670-26 100 | BROADCASTING | | | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA93 |
| 26 100-26 175 | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 MLA93 |
| 26 175-26 200 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |
| 26 200-26 350 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A 5.133A | 26 200-26 420 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION 5.132A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.132A MLA93 |
| 26 350-26 420 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.150 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile |
| 26 420-27 500 | 5.150 | | 5.150 | MLA3 MLA93 MLA94 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 27.5-28 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE |
| 28-29.7 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE |
| 29.7-30.005 | FIXED MOBILE | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA102 |
| 30.005-30.01 | SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH | | | SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH MLA102 |
| 30.01-37.5 | FIXED MOBILE | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA102 |
| 37.5-38.25 | FIXED MOBILE Radio astronomy 5.149 | | | FIXED MOBILE Radio astronomy 5.149 MLA102 |
| 38.25-39 | FIXED MOBILE | 38.25-39.986 FIXED MOBILE | 38.25-39.5 FIXED MOBILE | FIXED MOBILE MLA102 |
| 39-39.5 | FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation 5.132A 5.159 | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.132A | |
| 39.5-39.986 | FIXED MOBILE | | | |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 39.986-40 | FIXED MOBILE Space research | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.132A Space research | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.132A Space research MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 40-40.02 | | | FIXED MOBILE Space research | FIXED MOBILE Space research MLA3 MLA102 |
| 40.02-40.98 | FIXED MOBILE 5.150 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.150 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 40.98-41.015 | FIXED MOBILE Space research 5.160 5.161 | | | FIXED MOBILE Space research MLA102 |
| 41.015-42 | FIXED MOBILE 5.160 5.161 5.161A | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA102 |
| 42-42.5 | FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation 5.132A 5.160 5.161B | FIXED MOBILE 5.161 | | FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA102 |
| 42.5-44 | FIXED MOBILE 5.160 5.161 5.161A | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA102 |
| 44-47 | FIXED MOBILE 5.162 5.162A | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA3 MLA14 MLA90 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 47-50 | 47-68 BROADCASTING 5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165 5.169 5.171 | FIXED MOBILE | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.162A | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA14 MLA90 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 50-54 | | AMATEUR 5.162A 5.167 5.167A 5.168 5.170 | | AMATEUR MLA88 MLA102 |
| 54-68 | | BROADCASTING Fixed Mobile 5.172 | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING 5.162A | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA102 |
| 68-72 | 68-74.8 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.175 5.177 5.179 | BROADCASTING Fixed Mobile 5.173 | 68-74.8 FIXED MOBILE 5.149 5.176 5.179 | FIXED MOBILE 5.149 MLA14 MLA102 |
| 72-73 | | FIXED MOBILE | | |
| 73-74.6 | | RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.178 | | |
| 74.6-74.8 | | FIXED MOBILE | | |
| 74.8-75.2 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.180 5.181 | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.180 5.181 MLA102 |
| 75.2-75.4 | 75.2-87.5 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.175 5.179 5.187 | FIXED MOBILE 5.179 | | FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA24 MLA102 |
| 75.4-76 | | FIXED MOBILE | 75.4-87 FIXED MOBILE 5.182 5.183 5.188 | FIXED MOBILE MLA14 MLA24 MLA102 |
| 76-87 | | 76-88 BROADCASTING | | |
| 87-87.5 | | Fixed Mobile 5.185 | 87-100 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 87.5-88 | | BROADCASTING 5.190 | | |
| 88-100 | | | | |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 100-108 | BROADCASTING 5.192 5.194 | | | BROADCASTING MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 108-117.975 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.197 5.197A | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.197A MLA102 |
| 117.975-137 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 5.200 5.201 5.202 | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 5.200 MLA102 |
| 137-137.025 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.208 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 137.025-137.175 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 5.208 MLA93 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 137.175-137.825 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.208 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 137.825-138 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 5.208 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 138-143.6 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.210 5.211 5.212 5.214 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Space research (space-to-Earth) | FIXED MOBILE Space research (space-to-Earth) | FIXED MOBILE Space research (space-to-Earth) MLA3 MLA14 MLA41 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 143.6-143.65 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.211 5.212 5.214 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) | FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) | FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 143.65-144 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.210 5.211 5.212 5.214 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Space research (space-to-Earth) | FIXED MOBILE Space research (space-to-Earth) | FIXED MOBILE Space research (space-to-Earth) MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 144-146 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.216 | | | AMATEUR MLA28 MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE MLA102 |
| 146-148 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | AMATEUR 5.217 | AMATEUR FIXED MOBILE 5.217 | AMATEUR MLA28 MLA88 FIXED MOBILE MLA102 |
| 148-149.9 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.218 5.219 5.221 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.218 5.219 5.221 | | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to- space) 5.209 5.218 5.219 5.221 MLA102 |
| 149.9-150.05 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.220 | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to- space) 5.209 5.220 MLA102 |
| 150.05-153 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | 150.05-154 FIXED MOBILE 5.225 | | FIXED MOBILE MLA30 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 153-154 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids | | | |
| 154-156.4875 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.225A 5.226 | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 | FIXED MOBILE 5.225A 5.226 | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 MLA4 MLA102 |
| 156.4875-156.5625 | MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC) 5.111 5.226 5.227 | | | MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC) 5.111 5.226 5.227 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 156.5625-156.7625 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.226 | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 | | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 MLA93 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|---|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 156.7625-156.7875 | MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 | MARITIME MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 | MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 | MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 MLA102 |
| 156.7875-156.8125 | MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling) 5.111 5.226 | | | MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling) 5.111 5.226 MLA102 |
| 156.8125-156.8375 | MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 | MARITIME MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 | MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 | MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.111 5.226 5.228 MLA102 |
| 156.8375-161.9375 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.226 | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 | | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 MLA4 MLA102 |
| 161.9375-161.9625 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA 5.226 | FIXED MOBILE Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA 5.226 | | FIXED MOBILE Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA 5.226 MLA4 MLA102 |
| 161.9625-161.9875 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F 5.226 5.228A 5.228B | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MARITIME MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.228C 5.228D | MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical mobile (OR) 5.228E Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F 5.226 | MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical mobile (OR) 5.228E Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F 5.226 MLA102 |
| 161.9875-162.0125 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA 5.226 5.229 | FIXED MOBILE Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA 5.226 | | FIXED MOBILE Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA 5.226 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations | |
|----------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | | |
| 162.0125-162.0375 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F 5.226 5.228A 5.228B 5.229 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MARITIME MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.228C 5.228D | MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical mobile (OR) 5.228E Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F 5.226 | MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical mobile (OR) 5.228E Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F 5.226 MLA102 | |
| 162.0375-174 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.226 5.229 | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 5.230 5.231 | | FIXED MOBILE 5.226 MLA3 MLA14 MLA93 MLA102 | |
| 174-216 | 174-223 BROADCASTING 5.235 5.237 5.243 | BROADCASTING Fixed Mobile | 174-223 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING MLA29 MLA86 MLA95 | |
| 216-220 | | FIXED MARITIME MOBILE Radiolocation 5.241 5.242 | | | |
| 220-223 | | 220-225 | | | 5.233 5.238 5.240 5.245 |
| 223-225 | | AMATEUR FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation 5.241 | | | 223-230 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING |
| 225-230 | Mobile 5.243 5.246 5.247 | 225-235 FIXED MOBILE | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Radiolocation 5.250 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MLA87 Radiolocation MLA3 MLA31 MLA32 MLA94 MLA102 | |
| 230-235 | FIXED MOBILE 5.247 5.251 5.252 | | FIXED MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.250 | FIXED MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MLA14 MLA32 MLA102 | |
| 235-267 | FIXED MOBILE 5.111 5.252 5.254 5.256 5.256A | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.111 5.254 5.256 MLA14 MLA102 | |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 267-272 | FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) 5.254 5.257 | | | FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) 5.254 5.257 MLA14 MLA102 |
| 272-273 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE 5.254 | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE 5.254 MLA14 MLA102 |
| 273-312 | FIXED MOBILE 5.254 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.254 MLA3 MLA14 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 312-315 | FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.254 5.255 | | | FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.254 5.255 MLA3 MLA14 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 315-322 | FIXED MOBILE 5.254 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.254 MLA3 MLA14 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 322-328.6 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 MLA14 MLA102 |
| 328.6-335.4 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.258 5.259 | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.258 MLA102 |
| 335.4-387 | FIXED MOBILE 5.254 | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA34 5.254 MLA3 MLA14 MLA84 MLA93 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 387-390 | FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.254 5.255 | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA34 Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.254 5.255 MLA3 MLA14 MLA84 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 390-399.9 | FIXED MOBILE 5.254 | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA34 5.254 MLA3 MLA14 MLA84 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 399.9-400.05 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.220 | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.220 MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 400.05-400.15 | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL-SATELLITE (400.1 MHz) 5.261 5.262 | | | FIXED MOBILE STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL-SATELLITE (400.1 MHz) 5.261 5.262 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 400.15-401 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.263 Space operation (space-to-Earth) 5.262 5.264 | | | FIXED METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.263 Space operation (space-to-Earth) 5.262 5.264 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 401-402 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA35 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 402-403 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA35 MLA102 |
| 403-406 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.265 | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.265 MLA3 MLA35 MLA102 |
| 406-406.1 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.265 5.266 5.267 | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.265 5.266 5.267 MLA102 |
| 406.1-410 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.265 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.265 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 410-420 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) 5.268 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA37 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) 5.268 MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 420-430 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.269 5.270 5.271 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA37 Radiolocation MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 430-432 | AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION 5.271 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.271 5.276 5.278 5.279 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 5.276 MLA102 | |
| 432-435 | 432-438 AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A | 432-438 RADIOLOCATION Amateur Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A 5.276 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 | |
| 435-438 | 5.138 5.271 5.276 5.277 5.280 5.281 5.282 | 5.271 5.276 5.278 5.279 5.281 5.282 | FIXED RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A 5.276 5.282 MLA102 | |
| 438-440 | AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION 5.271 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 5.283 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.271 5.276 5.278 5.279 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 5.276 MLA102 | |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 440-450 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.269 5.270 5.271 5.284 5.285 5.286 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.286 MLA3 MLA14 MLA36 MLA41 MLA93 MLA102 |
| 450-455 | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA 5.209 5.271 5.286 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286D 5.286E | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA MLA39 MLA107 5.209 5.286 5.286A MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 MLA103 |
| 455-456 | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA 5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA 5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA MLA39 MLA107 5.209 5.286A MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 MLA103 |
| 456-459 | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA 5.271 5.287 5.288 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA MLA39 MLA107 5.287 MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 MLA103 |
| 459-460 | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA 5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA 5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA MLA107 5.209 5.286A MLA93 MLA102 MLA103 |
| 460-470 | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.287 5.288 5.289 5.290 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.286AA MLA39 MLA107 Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.287 5.289 MLA3 MLA93 MLA102 MLA103 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 470 - 512 | 470-694 BROADCASTING | BROADCASTING Fixed Mobile 5.292 5.293 5.295 | 470-585 FIXED MOBILE 5.296A BROADCASTING | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING MLA29 MLA86 MLA95 |
| 512 – 585 | | 512-608 | 5.291 5.298 | MLA3 MLA85 MLA93 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 585 – 608 | | BROADCASTING 5.295 5.297 | 585-610 | FIXED |
| 608 – 610 | | 608-614 RADIO ASTRONOMY Mobile-satellite except aeronautical mobile- satellite (Earth-to-space) | FIXED MOBILE 5.296A BROADCASTING RADIONAVIGATION 5.149 5.305 5.306 5.307 | MOBILE BROADCASTING MLA29 MLA86 MLA95 RADIONAVIGATION 5.149 5.306 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 610 – 614 | | | 610-890 | 610-698 |
| 614 – 694 | | 5.149 5.291A 5.294 5.296 5.300 5.304 5.306 5.311A 5.312 | FIXED MOBILE 5.296A 5.313A 5.317A BROADCASTING | FIXED MOBILE 5.313A BROADCASTING MLA29 MLA86 MLA95 |
| 694 – 698 | 694 – 790 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.312A 5.317A | Fixed Mobile 5.293 5.308 5.308A 5.309 5.311A | | 5.149 5.306 5.311A 5.320 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 698 – 790 | BROADCASTING 5.300 5.311A 5.312 | 698-806 MOBILE 5.317A BROADCASTING Fixed | | 698-790 FIXED MOBILE 5.313A BROADCASTING MLA29 MLA86 MLA95 5.306 5.311A 5.320 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 790 – 806 | 790 – 862 | 5.293 5.309 5.311A | | 790-862 |
| 806 – 862 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.316B 5.317A BROADCASTING 5.312 5.319 | 806-890 FIXED MOBILE 5.317A BROADCASTING | | FIXED MOBILE 5.317A MLA98 5.306 5.311A 5.320 MLA3 MLA14 MLA84 MLA94 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 862 - 890 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A BROADCASTING 5.322 5.319 5.323 | 5.317 5.318 | 5.149 5.305 5.306 5.307 5.311A 5.320 | FIXED MOBILE 5.317A MLA91 MLA98 MLA3 MLA14 MLA84 MLA93 MLA102 MLA104 MLA105 |
| 890-902 | 890-942 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A BROADCASTING 5.322 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A Radiolocation 5.318 5.325 | 890-942 FIXED MOBILE 5.317A BROADCASTING Radiolocation | FIXED MOBILE 5.317A MLA91 MLA98 Radiolocation |
| 902-928 | Radiolocation | FIXED Amateur Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.325A Radiolocation 5.150 5.325 5.326 | | |
| 928-942 | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A Radiolocation 5.323 | | |
| 942-960 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A BROADCASTING 5.322 5.323 | FIXED MOBILE 5.317A | FIXED MOBILE 5.317A BROADCASTING 5.320 | FIXED MOBILE 5.317A MLA91 MLA98 5.320 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 960-1 164 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.327A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328 5.328AA | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.327A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328 5.328AA |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 1 164- 1 215 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328 RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.328A | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328 RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.328A MLA3 |
| 1 215- 1 240 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329 5.329A SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.330 5.331 5.332 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329 5.329A SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.332 MLA3 |
| 1 240- 1 300 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329 5.329A SPACE RESEARCH (active) Amateur 5.282 5.330 5.331 5.332 5.335 5.335A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329 5.329A SPACE RESEARCH (active) Amateur MLA88 5.282 5.332 5.335A MLA3 |
| 1 300- 1 350 | RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.149 5.337A | | | RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.149 5.337A MLA3 |
| 1 350- 1 400 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.149 5.338 5.338A 5.339 | RADIOLOCATION 5.338A 5.149 5.334 5.339 | | RADIOLOCATION 5.338A 5.149 5.339 MLA3 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 1 400-1 427 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 MLA14 |
| 1 427-1 429 | SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341A 5.341B 5.341C 5.338A 5.341 | | | SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341C 5.338A 5.341 |
| 1 429-1 452 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341A 5.338A 5.341 5.342 | FIXED MOBILE 5.341B 5.341C 5.343 5.338A 5.341 | | FIXED MOBILE 5.341C 5.338A 5.341 |
| 1 452-1 492 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.346 BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.341 5.342 5.345 | FIXED MOBILE 5.341B 5.343 5.346A BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.341 5.344 5.345 | | FIXED MOBILE 5.346A BROADCASTING MLA106 BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.341 5.345 MLA48 |
| 1 492-1 518 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341A 5.341 5.342 | FIXED MOBILE 5.341B 5.343 5.341 5.344 | FIXED MOBILE 5.341C 5.341 | FIXED MOBILE 5.341C 5.341 |
| 1 518-1 525 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.351A 5.341 5.342 | FIXED MOBILE 5.343 MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.351A 5.341 5.344 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.351A 5.341 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.351A 5.341 MLA3 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 1 525-1 530 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.349 5.341 5.342 5.350 5.351 5.352A 5.354 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile 5.343 5.341 5.351 5.354 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite Mobile 5.349 5.341 5.351 5.352A 5.354 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite Mobile 5.341 5.351 5.354 MLA3 |
| 1 530-1 535 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.353A Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.341 5.342 5.351 5.354 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.353A Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile 5.343 5.341 5.351 5.354 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.353A Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile 5.341 5.351 5.354 MLA3 | |
| 1 535-1 559 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.356 5.357 5.357A 5.359 5.362A | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.356 5.357 5.357A MLA3 |
| 1 559-1 610 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.208B 5.328B 5.329A 5.341 | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to- earth) (space-to-space) 5.208B 5.328B 5.329A 5.341 MLA3 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 1 610- 1 610.6 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to- space) 5.341 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.370 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Radiodetermination- satellite (Earth-to- space) 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Radiodetermination- satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.341 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.372 MLA3 |
| 1 610.6- 1 613.8 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A RADIO ASTRONOMY AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.149 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A RADIO ASTRONOMY AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to- space) 5.149 5.341 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.370 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A RADIO ASTRONOMY AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Radiodetermination- satellite (Earth-to- space) 5.149 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A RADIO ASTRONOMY AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Radiodetermination- satellite (Earth-to- space) 5.149 5.341 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.372 MLA3 |
| 1 613.8- 1 626.5 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to- space) Mobile-satellite (space- to-Earth) 5.208B 5.341 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.370 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208B Radiodetermination- satellite (Earth-to- space) 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.372 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208B Radiodetermination- satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.341 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.372 MLA3 |
| 1 626.5- 1 660 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.357A 5.359 5.362A 5.374 5.375 5.376 | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.357A 5.374 5.375 5.376 MLA3 |
| 1 660- 1 660.5 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 5.351 5.354 5.362A 5.376A | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 5.351 5.354 5.376A MLA3 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 1 660.5- 1 668 | RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.341 5.379A MLA14 |
| 1 668- 1 668.4 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.341 5.379A MLA3 MLA14 |
| 1 668.4- 1 670 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 5.379D 5.379E | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351 5.379B 5.379C RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 5.379D MLA14 |
| 1 670- 1 675 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.341 5.379D 5.379E 5.380A | | | METEOROLOGICAL AID FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.341 5.379D 5.380A MLA14 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 1 675-1 690 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341 | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341 MLA14 |
| 1 690-1 700 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.289 5.341 5.382 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.289 5.341 5.381 | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.289 5.341 |
| 1 700-1 710 | FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.289 5.341 | | FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.289 5.341 5.384 | FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.289 5.341 |
| 1 710 – 1 930 | FIXED MOBILE 5.384A 5.388A 5.388B 5.149 5.341 5.385 5.386 5.387 5.388 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.384A 5.388A MLA53 MLA89 MLA91 MLA92 MLA99 5.149 5.341 5.385 5.388 MLA3 MLA90 |
| 1 930-1 970 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A MLA53 MLA92 5.388 |
| 1 970-1 980 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A MLA53 MLA92 5.388 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 1 980-2 010 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.388 5.389A 5.389B 5.389F | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA53 MLA92 5.388 5.389A MLA3 |
| 2 010-2 025 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.388 5.389C 5.389E | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A MLA53 MLA92 5.388 MLA3 |
| 2 025-2 110 | SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE 5.391 SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) 5.392 | | | SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE 5.391 SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) 5.392 MLA3 MLA14 |
| 2 110-2 120 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.388 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A MLA53 MLA92 SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.388 |
| 2 120-2 160 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A MLA53 MLA92 5.388 |
| 2 160-2 170 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.388 5.389C 5.389E | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B 5.388 | FIXED MOBILE 5.388A MLA53 MLA92 5.388 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 2 170- 2 200 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A 5.388 5.389A 5.389F | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA53 MLA92 5.388 5.389A MLA3 MLA102 |
| 2 200- 2 290 | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE 5.391 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.392 | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE 5.391 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.392 MLA14 MLA102 |
| 2 290- 2 300 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) MLA102 |
| 2 300- 2 450 | FIXED MOBILE 5.384A Amateur Radiolocation 5.150 5.282 5.395 | FIXED MOBILE 5.384A RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.150 5.282 5.393 5.394 5.396 | | FIXED MOBILE 5.384A MLA54 MLA89 RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 5.150 5.282 5.396 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 2 450- 2 483.5 | FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation 5.150 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.150 | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.150 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 2 483.5- 2 500 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.398 Radiolocation 5.398A 5.150 5.399 5.401 5.402 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A RADIOLOCATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.398 5.150 5.402 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A RADIOLOCATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.398 5.150 5.401 5.402 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A RADIOLOCATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.398 5.150 5.402 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 2 500- 2 520 | FIXED 5.410 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A 5.412 | FIXED 5.410 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A | FIXED 5.410 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A 5.407 5.414 5.414A 5.404 5.415A | FIXED 5.410 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MLA55 MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A 5.414 MLA3 MLA89 MLA102 |
| 2 520- 2 535 | 2520-2655 FIXED 5.410 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 | 2520-2655 FIXED 5.410 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 | FIXED 5.410 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 5.403 5.414A 5.415A | FIXED 5.410 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MLA55 BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 5.403 MLA3 MLA89 MLA102 |
| 2 535- 2 655 | 5.339 5.412 5.418B 5.418C | 5.339 5.418B 5.418C | FIXED 5.410 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 5.339 5.418 5.418A 5.418B 5.418C | FIXED 5.410 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MLA55 BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 5.339 5.418A 5.418B 5.418C MLA3 MLA89 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 2 655- 2 670 | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A</p> <p>BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.413 5.416</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149 5.412</p> | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.415</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A</p> <p>BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149 5.208B</p> | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.415</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A</p> <p>BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149 5.420</p> | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.415</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MLA55</p> <p>BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149 5.420 MLA3 MLA89 MLA102</p> |
| 2 670- 2 690 | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149 5.412</p> | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.415</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149</p> | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.415</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A</p> <p>MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.419</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149</p> | <p>FIXED 5.410</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.415</p> <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MLA55</p> <p>MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.419</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (passive)</p> <p>Radio astronomy</p> <p>Space research (passive)</p> <p>5.149 MLA3 MLA89 MLA102</p> |
| 2 690- 2 700 | <p>EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)</p> <p>RADIO ASTRONOMY</p> <p>SPACE RESEARCH (passive)</p> <p>5.340 5.422</p> | | | <p>EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)</p> <p>RADIO ASTRONOMY</p> <p>SPACE RESEARCH (passive)</p> <p>5.340 MLA102</p> |
| 2 700- 2 900 | <p>AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337</p> <p>Radiolocation</p> <p>5.423 5.424</p> | | | <p>AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337</p> <p>Radiolocation</p> <p>5.423 MLA102</p> |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 2 900-3 100 | RADIOLOCATION 5.424A RADIONAVIGATION 5.426 5.425 5.427 | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.424A RADIONAVIGATION 5.426 5.425 5.427 MLA102 |
| 3 100-3 300 | RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) 5.149 5.428 | | | RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) 5.149 MLA3 MLA14 MLA102 |
| 3 300-3 400 | RADIOLOCATION 5.149 5.429 5.429A 5.429B 5.430 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur Fixed Mobile 5.149 5.429C 5.429D | RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.149 5.429 5.429E 5.429F | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 5.149 5.429 MLA3 MLA14 MLA102 |
| 3 400-3 500 | 3 400-3 600 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.430A Radiolocation | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.431A 5.431B Amateur Radiolocation 5.433 5.282 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Amateur Mobile 5.432 5.432B Radiolocation 5.433 5.282 5.432A | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Amateur MLA88 Mobile Radiolocation 5.433 5.282 MLA3 MLA58 MLA89 MLA102 |
| 3 500-3 600 | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.431B Radiolocation 5.433 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.433A Radiolocation 5.433 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.433 MLA3 MLA58 MLA89 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 3 600-3 700 | 3 600-4 200 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.434 Radiolocation 5.433 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.435 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation MLA3 MLA58 MLA89 MLA102 |
| 3 700-4 200 | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA58 MLA102 |
| 4 200-4 400 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.436 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.438 5.437 5.439 5.440 | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.436 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.438 5.437 5.440 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 4 400-4 500 | FIXED MOBILE 5.440A | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 |
| 4 500-4 800 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE 5.440A | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 |
| 4 800-4 990 | FIXED MOBILE 5.440A 5.441A 5.441B 5.442 Radio astronomy 5.149 5.339 5.443 | | | FIXED MOBILE 5.442 Radio astronomy 5.149 5.339 MLA14 MLA3 MLA84 MLA102 |
| 4 990-5 000 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (passive) 5.149 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (passive) 5.149 MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 5 000-5 010 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 010-5 030 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.443B | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.443B MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 030-5 091 | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.443C AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443D AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.444 | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.443C AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443D AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.444 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 091-5 150 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.444A AERONAUTICAL MOBILE 5.444B AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.444 | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.444A AERONAUTICAL MOBILE 5.444B AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.444 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 150-5 250 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.447A MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.446B AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.446 5.446C 5.447 5.447B 5.447C | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.447A MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.446B AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.446 5.447B 5.447C MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 5 250-5 255 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.447F RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.447D 5.447E 5.448 5.448A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.447F RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.447D 5.447E 5.448A MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 5 255-5 350 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.447F RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.447E 5.448 5.448A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.447F RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.447E 5.448A MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 5 350-5 460 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.448B RADIOLOCATION 5.448D AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.449 SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448C | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.448B RADIOLOCATION 5.448D AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.449 SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448C MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 460-5 470 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION 5.448D RADIONAVIGATION 5.449 SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448B | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION 5.448D RADIONAVIGATION 5.449 SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448B MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 5 470-5 570 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A RADIOLOCATION 5.450B MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448B 5.450 5.451 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A RADIOLOCATION 5.450B MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448B MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 570-5 650 | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A RADIOLOCATION 5.450B MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.450 5.451 5.452 | | | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A RADIOLOCATION 5.450B MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.452 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 650-5 725 | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A RADIOLOCATION Amateur Space research (deep space) 5.282 5.451 5.453 5.454 5.455 | | | FIXED MLA82 MOBILE 5.446A 5.450A RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Space research (deep space) 5.282 5.453 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 5 725-5 830 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.150 5.451 5.453 5.455 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.150 5.453 5.455 | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 5.453 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 5 830-5 850 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.150 5.451 5.453 5.455 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.150 5.453 5.455 | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.453 5.150 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 5 850-5 925 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.150 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Amateur Radiolocation 5.150 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Radiolocation 5.150 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Radiolocation 5.150 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 5 925-6 700 | FIXED 5.457 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B MOBILE 5.457C 5.149 5.440 5.458 | | | FIXED 5.457 MLA61 MLA62 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A MOBILE 5.149 5.440 5.458 MLA3 MLA58A MLA102 |
| 6 700-7 075 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE 5.458 5.458A 5.458B | | | FIXED MLA62 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE 5.458 5.458A 5.458B MLA3 MLA58A MLA102 |
| 7 075-7 145 | FIXED MOBILE 5.458 5.459 | | | FIXED MLA62 MLA64 MOBILE 5.458 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 7 145-7 190 | FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.458 5.459 | | | FIXED MLA64 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.458 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 7 190-7 235 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A 5.460B FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.460 5.458 5.459 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A 5.460B FIXED MLA64 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.460 5.458 MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 7 235-7 250 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A FIXED MOBILE 5.458 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A FIXED MLA64 MOBILE 5.458 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 7 250-7 300 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE 5.461 | | | FIXED MLA64 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE 5.461 MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |
| 7 300-7 375 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.461 | | | FIXED MLA64 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.461 MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |
| 7 375-7 450 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB | | | FIXED MLA64 MLA65 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |
| 7 450-7 550 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB 5.461A | | | FIXED MLA65 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB 5.461A MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 7 550-7 750 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB | | | FIXED MLA65 MLA66 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |
| 7 750-7 900 | FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | FIXED MLA66 METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA102 |
| 7 900-8 025 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.461 | | | FIXED MLA66 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.461 MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |
| 8 025-8 175 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463 5.462A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MLA66 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463 5.462A MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |
| 8 175-8 215 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463 5.462A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MLA66 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463 5.462A MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 8 215-8 400 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463 5.462A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MLA66 MLA67 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463 5.462A MLA3 MLA58B MLA102 |
| 8 400-8 500 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.465 5.466 | | | FIXED MLA67 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.465 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 8 500-8 550 | RADIOLOCATION 5.468 5.469 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.468 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 8 550-8 650 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.468 5.469 5.469A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.468 5.469A MLA3 MLA102 |
| 8 650-8 750 | RADIOLOCATION 5.468 5.469 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.468 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 8 750-8 850 | RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.470 5.471 | | | RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.470 MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 8 850-9 000 | RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 5.473 | | | RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 9 000-9 200 | RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 5.471 5.473A | | | RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 5.473A MLA3 MLA102 |
| 9 200-9 300 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 5.473 5.474 5.474D | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 5.474 5.474D MLA3 MLA102 |
| 9 300-9 500 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.427 5.474 5.475 5.475A 5.475B 5.476A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.427 5.474 5.475 5.475A 5.475B 5.476A MLA3 MLA102 |
| 9 500-9 800 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.476A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.476A MLA14 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 9 800-9 900 | RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) Fixed Space research (active) 5.477 5.478 5.478A 5.478B | | | FIXED RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) 5.477 5.478A 5.478B MLA3 MLA14 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (MHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 9 900-10 000 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C RADIOLOCATION Fixed 5.474D 5.477 5.478 5.479 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C FIXED RADIOLOCATION 5.474D 5.477 5.479 MLA3 MLA14 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 10-10.4 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.474D 5.479 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.474D 5.479 5.480 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.474D 5.479 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C FIXED MLA68 MLA89 MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 5.474D 5.479 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 10.4-10.45 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur | RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.480 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur | FIXED MLA89 MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 10.45-10.5 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite 5.481 | | | RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Amateur-satellite MLA3 MLA102 |
| 10.5-10.55 | FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION | FIXED MLA68 MLA89 MOBILE RADIOLOCATION MLA3 MLA102 | |
| 10.55-10.6 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation | | | FIXED MLA68 MLA89 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation MLA3 MLA102 |
| 10.6-10.68 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Radiolocation 5.149 5.482 5.482A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MLA68 MLA89 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Radiolocation 5.149 5.482A |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 10.68-10.7 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.483 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 10.7-10.95 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 (Earth-to-space) 5.484 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MLA96 MLA97 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA58 |
| 10.95-11.2 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B (Earth-to-space) 5.484 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B MLA96 MLA97 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA58 |
| 11.2-11.45 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 (Earth-to-space) 5.484 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MLA96 MLA97 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile |
| 11.45-11.7 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B (Earth-to-space) 5.484 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B MLA96 MLA97 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MLA3 MLA58 |
| 11.7-12.1 | 11.7-12.5 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.492 | 11.7-12.1 FIXED 5.486 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.488 Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.485 | 11.7-12.2 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.492 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.492 MLA96 MLA97 |
| 12.1-12.2 | | 12.1-12.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.488 5.485 5.489 | | |
| | | | 5.487 5.487A | 5.487 5.487A |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 12.2-12.5 | 5.487 5.487A | 12.2-12.7 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.492 | 12.2-12.5 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING 5.487 5.484A | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484B MLA96 MLA97 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING 5.487 5.484A MLA3 MLA58 |
| 12.5-12.7 | 12.5-12.75 | | 12.5-12.75 | FIXED |
| 12.7-12.75 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B (Earth-to-space) | 5.487A 5.488 5.490 12.7-12.75 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.493 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.493 MLA3 MLA58 MLA96 MLA97 |
| 12.75-13.25 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.441 MOBILE Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | | FIXED MLA70 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.441 MOBILE Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) MLA58B |
| 13.25-13.4 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.497 SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.498A 5.499 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.497 SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.498A |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 13.4-13.65 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-earth) 5.499A 5.499B RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.499C 5.499D Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.499 5.499E 5.500 5.501 5.501B | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.499C 5.499D Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.499 5.500 5.501 5.501B | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.499C 5.499D Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.500 5.501B |
| 13.65-13.75 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.501A Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.499 5.500 5.501 5.501B | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.501A Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.500 5.501B |
| 13.75-14 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research 5.499 5.500 5.501 5.502 5.503 | | | FIXED MLA100 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research 5.500 5.502 5.503 MLA3 MLA58A |
| 14-14.25 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B RADIONAVIGATION 5.504 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.504C 5.506A Space research 5.504A 5.505 | | | FIXED MLA100 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 RADIONAVIGATION 5.504 Mobile-satellite (Earth- to-space) 5.506A Space research 5.504A 5.505 MLA3 MLA58A |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 14.25-14.3 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B RADIONAVIGATION 5.504 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.508A Space research 5.504A 5.505 5.508 | | | FIXED MLA100 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 RADIONAVIGATION 5.504 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A Space research 5.504A 5.505 MLA3 MLA58A |
| 14.3-14.4 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A | FIXED MLA100 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A MLA3 MLA58A |
| 14.4-14.47 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.504A | | | FIXED MLA72 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.504A MLA3 MLA58A |
| 14.47-14.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A Radio astronomy 5.149 5.504A | | | FIXED MLA72 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A Radio astronomy 5.149 5.504A MLA3 MLA58A |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|---|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 14.5-14.75 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.509B 5.509C 5.509D 5.509E 5.509F 5.510 MOBILE Space research 5.509G | | | FIXED MLA72 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.510 MOBILE Space research 5.509G MLA58B |
| 14.75-14.8 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.510 MOBILE Space research 5.509G | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.509B 5.509C 5.509D 5.509E 5.509F 5.510 MOBILE Space research 5.509G | FIXED MLA72 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.510 MOBILE Space research 5.509G MLA58B |
| 14.8-15.35 | FIXED MOBILE Space research 5.339 | | | FIXED MLA72 MOBILE Space research 5.339 |
| 15.35-15.4 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.511 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 15.4-15.43 | RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION |
| 15.43-15.63 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.511A RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.511C | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.511A RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.511C |
| 15.63-15.7 | RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 15.7-16.6 | RADIOLOCATION 5.512 5.513 | | | FIXED MLA100 MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.512 |
| 16.6-17.1 | RADIOLOCATION Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.512 5.513 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.512 |
| 17.1-17.2 | RADIOLOCATION 5.512 5.513 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.512 |
| 17.2-17.3 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.512 5.513 5.513A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.512 5.513A |
| 17.3-17.7 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 (space-to-Earth) 5.516A 5.516B Radiolocation 5.514 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Radiolocation 5.514 5.515 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 Radiolocation 5.514 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 Radiolocation |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 17.7-17.8 | 17.7-18.1 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.516 MOBILE | 17.7-17.8 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.517 (Earth-to-space) 5.516 BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile 5.515 | 17.7-18.1 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.516 MOBILE | FIXED MLA73 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.516 MOBILE |
| 17.8-18.1 | | 17.8-18.1 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.516 MOBILE 5.519 | | MLA58B |
| 18.1-18.4 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B (Earth-to-space) 5.520 MOBILE 5.519 5.521 | | | FIXED MLA73 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B (Earth-to-space) 5.520 MOBILE 5.519 MLA58B |
| 18.4-18.6 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B MOBILE | | | FIXED MLA73 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B MOBILE MLA58B |
| 18.6-18.8 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive) 5.522A 5.522C | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.522B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.522A | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive) 5.522A | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MLA73 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive) 5.522A MLA58B |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 18.8-19.3 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.523A MOBILE | | | FIXED MLA73 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.523A MOBILE MLA58B |
| 19.3-19.7 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) 5.523B 5.523C 5.523D 5.523E MOBILE | | | FIXED MLA73 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to space) 5.523B 5.523C 5.523D 5.523E MOBILE MLA58B |
| 19.7-20.1 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.524 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 5.529 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.524 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A MOBILE Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.524 |
| 20.1-20.2 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 |
| 20.2-21.2 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.524 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.524 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 21.2-21.4 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MLA74 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) |
| 21.4-22 | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.530A 5.530B 5.530D | FIXED MOBILE 5.530A | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.530A 5.530B 5.530D 5.531 | FIXED MLA74 MOBILE BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.530A 5.530B 5.530D MLA3 MLA102 |
| 22-22.21 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.149 | | | FIXED MLA74 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.149 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 22.21-22.5 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.149 5.532 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MLA74 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.149 5.532 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 22.5-22.55 | FIXED MOBILE | | | FIXED MLA74 MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 |
| 22.55-23.15 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.532A 5.149 | | | FIXED MLA74 INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.532A 5.149 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 23.15-23.55 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A MOBILE | | | FIXED MLA74 INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 23.55-23.6 | FIXED MOBILE | | | FIXED MLA74 MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 |
| 23.6-24 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 24-24.05 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.150 | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.150 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 24.05-24.25 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.150 | | | RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.150 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 24.25-24.45 | FIXED | RADIONAVIGATION | RADIONAVIGATION FIXED MOBILE | RADIONAVIGATION FIXED MLA75 MLA89 MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 |
| 24.45-24.65 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION 5.533 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.533 | FIXED MLA75 MLA89 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION 5.533 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 24.65-24.75 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.532B INTER-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE RADIOLOCATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.532B INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.533 | FIXED MLA75 MLA89 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.532B INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.533 MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|---|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 24.75-25.25 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.532B | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.535 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.535 MOBILE | FIXED MLA75 MLA89 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.535 MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 |
| 25.25-25.5 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | | FIXED MLA75 MLA89 INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) MLA3 MLA102 |
| 25.5-27 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth) 5.536B FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.536C Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.536A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MLA75 MLA89 INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.536C Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.536 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 27-27.5 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 MOBILE | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 5.537 MOBILE | FIXED MLA75 MLA89 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 5.537 MOBILE MLA3 MLA102 | |
| 27.5-28.5 | FIXED 5.537A FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.539 MOBILE 5.538 5.540 | | | FIXED 5.537A MLA75 MLA89 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.539 MOBILE 5.538 5.540 MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 28.5-29.1 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.523A 5.539 MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.540 | | | FIXED MLA75 MLA89 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.523A 5.539 MOBILE Earth Exploration-Satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.540 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 29.1-29.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516B 5.523C 5.523E 5.535A 5.539 5.541A MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.540 | | | FIXED MLA75 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516B 5.523C 5.523E 5.535A 5.539 5.541A MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.540 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 29.5-29.9 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A 5.539 Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.540 5.542 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A 5.539 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.529 5.540 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A 5.539 Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.540 5.542 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A 5.539 Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 Fixed Mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.540 5.542 |
| 29.9-30 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A 5.539 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.543 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540 5.542 | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.527A 5.539 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.543 Fixed Mobile 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540 5.542 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 30-31 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.338A MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.542 | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.338A MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.542 |
| 31-31.3 | FIXED 5.338A 5.543A MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Space research 5.544 5.545 5.149 | | | FIXED 5.338A 5.543A MLA75 MLA89 MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Space research 5.544 5.149 MLA3 |
| 31.3-31.5 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 31.5-31.8 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.546 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 |
| 31.8-32 | FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) 5.547 5.547B 5.548 | | | FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) 5.547 5.548 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 32-32.3 | FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) 5.547 5.547C 5.548 | | | FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) 5.547 5.548 |
| 32.3-33 | FIXED 5.547A INTER-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION 5.547 5.547D 5.548 | | | FIXED 5.547A INTER-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION 5.547 5.548 |
| 33-33.4 | FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION 5.547 5.547E | | | FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION 5.547 |
| 33.4-34.2 | RADIOLOCATION 5.549 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.549 |
| 34.2-34.7 | RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.549 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.549 |
| 34.7-35.2 | RADIOLOCATION Space research 5.550 5.549 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Space research 5.549 |
| 35.2-35.5 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIOLOCATION 5.549 | | | FIXED METEOROLOGICAL AIDS MOBILE RADIOLOCATION 5.549 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 35.5-36 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.549 5.549A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED METEOROLOGICAL AIDS MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.549 5.549A |
| 36-37 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.149 5.550A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.149 5.550A |
| 37-37.5 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.547 | | | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.547 |
| 37.5-38 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.547 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.547 |
| 38-39.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.547 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.547 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 39.5-40 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.547 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.547 |
| 40-40.5 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) |
| 40.5-41 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile 5.547 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.547 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile 5.547 | FIXED FIXED -SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile 5.547 |
| 41-42.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile 5.547 5.551F 5.551H 5.551I | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile 5.547 5.551H 5.551I |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|---|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 42.5-43.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.547 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.547 |
| 43.5-47 | MOBILE 5.553 MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.554 | | | MOBILE 5.553 MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.554 |
| 47-47.2 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE |
| 47.2-47.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE 5.552A | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE 5.552A MLA3 |
| 47.5-47.9 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.554A MOBILE | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE |
| 47.9-48.2 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE 5.552A | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 MOBILE 5.552A MLA3 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 55.78-56.9 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED 5.557A INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A MOBILE 5.558 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 5.557 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED 5.557A INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A MOBILE 5.558 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 |
| 56.9-57 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.558A MOBILE 5.558 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 5.557 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.558A MOBILE 5.558 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 |
| 57-58.2 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A MOBILE 5.558 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 5.557 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A MOBILE 5.558 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 MLA3 |
| 58.2-59 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 5.556 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 5.556 MLA3 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 59-59.3 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A MOBILE 5.558 RADIOLOCATION 5.559 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A MOBILE 5.558 RADIOLOCATION 5.559 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) MLA3 |
| 59.3-64 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 RADIOLOCATION 5.559 5.138 | | | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 RADIOLOCATION 5.559 5.138 MLA3 MLA94 |
| 64-65 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.547 5.556 | | | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.547 5.556 |
| 65-66 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH 5.547 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH 5.547 |
| 66-71 | INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.553 5.558 MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.554 | | | INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.553 5.558 MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.554 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 71-74 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | FIXED MLA101 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) |
| 74-76 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.561 | | | FIXED MLA101 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.561 |
| 76-77.5 | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 MLA3 MLA94 MLA102 |
| 77.5-78 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE RADIOLOCATION 5.559B Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE RADIOLOCATION 5.559B Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 78-79 | RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 5.560 | | | RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Amateur-satellite Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 5.560 MLA3 MLA102 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 79-81 | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 MLA3 MLA102 |
| 81-84 | FIXED 5.338A FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 5.561A | | | FIXED 5.338A MLA101 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.149 5.561A |
| 84-86 | FIXED 5.338A FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.561B MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | | | FIXED 5.338A MLA101 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 |
| 86-92 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 92-94 | FIXED 5.338A MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 | | | FIXED 5.338A MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 94-94.1 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) Radio astronomy 5.562 5.562A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) Radio astronomy 5.562 5.562A |
| 94.1-95 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 |
| 95-100 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.149 5.554 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.149 5.554 |
| 100-102 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 |
| 102-105 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 |
| 105-109.5 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.341 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.341 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 109.5-111.8 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 |
| 111.8-114.25 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.341 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.341 |
| 114.25-116 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 |
| 116-119.98 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.341 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.341 |
| 119.98-122.25 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.138 5.341 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.138 5.341 MLA3 MLA94 |
| 122.25-123 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 Amateur 5.138 | | | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 Amateur MLA88 5.138 MLA3 MLA94 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 123-130 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE Radio astronomy 5.562D 5.149 5.554 | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE Radio astronomy 5.149 5.554 |
| 130-134 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.562E FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.562A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.562E FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.562A |
| 134-136 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy |
| 136-141 | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite 5.149 | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Amateur-satellite 5.149 |
| 141-148.5 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 |
| 148.5-151.5 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 151.5-155.5 | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION 5.149 |
| 155.5-158.5 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.562F 5.562G | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.562F 5.562G |
| 158.5-164 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) |
| 164-167 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 167-174.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 5.149 5.562D | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 5.149 |
| 174.5-174.8 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 | | | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 |
| 174.8-182 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H SPACE RESEARCH (passive) |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 182-185 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 185-190 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H SPACE RESEARCH (passive) |
| 190-191.8 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 191.8-200 | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.149 5.341 5.554 | | | FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE-SATELLITE MOBILE 5.558 RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.149 5.341 5.554 |
| 200-209 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 5.563A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 5.563A |
| 209-217 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 217-226 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.341 | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B 5.149 5.341 |
| 226-231.5 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 |
| 231.5-232 | FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation | | | FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation |
| 232-235 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE Radiolocation | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE Radiolocation |
| 235-238 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.563A 5.563B | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.563A 5.563B |
| 238-240 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE |
| 240-241 | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION | | | FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION |

| Frequency Band (GHz) | ITU Allocations | | | Malaysian Allocations |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|--|
| | Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 241-248 | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite 5.138 5.149 | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur MLA88 Amateur-satellite 5.138 5.149 MLA3 MLA94 |
| 248-250 | AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy 5.149 | | | AMATEUR MLA88 AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy 5.149 |
| 250-252 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.563A | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.340 5.563A |
| 252-265 | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.149 5.554 | | | FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.149 5.554 |
| 265-275 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.563A | | | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.563A |
| 275-1 000 | (Not allocated) 5.565 | | | (Not allocated) 5.565 |
| 1 000–420 000 | (Not allocated) | | | FIXED MOBILE MLA3 |

PART C – INTERNATIONAL FOOTNOTES

The listing of the International Footnotes contained in the ITU Allocations is as revised by WRC-2015. It should be noted that some of the International footnotes, which are not applicable to Malaysia, are not included in this Part.

The international footnotes that were modified by WRC-15 are indicated with the abbreviation “(WRC-15)” at the end of the modified footnotes.

In the case of a removal of international footnote by WRC-15, the term ‘suppressed’ is used. For example, ‘(SUP – WRC-15)’ indicates that the footnote is deleted by WRC-15.

5.53 Administrations authorizing the use of frequencies below 8.3 kHz shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to services to which the bands above 8.3 kHz are allocated. (WRC-12)

5.54 Administrations conducting scientific research using frequencies below 8.3 kHz are urged to advise other administrations that may be concerned in order that such research may be afforded all practicable protection from harmful interference. (WRC-12)

5.54A Use of the 8.3-11.3 kHz frequency band by stations in the meteorological aids service is limited to passive use only. In the band 9-11.3 kHz, meteorological aids stations shall not claim protection from stations of the radionavigation service submitted for notification to the Bureau prior to 1 January 2013. For sharing between stations of the meteorological aids service and stations in the radionavigation service submitted for notification after this date, the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RS.1881 should be applied. (WRC-12)

5.54B *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan and Tunisia, the frequency band 8.3-9 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation, fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.54C *Additional allocation:* in China, the frequency band 8.3-9 kHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation and maritime mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.55 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the band 14-17 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.56 The stations of services to which the bands 14-19.95 kHz and 20.05-70 kHz and in Region 1 also the bands 72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz are allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals. Such stations shall be afforded protection from harmful interference. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the frequencies 25 kHz and 50 kHz will be used for this purpose under the same conditions. (WRC-12)

5.57 The use of the bands 14-19.95 kHz, 20.05-70 kHz and 70-90 kHz (72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz in Region 1) by the maritime mobile service is limited to coast radiotelegraph stations (A1A and F1B only). Exceptionally, the use of class J2B or J7B emissions is authorized subject to the necessary bandwidth not exceeding that normally used for class A1A or F1B emissions in the band concerned.

5.58 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the band 67-70 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.59 *Different category of service:* in Bangladesh and Pakistan, the allocation of the bands 70-72 kHz and 84-86 kHz to the fixed and maritime mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-2000)

5.60 In the bands 70-90 kHz (70-86 kHz in Region 1) and 110-130 kHz (112-130 kHz in Region 1), pulsed radionavigation systems may be used on condition that they do not cause harmful interference to other services to which these bands are allocated.

5.61 In Region 2, the establishment and operation of stations in the maritime radionavigation service in the bands 70-90 kHz and 110-130 kHz shall be subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with administrations whose services, operating in accordance with the Table, may be affected. However, stations of the fixed, maritime mobile and radiolocation services shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the maritime radionavigation service established under such agreements.

5.62 Administrations which operate stations in the radionavigation service in the band 90-110 kHz are urged to coordinate technical and operating characteristics in such a way as to avoid harmful interference to the services provided by these stations.

5.63 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.64 Only classes A1A or F1B, A2C, A3C, F1C or F3C emissions are authorized for stations of the fixed service in the bands allocated to this service between 90 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) and for stations of the maritime mobile service in the bands allocated to this service between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1). Exceptionally, class J2B or J7B emissions are also authorized in the bands between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) for stations of the maritime mobile service.

5.65 *Different category of service:* in Bangladesh, the allocation of the bands 112-117.6 kHz and 126-129 kHz to the fixed and maritime mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-2000)

5.66 *Different category of service:* in Germany, the allocation of the band 115-117.6 kHz to the fixed and maritime mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**) and to the radionavigation service on a secondary basis (see No. **5.32**).

5.67 *Additional allocation:* in Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 130-148.5 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a secondary basis. Within and between these countries this service shall have an equal right to operate. (WRC-07)

5.67A Stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. **5.67**. (WRC-07)

5.67B The use of the band 135.7-137.8 kHz in Algeria, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Lebanon, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia is limited to the fixed and maritime mobile services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use. (WRC-12)

5.68 *Alternative allocation:* in Congo (Rep. of the), the Dem. Rep. of the Congo and South Africa, the frequency band 160-200 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.69 *Additional allocation:* in Somalia, the band 200-255 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.

5.70 *Alternative allocation:* in Angola, Botswana, Burundi, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Ethiopia, Kenya, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Oman, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 200-283.5 kHz is allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.71 *Alternative allocation:* in Tunisia, the band 255-283.5 kHz is allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis.

5.72 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.73 The band 285-325 kHz (283.5-325 kHz in Region 1) in the maritime radionavigation service may be used to transmit supplementary navigational information using narrow-band techniques, on condition that no harmful interference is caused to radiobeacon stations operating in the radionavigation service. (WRC-97)

5.74 *Additional Allocation:* in Region 1, the frequency band 285.3-285.7 kHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service (other than radiobeacons) on a primary basis.

5.75 *Different category of service:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Moldova, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and the Black Sea areas of Romania, the allocation of the band 315-325 kHz to the maritime radionavigation service is on a primary basis under the condition that in the Baltic Sea area, the assignment of frequencies in this band to new stations in the maritime or aeronautical radionavigation services shall be subject to prior consultation between the administrations concerned. (WRC-07)

5.76 The frequency 410 kHz is designated for radio direction-finding in the maritime radionavigation service. The other radionavigation services to which the band 405-415 kHz is allocated shall not cause harmful interference to radio direction-finding in the band 406.5-413.5 kHz.

5.77 *Different category of service:* in Australia, China, the French overseas communities of Region 3, Korea (Rep. of), India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea and Sri Lanka, the allocation of the frequency band 415-495 kHz to the aeronautical radionavigation service is on a primary basis. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the allocation of the frequency band 435-495 kHz to the aeronautical radionavigation service is on a primary basis. Administrations in all the aforementioned countries shall take all practical steps necessary to ensure that aeronautical radionavigation stations in the frequency band 435-495 kHz do not cause interference to reception by coast stations of transmissions from ship stations on frequencies designated for ship stations on a worldwide basis. (WRC-12)

5.78 *Different category of service:* in Cuba, the United States of America and Mexico, the allocation of the band 415-435 kHz to the aeronautical radionavigation service is on a primary basis.

5.79 The use of the bands 415-495 kHz and 505-526.5 kHz (505-510 kHz in Region 2) by the maritime mobile service is limited to radiotelegraphy.

5.79A When establishing coast stations in the NAVTEX service on the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4 209.5 kHz, administrations are strongly recommended to coordinate the operating characteristics in accordance with the procedures of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) (see Resolution **339 (Rev.WRC-07)**). (WRC-07)

5.80 In Region 2, the use of the band 435-495 kHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to non-directional beacons not employing voice transmission.

5.80A The maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 472-479 kHz shall not exceed 1 W. Administrations may increase this limit of e.i.r.p. to 5 W in portions of their territory which are at a distance of over 800 km from the borders of Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Ukraine and Yemen. In this frequency band, stations in the amateur service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)

5.80B The use of the frequency band 472-479 kHz in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen is limited to the maritime mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in this frequency band, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use. (WRC-12)

5.81 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.82 In the maritime mobile service, the frequency 490 kHz is to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for use of the frequency 490 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. In using the frequency band 415-495 kHz for the aeronautical radionavigation service, administrations are requested to ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. In using the frequency band 472-479 kHz for the amateur service, administrations shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. (WRC-12)

5.82A (SUP - WRC-12)

5.82B (SUP - WRC-12)

5.83 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.84 The conditions for the use of the frequency 518 kHz by the maritime mobile service are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. (WRC-07)

5.85 Not used.

5.86 In Region 2, in the band 525-535 kHz the carrier power of broadcasting stations shall not exceed 1 kW during the day and 250 W at night.

5.87 *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger and Swaziland, the band 526.5-535 kHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.87A *Additional allocation:* in Uzbekistan, the band 526.5-1 606.5 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. Such use is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with administrations concerned and limited to ground-based radiobeacons in operation on 27 October 1997 until the end of their lifetime. (WRC-97)

5.88 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 526.5-535 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a secondary basis.

5.89 In Region 2, the use of the band 1 605-1 705 kHz by stations of the broadcasting service is subject to the Plan established by the Regional Administrative Radio Conference (Rio de Janeiro, 1988).

The examination of frequency assignments to stations of the fixed and mobile services in the band 1 625-1 705 kHz shall take account of the allotments appearing in the Plan established by the Regional Administrative Radio Conference (Rio de Janeiro, 1988).

5.90 In the band 1 605-1 705 kHz, in cases where a broadcasting station of Region 2 is concerned, the service area of the maritime mobile stations in Region 1 shall be limited to that provided by ground-wave propagation.

5.91 *Additional allocation:* in the Philippines and Sri Lanka, the band 1 606.5-1 705 kHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a secondary basis. (WRC-97)

5.92 Some countries of Region 1 use radiodetermination systems in the bands 1 606.5-1 625 kHz, 1 635-1 800 kHz, 1 850-2 160 kHz, 2 194-2 300 kHz, 2 502-2 850 kHz and 3 500-3 800 kHz, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The radiated mean power of these stations shall not exceed 50 W.

5.93 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mongolia, Nigeria, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 1 625-1 635 kHz, 1 800-1 810 kHz and 2 160-2 170 kHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. (WRC-15)

5.94 and **5.95** Not used.

5.96 In Germany, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Croatia, Denmark, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, Georgia, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Malta, Moldova, Norway, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., the United Kingdom, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, administrations may allocate up to 200 kHz to their amateur service in the frequency bands 1 715-1 800 kHz and 1 850-2 000 kHz. However, when allocating the frequency bands within this range to their amateur service, administrations shall, after prior consultation with administrations of neighbouring countries, take such steps as may be necessary to prevent harmful interference from their amateur service to the fixed and mobile services of other countries. The mean power of any amateur station shall not exceed 10 W. (WRC-15)

5.97 In Region 3, the Loran system operates either on 1 850 kHz or 1 950 kHz, the bands occupied being 1 825-1 875 kHz and 1 925-1 975 kHz respectively. Other services to which the band 1 800-2 000 kHz is allocated may use any frequency therein on condition that no harmful interference is caused to the Loran system operating on 1 850 kHz or 1 950 kHz.

5.98 *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Denmark, Egypt, Eritrea, Spain, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Greece, Italy, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Lithuania, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the frequency band 1 810-1 830 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.99 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Austria, Iraq, Libya, Uzbekistan, Slovakia, Romania, Slovenia, Chad, and Togo, the band 1 810-1 830 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.100 In Region 1, the authorization to use the band 1 810-1 830 kHz by the amateur service in countries situated totally or partially north of 40° N shall be given only after consultation with the countries mentioned in Nos. **5.98** and **5.99** to define the necessary steps to be taken to prevent harmful interference between amateur stations and stations of other services operating in accordance with Nos. **5.98** and **5.99**.

5.101 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.102 *Alternative allocation:* in Bolivia, Chile, Paraguay and Peru, the frequency band 1 850-2 000 kHz is allocated to the fixed, mobile except aeronautical mobile, radiolocation and radionavigation services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.103 In Region 1, in making assignments to stations in the fixed and mobile services in the bands 1 850-2 045 kHz, 2 194-2 498 kHz, 2 502-2 625 kHz and 2 650-2 850 kHz, administrations should bear in mind the special requirements of the maritime mobile service.

5.104 In Region 1, the use of the band 2 025-2 045 kHz by the meteorological aids service is limited to oceanographic buoy stations.

5.105 In Region 2, except in Greenland, coast stations and ship stations using radiotelephony in the band 2 065-2 107 kHz shall be limited to class J3E emissions and to a peak envelope power not exceeding 1 kW. Preferably, the following carrier frequencies should be used: 2 065.0 kHz, 2 079.0 kHz, 2 082.5 kHz, 2 086.0 kHz, 2 093.0 kHz, 2 096.5 kHz, 2 100.0 kHz and 2 103.5 kHz. In Argentina and Uruguay, the carrier frequencies 2 068.5 kHz and 2 075.5 kHz are also used for this purpose, while the frequencies within the band 2 072-2 075.5 kHz are used as provided in No. **52.165**.

5.106 In Regions 2 and 3, provided no harmful interference is caused to the maritime mobile service, the frequencies between 2 065 kHz and 2 107 kHz may be used by stations of the fixed service communicating only within national borders and whose mean power does not exceed 50 W. In notifying the frequencies, the attention of the Bureau should be drawn to these provisions.

5.107 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Iraq, Libya, Somalia and Swaziland, the band 2 160-2 170 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. The mean power of stations in these services shall not exceed 50 W. (WRC-12)

5.108 The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz is an international distress and calling frequency for radiotelephony. The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)

5.109 The frequencies 2 187.5 kHz, 4 207.5 kHz, 6 312 kHz, 8 414.5 kHz, 12 577 kHz and 16 804.5 kHz are international distress frequencies for digital selective calling. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.

5.110 The frequencies 2 174.5 kHz, 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz are international distress frequencies for narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.

5.111 The carrier frequencies 2 182 kHz, 3 023 kHz, 5 680 kHz, 8 364 kHz and the frequencies 121.5 MHz, 156.525 MHz, 156.8 MHz and 243 MHz may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.

The same applies to the frequencies 10 003 kHz, 14 993 kHz and 19 993 kHz, but in each of these cases emissions must be confined in a band of ± 3 kHz about the frequency. (WRC-07)

5.112 *Alternative allocation:* in Denmark and Sri Lanka, the band 2 194-2 300 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.113 For the conditions for the use of the bands 2 300-2 495 kHz (2 498 kHz in Region 1), 3 200-3 400 kHz, 4 750-4 995 kHz and 5 005-5 060 kHz by the broadcasting service, see Nos. **5.16** to **5.20**, **5.21** and **23.3** to **23.10**.

5.114 *Alternative allocation:* in Denmark and Iraq, the band 2 502-2 625 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.115 The carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz may also be used, in accordance with Article 31, by stations of the maritime mobile service engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations. (WRC-07)

5.116 Administrations are urged to authorize the use of the band 3 155-3 195 kHz to provide a common worldwide channel for low power wireless hearing aids. Additional channels for these devices may be assigned by administrations in the bands between 3 155 kHz and 3 400 kHz to suit local needs.

It should be noted that frequencies in the range 3 000 kHz to 4 000 kHz are suitable for hearing aid devices which are designed to operate over short distances within the induction field.

5.117 *Alternative allocation:* in Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Egypt, Liberia, Sri Lanka and Togo, the band 3 155-3 200 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.118 *Additional allocation:* in the United States, Mexico, Peru and Uruguay, the band 3 230-3 400 kHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

5.119 *Additional allocation:* in Peru, the frequency band 3 500-3 750 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.120 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.121 Not used.

5.122 *Alternative allocation:* in Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador, Paraguay and Peru, the frequency band 3 750-4 000 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.123 *Additional allocation:* in Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Swaziland, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 3 900-3 950 kHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.

5.124 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.125 *Additional allocation:* in Greenland, the band 3 950-4 000 kHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. The power of the broadcasting stations operating in this band shall not exceed that necessary for a national service and shall in no case exceed 5 kW.

5.126 In Region 3, the stations of those services to which the band 3 995-4 005 kHz is allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals.

5.127 The use of the band 4 000-4 063 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to ship stations using radiotelephony (see No. 52.220 and Appendix 17).

5.128 Frequencies in the bands 4 063-4 123 kHz and 4 130-4 438 kHz may be used exceptionally by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, with a mean power not exceeding 50 W, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service. In addition, in Afghanistan, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Botswana, Burkina Faso, the Central African Rep., China, the Russian Federation, Georgia, India, Kazakhstan, Mali, Niger, Pakistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, in the bands 4 063-4 123 kHz, 4 130-4 133 kHz and 4 408-4 438 kHz, stations in the fixed service, with a mean power not exceeding 1 kW, can be operated on condition that they are situated at least 600 km from the coast and that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)

5.129 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.130 The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 4 125 kHz and 6 215 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. (WRC-07)

5.131 The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques. (WRC-97)

5.132 The frequencies 4 210 kHz, 6 314 kHz, 8 416.5 kHz, 12 579 kHz, 16 806.5 kHz, 19 680.5 kHz, 22 376 kHz and 26 100.5 kHz are the international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Appendix 17).

5.132A Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed or mobile services. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)

5.132B *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 4 438-4 488 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.133 *Different category of service:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Niger, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the allocation of the band 5 130-5 250 kHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-12)

5.133A *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency bands 5 250-5 275 kHz and 26 200-26 350 kHz are allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.133B Stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 15 W (e.i.r.p.). However, in Region 2 in Mexico, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 20 W (e.i.r.p.). In the following Region 2 countries: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Dominica, El Salvador, Ecuador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Lucia, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela, as well as the overseas territories of the Netherlands in Region 2, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 25 W (e.i.r.p.). (WRC-15)

5.134 The use of the bands 5 900-5 950 kHz, 7 300-7 350 kHz, 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 13 570-13 600 kHz, 13 800-13 870 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz by the broadcasting service is subject to the application of the procedure of Article 12. Administrations are encouraged to use these bands to facilitate the introduction of digitally modulated emissions in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **517 (Rev.WRC-07)**. (WRC-07)

5.135 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.136 *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the band 5 900-5 950 kHz may be used by stations in the following services, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located: fixed service (in all three Regions), land mobile service (in Region 1), mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service (in Regions 2 and 3), on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.137 On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service, the bands 6 200-6 213.5 kHz and 6 220.5-6 525 kHz may be used exceptionally by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, with a mean power not exceeding 50 W. At the time of notification of these frequencies, the attention of the Bureau will be drawn to the above conditions.

5.138 The following bands:

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| 6 765-6 795 kHz | (centre frequency 6 780 kHz), |
| 433.05-434.79 MHz | (centre frequency 433.92 MHz) in Region 1 except in the countries mentioned in No. 5.280 , |
| 61-61.5 GHz | (centre frequency 61.25 GHz), |
| 122-123 GHz | (centre frequency 122.5 GHz), and |
| 244-246 GHz | (centre frequency 245 GHz) |

are designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. The use of these frequency bands for ISM applications shall be subject to special authorization by the administration concerned, in agreement with other administrations whose radiocommunication services might be affected. In applying this provision, administrations shall have due regard to the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations.

5.138A (SUP-WRC-12)

5.139 (SUP-WRC-12)

5.140 *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Iraq, Somalia and Togo, the frequency band 7 000-7 050 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.141 *Alternative allocation:* in Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, Libya, Madagascar and Niger, the band 7 000-7 050 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.141A *Additional allocation:* in Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the bands 7 000-7 100 kHz and 7 100-7 200 kHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

5.141B *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, China, Comoros, Korea (Rep. of), Diego Garcia, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Guinea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, New Zealand, Oman, Papua New Guinea, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 7 100-7 200 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.141C (SUP - WRC-12)

5.142 The use of the band 7 200-7 300 kHz in Region 2 by the amateur service shall not impose constraints on the broadcasting service intended for use within Region 1 and Region 3. (WRC-12)

5.143 *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the band 7 300-7 350 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the land mobile service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.143A In Region 3, frequencies in the band 7 350-7 450 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service on a primary basis and land mobile service on a secondary basis, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-12)

5.143B In Region 1, frequencies in the band 7 350-7 450 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed and land mobile services communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. The total radiated power of each station shall not exceed 24 dBW. (WRC-12)

5.143C *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, the bands 7 350-7 400 kHz and 7 400-7 450 kHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.143D In Region 2, frequencies in the band 7 350-7 400 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the land mobile service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-12)

5.143E (SUP - WRC-12)

5.144 In Region 3, the stations of those services to which the band 7 995-8 005 kHz is allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals.

5.145 The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 8 291 kHz, 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. (WRC-07)

5.145A Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed service. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution 612 (Rev.WRC-12). (WRC-12)

5.145B *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency bands 9 305-9 355 kHz and 16 100-16 200 kHz are allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.146 *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the bands 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in the fixed service, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.147 On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service, frequencies in the bands 9 775-9 900 kHz, 11 650-11 700 kHz and 11 975-12 050 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, each station using a total radiated power not exceeding 24 dBW.

5.148 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.149 In making assignments to stations of other services to which the bands:

| | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 13 360-13 410 kHz, | 4 950-4 990 MHz, | 102-109.5 GHz, |
| 25 550-25 670 kHz, | 4 990-5 000 MHz, | 111.8-114.25 GHz, |
| 37.5-38.25 MHz, | 6 650-6 675.2 MHz, | 128.33-128.59 GHz, |
| 73-74.6 MHz in Regions 1 and 3, | 10.6-10.68 GHz, | 129.23-129.49 GHz, |
| 150.05-153 MHz in Region 1, | 14.47-14.5 GHz, | 130-134 GHz, |
| 322-328.6 MHz, | 22.01-22.21 GHz, | 136-148.5 GHz, |
| 406.1-410 MHz, | 22.21-22.5 GHz, | 151.5-158.5 GHz, |
| 608-614 MHz in Regions 1 and 3, | 22.81-22.86 GHz, | 168.59-168.93 GHz, |
| 1 330-1 400 MHz, | 23.07-23.12 GHz, | 171.11-171.45 GHz, |
| 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz, | 31.2-31.3 GHz, | 172.31-172.65 GHz, |
| 1 660-1 670 MHz, | 31.5-31.8 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, | 173.52-173.85 GHz, |
| 1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz, | 36.43-36.5 GHz, | 195.75-196.15 GHz, |
| 2 655-2 690 MHz, | 42.5-43.5 GHz, | 209-226 GHz, |
| 3 260-3 267 MHz, | 48.94-49.04 GHz, | 241-250 GHz, |
| 3 332-3 339 MHz, | 76-86 GHz, | 252-275 GHz |
| 3 345.8-3 352.5 MHz, | 92-94 GHz, | |
| 4 825-4 835 MHz, | 94.1-100 GHz, | |

are allocated, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service from harmful interference. Emissions from spaceborne or airborne stations can be particularly serious sources of interference to the radio astronomy service (see Nos. **4.5** and **4.6** and Article **29**). (WRC-07)

5.149A *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 13 450-13 550 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), service on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.150 The following bands:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| 13 553-13 567 kHz | (centre frequency 13 560 kHz), |
| 26 957-27 283 kHz | (centre frequency 27 120 kHz), |
| 40.66-40.70 MHz | (centre frequency 40.68 MHz), |
| 902-928 MHz | in Region 2 (centre frequency 915 MHz), |
| 2 400-2 500 MHz | (centre frequency 2 450 MHz), |

5 725-5 875 MHz (centre frequency 5 800 MHz), and
24-24.25 GHz (centre frequency 24.125 GHz)

are also designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. Radiocommunication services operating within these bands must accept harmful interference which may be caused by these applications. ISM equipment operating in these bands is subject to the provisions of No. **15.13**.

5.151 *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the bands 13 570-13 600 kHz and 13 800-13 870 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on the condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.152 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, China, Côte d'Ivoire, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 14 250-14 350 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Stations of the fixed service shall not use a radiated power exceeding 24 dBW. (WRC-03)

5.153 In Region 3, the stations of those services to which the band 15 995-16 005 kHz is allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals.

5.154 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 18 068-18 168 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis for use within their boundaries, with a peak envelope power not exceeding 1 kW. (WRC-03)

5.155 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 21 850-21 870 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (R) service on a primary basis. (WRC-07)

5.155A In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the use of the band 21 850-21 870 kHz by the fixed service is limited to provision of services related to aircraft flight safety. (WRC-07)

5.155B The band 21 870-21 924 kHz is used by the fixed service for provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.

5.156 *Additional allocation:* in Nigeria, the band 22 720-23 200 kHz is also allocated to the meteorological aids service (radiosondes) on a primary basis.

5.156A The use of the band 23 200-23 350 kHz by the fixed service is limited to provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.

5.157 The use of the band 23 350-24 000 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to inter-ship radiotelegraphy.

5.158 *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 24 450-24 600 kHz is allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.159 *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 39-39.5 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.160 *Additional allocation:* in Botswana, Burundi, Dem. Rep. of the Congo and Rwanda, the band 41-44 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.161 *Additional allocation:* in Iran (Islamic Republic of) and Japan, the band 41-44 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis.

5.161A *Additional allocation:* in Korea (Rep. of) and the United States, the frequency bands 41.015-41.665 MHz and 43.35-44 MHz are also allocated to the radiolocation service on a primary basis. Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed or mobile services. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)

5.161B *Alternative allocation:* in Albania, Germany, Armenia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cyprus, Vatican, Croatia, Denmark, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Ireland,

Iceland, Italy, Latvia, The Former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Norway, Uzbekistan, Netherlands, Portugal, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Czech Rep., Romania, United Kingdom, San Marino, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine, the frequency band 42-42.5 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.162 *Additional allocation:* in Australia, the band 44-47 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.162A *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, China, Vatican, Denmark, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro, Norway, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, the Czech Rep., the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden and Switzerland the band 46-68 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis. This use is limited to the operation of wind profiler radars in accordance with Resolution 217 (WRC-97). (WRC-12)

5.163 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 47-48.5 MHz and 56.5-58 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.164 *Additional allocation:* in Albania, Algeria, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritania, Monaco, Montenegro, Nigeria, Norway, the Netherlands, Poland, Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, Czech Rep., Romania, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Turkey, the frequency band 47-68 MHz, in South Africa the frequency band 47-50 MHz, and in Latvia the frequency band 48.5-56.5 MHz, are also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis. However, stations of the land mobile service in the countries mentioned in connection with each frequency band referred to in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, existing or planned broadcasting stations of countries other than those mentioned in connection with the frequency band. (WRC-15)

5.165 *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Madagascar, Mozambique, Niger, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania and Chad, the band 47-68 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.166 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.167 *Alternative allocation:* in Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Pakistan and Singapore, the frequency band 50-54 MHz is allocated to the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.167A *Additional allocation:* in Indonesia and Thailand, the frequency band 50-54 MHz is also allocated to the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.168 *Additional allocation:* in Australia, China and the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, the band 50-54 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis.

5.169 *Alternative allocation:* in Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Namibia, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, South Africa, Swaziland, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 50-54 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. In Senegal, the band 50-51 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.170 *Additional allocation:* in New Zealand, the frequency band 51-54 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.171 *Additional allocation:* in Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mali, Namibia, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, South Africa, Swaziland, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 54-68 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.172 *Different category of service:* in the French overseas departments and communities in Region 2 and Guyana, the allocation of the frequency band 54-68 MHz to the fixed and mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-15)

5.173 *Different category of service:* in the French overseas departments and communities in Region 2 and Guyana, the allocation of the frequency band 68-72 MHz to the fixed and mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-15)

5.174 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.175 *Alternative allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 68-73 MHz and 76-87.5 MHz are allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. In Latvia and Lithuania, the bands 68-73 MHz and 76-87.5 MHz are allocated to the broadcasting and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. The services to which these bands are allocated in other countries and the broadcasting service in the countries listed above are subject to agreements with the neighbouring countries concerned. (WRC-07)

5.176 *Additional allocation:* in Australia, China, Korea (Rep. of), the Philippines, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea and Samoa, the band 68-74 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. (WRC-07)

5.177 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 73-74 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-07)

5.178 *Additional allocation:* in Colombia, Cuba, El Salvador, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras and Nicaragua, the band 73-74.6 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.179 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Lithuania, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 74.6-74.8 MHz and 75.2-75.4 MHz are also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for ground-based transmitters only. (WRC-12)

5.180 The frequency 75 MHz is assigned to marker beacons. Administrations shall refrain from assigning frequencies close to the limits of the guardband to stations of other services which, because of their power or geographical position, might cause harmful interference or otherwise place a constraint on marker beacons.

Every effort should be made to improve further the characteristics of airborne receivers and to limit the power of transmitting stations close to the limits 74.8 MHz and 75.2 MHz.

5.181 *Additional allocation:* in Egypt, Israel and the Syrian Arab Republic, the band 74.8-75.2 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In order to ensure that harmful interference is not caused to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations of the mobile service shall not be introduced in the band until it is no longer required for the aeronautical radionavigation service by any administration which may be identified in the application of the procedure invoked under No. **9.21**. (WRC-03)

5.182 *Additional allocation:* in Western Samoa, the band 75.4-87 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis.

5.183 *Additional allocation:* in China, Korea (Rep. of), Japan, the Philippines and the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, the band 76-87 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis.

5.184 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.185 *Different category of service:* in the United States, the French overseas departments and communities in Region 2, Guyana and Paraguay, the allocation of the frequency band 76-88 MHz to the fixed and mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-15)

5.186 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.187 *Alternative allocation:* in Albania, the band 81-87.5 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis and used in accordance with the decisions contained in the Final Acts of the Special Regional Conference (Geneva, 1960).

5.188 *Additional allocation:* in Australia, the band 85-87 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. The introduction of the broadcasting service in Australia is subject to special agreements between the administrations concerned.

5.189 Not used.

5.190 *Additional allocation:* in Monaco, the band 87.5-88 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-97)

5.191 Not used.

5.192 *Additional allocation:* in China and Korea (Rep. of), the band 100-108 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-97)

5.193 Not used.

5.194 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia and Turkmenistan, the band 104-108 MHz is also allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), service on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)

5.195 and 5.196 Not used.

5.197 *Additional allocation:* in the Syrian Arab Republic, the band 108-111.975 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In order to ensure that harmful interference is not caused to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations of the mobile service shall not be introduced in the band until it is no longer required for the aeronautical radionavigation service by any administration which may be identified in the application of the procedures invoked under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)

5.197A *Additional allocation:* the band 108-117.975 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, limited to systems operating in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **413 (Rev.WRC-07)***. The use of the band 108-112 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service shall be limited to systems composed of ground-based transmitters and associated receivers that provide navigational information in support of air navigation functions in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. (WRC-07)

5.198 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.199 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.200 In the band 117.975-137 MHz, the frequency 121.5 MHz is the aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency 123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article **31** for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service. (WRC-07)

5.201 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq (Republic of), Japan, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Mozambique, Uzbekistan, Papua New Guinea, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 132-136 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a primary basis. In assigning frequencies to stations of the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, the administration shall take account of the frequencies assigned to stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service. (WRC-15)

5.202 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 136-137 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a primary basis. In assigning frequencies to stations of the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, the administration shall take account of the frequencies assigned to stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service. (WRC-15)

5.203 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.203A (SUP - WRC-07)

5.203B (SUP - WRC-07)

5.204 *Different category of service:* in Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Cuba, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Montenegro, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Serbia, Singapore, Thailand and Yemen, the band 137-138 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-07)

5.205 *Different category of service:* in Israel and Jordan, the allocation of the band 137-138 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

5.206 *Different category of service:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, Egypt, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Georgia, Greece, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the allocation of the band 137-138 MHz to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-2000)

5.207 *Additional allocation:* in Australia, the band 137-144 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis until that service can be accommodated within regional broadcasting allocations.

5.208 The use of the band 137-138 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-97)

5.208A In making assignments to space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the bands 137-138 MHz, 387-390 MHz and 400.15-401 MHz, administrations shall take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the bands 150.05-153 MHz, 322-328.6 MHz, 406.1-410 MHz and 608-614 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions. The threshold levels of interference detrimental to the radio astronomy service are shown in the relevant ITU-R Recommendation. (WRC-07)

5.208B* In the frequency bands:

137-138 MHz,
387-390 MHz,
400.15-401 MHz,
1 452-1 492 MHz,
1 525-1 610 MHz,
1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz,
2 655-2 690 MHz,
21.4-22 GHz,

Resolution **739 (Rev.WRC-15)** applies. (WRC-15)

5.209 The use of the bands 137-138 MHz, 148-150.05 MHz, 399.9-400.05 MHz, 400.15-401 MHz, 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to non-geostationary-satellite systems. (WRC-97)

5.210 *Additional allocation:* in Italy, the Czech Rep. and the United Kingdom, the bands 138-143.6 MHz and 143.65-144 MHz are also allocated to the space research service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)

5.211 *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Denmark, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Finland, Greece, Guinea, Ireland, Israel, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Montenegro, Norway, the Netherlands, Qatar, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Tunisia and Turkey, the frequency band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the maritime mobile and land mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.212 *Alternative allocation:* in Angola, Botswana, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Oman, Uganda, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Swaziland, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 138-144 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.213 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a primary basis.

5.214 *Additional allocation:* in Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan and Tanzania, the band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.215 Not used.

* This provision was previously numbered as No. 5.347A. It was renumbered to preserve the sequential order.

5.216 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 144-146 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a secondary basis.

5.217 *Alternative allocation:* in Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Cuba, Guyana and India, the band 146-148 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.

5.218 *Additional allocation:* the band 148-149.9 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The bandwidth of any individual transmission shall not exceed ± 25 kHz.

5.219 The use of the band 148-149.9 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The mobile-satellite service shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed, mobile and space operation services in the band 148-149.9 MHz.

5.220 The use of the frequency bands 149.9-150.05 MHz and 399.9-400.05 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-15)

5.221 Stations of the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations in the following countries: Albania, Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Cyprus, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Spain, Estonia, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Mozambique, Namibia, Norway, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, the Netherlands, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, Romania, the United Kingdom, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe. (WRC-15)

5.222 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.223 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.224 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.224A (SUP - WRC-15)

5.224B (SUP - WRC-15)

5.225 *Additional allocation:* in Australia and India, the band 150.05-153 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis.

5.225A *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, the Russian Federation, France, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Viet Nam, the frequency band 154-156 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a primary basis. The usage of the frequency band 154-156 MHz by the radiolocation service shall be limited to space-object detection systems operating from terrestrial locations. The operation of stations in the radiolocation service in the frequency band 154-156 MHz shall be subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. For the identification of potentially affected administrations in Region 1, the instantaneous field-strength value of 12 dB(μ V/m) for 10% of the time produced at 10 m above ground level in the 25 kHz reference frequency band at the border of the territory of any other administration shall be used. For the identification of potentially affected administrations in Region 3, the interference-to-noise ratio (I/N) value of -6 dB ($N = -161$ dBW/4 kHz), or -10 dB for applications with greater protection requirements, such as public protection and disaster relief (PPDR ($N = -161$ dBW/4 kHz)), for 1% of the time produced at 60 m above ground level at the border of the territory of any other administration shall be used. In the frequency bands 156.7625-156.8375 MHz, 156.5125-156.5375 MHz, 161.9625-161.9875 MHz, 162.0125-162.0375 MHz, out-of-band e.i.r.p. of space surveillance radars shall not exceed -16 dBW. Frequency assignments to the radiolocation service under this allocation in Ukraine shall not be used without the agreement of Moldova. (WRC-12)

5.226 The frequency 156.525 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service using digital selective calling (DSC). The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.4875-156.5625 MHz are contained in Articles **31** and **52**, and in Appendix **18**.

The frequency 156.8 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service. The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.7625-156.8375 MHz are contained in Article **31** and Appendix **18**.

In the bands 156-156.4875 MHz, 156.5625-156.7625 MHz, 156.8375-157.45 MHz, 160.6-160.975 MHz and 161.475-162.05 MHz, each administration shall give priority to the maritime mobile service on only such frequencies as are assigned to stations of the maritime mobile service by the administration (see Articles **31** and **52**, and Appendix **18**).

Any use of frequencies in these bands by stations of other services to which they are allocated should be avoided in areas where such use might cause harmful interference to the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service.

However, the frequencies 156.8 MHz and 156.525 MHz and the frequency bands in which priority is given to the maritime mobile service may be used for radiocommunications on inland waterways subject to agreement between interested and affected administrations and taking into account current frequency usage and existing agreements. (WRC-07)

5.227 *Additional allocation:* the bands 156.4875-156.5125 MHz and 156.5375-156.5625 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis. The use of these bands by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from the maritime mobile VHF radio-communication service. (WRC-07)

5.227A (SUP - WRC-12)

5.228 The use of the frequency bands 156.7625-156.7875 MHz and 156.8125-156.8375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system (AIS) emissions of long-range AIS broadcast messages (Message 27, see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1371). With the exception of AIS emissions, emissions in these frequency bands by systems operating in the maritime mobile service for communications shall not exceed 1 W. (WRC-12)

5.228A The frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz may be used by aircraft stations for the purpose of search and rescue operations and other safety-related communications. (WRC-12)

5.228AA The use of the frequency bands 161.9375-161.9625 MHz and 161.9875-161.0125 MHz by the maritime-satellite (Earth-to-space) service is limited to the systems which operate in accordance with Appendix **18**. (WRC-15)

5.228B The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)

5.228C The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the maritime mobile service and the mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) service is limited to the automatic identification system (AIS). The use of these frequency bands by the aeronautical mobile (OR) service is limited to AIS emissions from search and rescue aircraft operations. The AIS operations in these frequency bands shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed and mobile services operating in the adjacent frequency bands. (WRC-12)

5.228D The frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz (AIS 1) and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz (AIS 2) may continue to be used by the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis until 1 January 2025, at which time this allocation shall no longer be valid. Administrations are encouraged to make all practicable efforts to discontinue the use of these bands by the fixed and mobile services prior to the transition date. During this transition period, the maritime mobile service in these frequency bands has priority over the fixed, land mobile and aeronautical mobile services. (WRC-12)

5.228E The use of the automatic identification system in the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (OR) service is limited to aircraft stations for the purpose of search and rescue operations and other safety-related communications. (WRC-12)

5.228F The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system emissions from stations operating in the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)

5.229 *Alternative allocation:* in Morocco, the band 162-174 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. The use of this band shall be subject to agreement with administrations having services, operating or planned, in accordance with the Table which are likely to be affected. Stations in existence on 1 January 1981, with their technical characteristics as of that date, are not affected by such agreement.

5.230 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 163-167 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.231 *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan and China, the band 167-174 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. The introduction of the broadcasting service into this band shall be subject to agreement with the neighbouring countries in Region 3 whose services are likely to be affected. (WRC-12)

5.232 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.233 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 174-184 MHz is also allocated to the space research (space-to-Earth) and the space operation (space-to-Earth) services on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. These services shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, existing or planned broadcasting stations.

5.234 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.235 *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, Israel, Italy, Liechtenstein, Malta, Monaco, Norway, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, Sweden and Switzerland, the band 174-223 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis. However, the stations of the land mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting stations, existing or planned, in countries other than those listed in this footnote.

5.236 Not used.

5.237 *Additional allocation:* in Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Libya, Mali, Sierra Leone, Somalia and Chad, the band 174-223 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.238 *Additional allocation:* in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan and the Philippines, the band 200-216 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.

5.239 Not used.

5.240 *Additional allocation:* in China and India, the band 216-223 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis and to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis.

5.241 In Region 2, no new stations in the radiolocation service may be authorized in the band 216-225 MHz. Stations authorized prior to 1 January 1990 may continue to operate on a secondary basis.

5.242 *Additional allocation:* in Canada, the band 216-220 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis.

5.243 *Additional allocation:* in Somalia, the band 216-225 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis, subject to not causing harmful interference to existing or planned broadcasting services in other countries.

5.244 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.245 *Additional allocation:* in Japan, the band 222-223 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis and to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis.

5.246 *Alternative allocation:* in Spain, France, Israel and Monaco, the band 223-230 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting and land mobile services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**) on the basis that, in the preparation of frequency plans, the broadcasting service shall have prior choice of frequencies; and allocated to the fixed and mobile, except land mobile, services on a secondary basis. However, the stations of the land mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, existing or planned broadcasting stations in Morocco and Algeria.

5.247 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Oman, Qatar and Syrian Arab Republic, the band 223-235 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.

5.248 and **5.249** Not used.

5.250 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 225-235 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis.

5.251 *Additional allocation:* in Nigeria, the band 230-235 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.252 *Alternative allocation:* in Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Swaziland, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the bands 230-238 MHz and 246-254 MHz are allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.253 Not used.

5.254 The bands 235-322 MHz and 335.4-399.9 MHz may be used by the mobile-satellite service, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**, on condition that stations in this service do not cause harmful interference to those of other services operating or planned to be operated in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations except for the additional allocation made in footnote No. **5.256A**. (WRC-03)

5.255 The bands 312-315 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 387-390 MHz (space-to-Earth) in the mobile-satellite service may also be used by non-geostationary-satellite systems. Such use is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

5.256 The frequency 243 MHz is the frequency in this band for use by survival craft stations and equipment used for survival purposes. (WRC-07)

5.256A *Additional allocation:* in China, the Russian Federation and Kazakhstan, the frequency band 258-261 MHz is also allocated to the space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis. Stations in the space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, or constrain the use and development of, the mobile service systems and mobile-satellite service systems operating in the frequency band. Stations in space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) shall not constrain the future development of fixed service systems of other countries. (WRC-15)

5.257 The band 267-272 MHz may be used by administrations for space telemetry in their countries on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.258 The use of the band 328.6-335.4 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Instrument Landing Systems (glide path).

5.259 *Additional allocation:* in Egypt and the Syrian Arab Republic, the band 328.6-335.4 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In order to ensure that harmful interference is not caused to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations of the mobile service shall not be introduced in the band until it is no longer required for the aeronautical radionavigation service by any administration which may be identified in the application of the procedure invoked under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)

5.260 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.261 Emissions shall be confined in a band of ± 25 kHz about the standard frequency 400.1 MHz.

5.262 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Botswana, Colombia, Cuba, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Moldova, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Somalia, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 400.05-401 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.263 The band 400.15-401 MHz is also allocated to the space research service in the space-to-space direction for communications with manned space vehicles. In this application, the space research service will not be regarded as a safety service.

5.264 The use of the band 400.15-401 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The power flux-density limit indicated in Annex 1 of Appendix 5 shall apply until such time as a competent world radiocommunication conference revises it.

5.265 In the frequency band 403-410 MHz, Resolution **205 (Rev.WRC-15)** applies. (WRC-15)

5.266 The use of the band 406-406.1 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacons (see also Article **31**). (WRC-07)

5.267 Any emission capable of causing harmful interference to the authorized uses of the band 406-406.1 MHz is prohibited.

5.268 Use of the frequency band 410-420 MHz by the space research service is limited to space-to-space communication links with an orbiting, manned space vehicle. The power flux-density at the surface of the Earth produced by emissions from transmitting stations of the space research service (space-to-space) in the frequency band 410-420 MHz shall not exceed $-153 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ for $0^\circ \leq \delta \leq 5^\circ$, $-153 + 0.077 (\delta - 5) \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ for $5^\circ \leq \delta \leq 70^\circ$ and $-148 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ for $70^\circ \leq \delta \leq 90^\circ$, where δ is the angle of arrival of the radio-frequency wave and the reference bandwidth is 4 kHz. In this frequency band, stations of the space research service (space-to-space) shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. No. **4.10** does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.269 *Different category of service:* in Australia, the United States, India, Japan and the United Kingdom, the allocation of the bands 420-430 MHz and 440-450 MHz to the radiolocation service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

5.270 *Additional allocation:* in Australia, the United States, Jamaica and the Philippines, the bands 420-430 MHz and 440-450 MHz are also allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis.

5.271 *Additional allocation:* in Belarus, China, India, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 420-460 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service (radio altimeters) on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)

5.272 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.273 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.274 *Alternative allocation:* in Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Chad, the bands 430-432 MHz and 438-440 MHz are allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.275 *Additional allocation:* in Croatia, Estonia, Finland, Libya, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia, the frequency bands 430-432 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.276 *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey and Yemen, the frequency band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and the bands 430-435 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated, except in Ecuador, to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.277 *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Israel, Kazakhstan, Mali, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Romania, Rwanda, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.278 *Different category of service:* in Argentina, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Guyana, Honduras, Panama and Venezuela, the allocation of the band 430-440 MHz to the amateur service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

5.279 *Additional allocation:* in Mexico, the bands 430-435 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated on a primary basis to the land mobile service, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.279A The use of the frequency band 432-438 MHz by sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R RS.1260-1. Additionally, the Earth exploration-

satellite service (active) in the frequency band 432-438 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in China. The provisions of this footnote in no way diminish the obligation of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) to operate as a secondary service in accordance with Nos. **5.29** and **5.30**. (WRC-15)

5.280 In Germany, Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Liechtenstein, Montenegro, Portugal, Serbia, Slovenia and Switzerland, the band 433.05-434.79 MHz (centre frequency 433.92 MHz) is designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. Radiocommunication services of these countries operating within this band must accept harmful interference which may be caused by these applications. ISM equipment operating in this band is subject to the provisions of No. **15.13**. (WRC-07)

5.281 *Additional allocation:* in the French overseas departments and communities in Region 2 and India, the band 433.75-434.25 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis. In France and in Brazil, the band is allocated to the same service on a secondary basis.

5.282 In the bands 435-438 MHz, 1 260-1 270 MHz, 2 400-2 450 MHz, 3 400-3 410 MHz (in Regions 2 and 3 only) and 5 650-5 670 MHz, the amateur-satellite service may operate subject to not causing harmful interference to other services operating in accordance with the Table (see No. **5.43**). Administrations authorizing such use shall ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from a station in the amateur-satellite service is immediately eliminated in accordance with the provisions of No. **25.11**. The use of the bands 1 260-1 270 MHz and 5 650-5 670 MHz by the amateur-satellite service is limited to the Earth-to-space direction.

5.283 *Additional allocation:* in Austria, the band 438-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.

5.284 *Additional allocation:* in Canada, the band 440-450 MHz is also allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis.

5.285 *Different category of service:* in Canada, the allocation of the band 440-450 MHz to the radiolocation service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

5.286 The band 449.75-450.25 MHz may be used for the space operation service (Earth-to-space) and the space research service (Earth-to-space), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.286A The use of the bands 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-97)

5.286AA The frequency band 450-470 MHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). See Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.286B The use of the band 454-455 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286D**, 455-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in Region 2, and 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286E**, by stations in the mobile-satellite service, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations. (WRC-97)

5.286C The use of the band 454-455 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286D**, 455-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in Region 2, and 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286E**, by stations in the mobile-satellite service, shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed and mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations. (WRC-97)

5.286D *Additional allocation:* in Canada, the United States and Panama, the band 454-455 MHz is also allocated to the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis. (WRC-07)

5.286E *Additional allocation:* in Cape Verde, Nepal and Nigeria, the bands 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz are also allocated to the mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) service on a primary basis. (WRC-07)

5.287 Use of the frequency bands 457.5125-457.5875 MHz and 467.5125-467.5875 MHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to on-board communication stations. The characteristics of the equipment and the channelling arrangement shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1174-3. The use of these frequency bands in territorial waters is subject to the national regulations of the administration concerned. (WRC-15)

5.288 In the territorial waters of the United States and the Philippines, the preferred frequencies for use by on-board communication stations shall be 457.525 MHz, 457.550 MHz, 457.575 MHz and 457.600 MHz paired, respectively, with 467.750 MHz, 467.775 MHz, 467.800 MHz and 467.825 MHz. The characteristics of the equipment used shall conform to those specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1174-3. (WRC-15)

5.289 Earth exploration-satellite service applications, other than the meteorological-satellite service, may also be used in the bands 460-470 MHz and 1 690-1 710 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions subject to not causing harmful interference to stations operating in accordance with the Table.

5.290 *Different category of service:* in Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, the Russian Federation, Japan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 460-470 MHz to the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)

5.291 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 470-485 MHz is also allocated to the space research (space-to-Earth) and the space operation (space-to-Earth) services on a primary basis subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** and subject to not causing harmful interference to existing and planned broadcasting stations.

5.291A *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Austria, Denmark, Estonia, Liechtenstein, the Czech Rep., Serbia and Switzerland, the frequency band 470-494 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis. This use is limited to the operation of wind profiler radars in accordance with Resolution **217 (WRC-97)**. (WRC-15)

5.292 *Different category of service:* in Argentina, Uruguay and Venezuela, the allocation of the frequency band 470-512 MHz to the mobile service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-15)

5.293 *Different category of service:* in Canada, Chile, Cuba, the United States, Guyana, Jamaica and Panama, the allocation of the frequency bands 470-512 MHz and 614-806 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In the Bahamas, Barbados, Canada, Chile, Cuba, the United States, Guyana, Jamaica, Mexico and Panama, the allocation of the frequency bands 470-512 MHz and 614-698 MHz to the mobile service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In Argentina and Ecuador, the allocation of the frequency band 470-512 MHz to the fixed and mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-15)

5.294 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Israel, Libya, the Syrian Arab Republic, Chad and Yemen, the frequency band 470-582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.295 In the Bahamas, Barbados, Canada, the United States and Mexico, the frequency band 470-608 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) – see Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Mobile service stations of the IMT system within the frequency band are subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** and shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the broadcasting service of neighbouring countries. Nos. **5.43** and **5.43A** apply. In Mexico, the use of IMT in this frequency band will not start before 31 December 2018 and may be extended if agreed by the neighbouring countries. (WRC-15)

5.296 *Additional allocation:* in Albania, Germany, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Vatican, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Hungary, Iraq, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Moldova, Monaco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Uganda, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom, Rwanda, San Marino, Serbia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 470-694 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the land mobile service, intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making. Stations of the land mobile service in the countries listed in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to existing or planned stations operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those listed in this footnote. (WRC-15)

5.296A In Micronesia, the Solomon Islands, Tuvalu and Vanuatu, the frequency band 470-698 MHz, or portions thereof, and in Bangladesh, Maldives and New Zealand, the frequency band 610-698 MHz, or portions thereof, are identified for use by these administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) – see Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The mobile allocation in this frequency band shall not be used for IMT systems unless subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** and shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the broadcasting service of neighbouring countries. Nos. **5.43** and **5.43A** apply. (WRC-15)

5.297 *Additional allocation:* in Canada, Costa Rica, Cuba, El Salvador, the United States, Guatemala, Guyana and Jamaica, the frequency band 512-608 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In the Bahamas, Barbados and Mexico, the frequency band 512-608 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-15)

5.298 *Additional allocation:* in India, the band 549.75-550.25 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis.

5.299 Not used.

5.300 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Jordan, Libya, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Sudan, the frequency band 582-790 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.301 Not used.

5.302 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.303 Not used.

5.304 *Additional allocation:* in the African Broadcasting Area (see Nos. **5.10** to **5.13**), the band 606-614 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis.

5.305 *Additional allocation:* in China, the band 606-614 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis.

5.306 *Additional allocation:* in Region 1, except in the African Broadcasting Area (see Nos. **5.10** to **5.13**), and in Region 3, the band 608-614 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis.

5.307 *Additional allocation:* in India, the band 608-614 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis.

5.308 *Additional allocation:* in Belize and Colombia, the frequency band 614-698 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis. Stations of the mobile service within the frequency band are subject to the agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-15)

5.308A In the Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Canada, Colombia, the United States and Mexico, the frequency band 614-698 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) – see Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Mobile service stations of the IMT system within the frequency band are subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** and shall not cause harmful interference to or claim protection from the broadcasting service of neighbouring countries. Nos. **5.43** and **5.43A** apply. In Belize and Mexico, the use of IMT in this frequency band will not start before 31 December 2018 and may be extended if agreed by the neighbouring countries. (WRC-15)

5.309 *Different category of service:* in El Salvador, the allocation of the frequency band 614-806 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-15)

5.310 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.311 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.311A For the frequency band 620-790 MHz, see also Resolution **549 (WRC-07)**. (WRC-07)

5.312 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 645-862 MHz, in Bulgaria the frequency bands 646-686 MHz, 726-758 MHz, 766-814 MHz and 822-862 MHz, and in Poland

the frequency band 860-862 MHz until 31 December 2017, are also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.312A In Region 1, the use of the frequency band 694-790 MHz by the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to the provisions of Resolution **760 (WRC-15)**. See also Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.313 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.313A The frequency band, or portions of the frequency band 698-790 MHz, in Australia, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Korea (Rep. of), Fiji, India, Indonesia, Japan, Kiribati, Lao P.D.R., Malaysia, Myanmar (Union of), New Zealand, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Solomon Islands, Samoa, Singapore, Thailand, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu and Viet Nam, are identified for use by these administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. In China, the use of IMT in this band will not start until 2015. (WRC-15)

5.313B (SUP - WRC-15)

5.314 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.315 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.316 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.316A (SUP - WRC-15)

5.316B In Region 1, the allocation to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service in the frequency band 790-862 MHz is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. **5.312**. For countries party to the GE06 Agreement, the use of stations of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedures of that Agreement. Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC-15)** and **749 (Rev.WRC-15)** shall apply, as appropriate. (WRC-15)

5.317 *Additional allocation:* in Region 2 (except Brazil, the United States and Mexico), the frequency band 806-890 MHz is also allocated to the mobile-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The use of this service is intended for operation within national boundaries. (WRC-15)

5.317A The parts of the frequency band 698-960 MHz in Region 2 and the frequency bands 694-790 MHz in Region 1 and 790-960 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 which are allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) – see Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC-15)**, **760 (WRC-15)** and **749 (Rev.WRC-15)**, where applicable. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.318 *Additional allocation:* in Canada, the United States and Mexico, the bands 849-851 MHz and 894-896 MHz are also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, for public correspondence with aircraft. The use of the band 849-851 MHz is limited to transmissions from aeronautical stations and the use of the band 894-896 MHz is limited to transmissions from aircraft stations.

5.319 *Additional allocation:* in Belarus, the Russian Federation and Ukraine, the bands 806-840 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 856-890 MHz (space-to-Earth) are also allocated to the mobile-satellite, except aeronautical mobile-satellite (R), service. The use of these bands by this service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, services in other countries operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations and is subject to special agreements between the administrations concerned.

5.320 *Additional allocation:* in Region 3, the bands 806-890 MHz and 942-960 MHz are also allocated to the mobile-satellite, except aeronautical mobile-satellite (R), service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The use of this service is limited to operation within national boundaries. In seeking such agreement, appropriate protection shall be afforded to services operating in accordance with the Table, to ensure that no harmful interference is caused to such services.

5.321 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.322 In Region 1, in the band 862-960 MHz, stations of the broadcasting service shall be operated only in the African Broadcasting Area (see Nos. 5.10 to 5.13) excluding Algeria, Burundi, Egypt, Spain, Lesotho, Libya,

Morocco, Malawi, Namibia, Nigeria, South Africa, Tanzania, Zimbabwe and Zambia, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. (WRC-12)

5.323 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 862-960 MHz, in Bulgaria the bands 862-890.2 MHz and 900-935.2 MHz, in Poland the band 862-876 MHz until 31 December 2017, and in Romania the bands 862-880 MHz and 915-925 MHz, are also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. Such use is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with administrations concerned and limited to ground-based radiobeacons in operation on 27 October 1997 until the end of their lifetime. (WRC-12)

5.324 Not used.

5.325 *Different category of service:* in the United States, the allocation of the band 890-942 MHz to the radiolocation service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.325A *Different category of service:* in Argentina, Brazil, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Ecuador, the French overseas departments and communities in Region 2, Guatemala, Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela, the frequency band 902-928 MHz is allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis. In Colombia, the frequency band 902-905 MHz is allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.326 *Different category of service:* in Chile, the band 903-905 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.327 *Different category of service:* in Australia, the allocation of the band 915-928 MHz to the radiolocation service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

5.327A The use of the frequency band 960-1 164 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **417 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.328 The use of the band 960-1 215 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved on a worldwide basis for the operation and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based facilities. (WRC-2000)

5.328A Stations in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 164-1 215 MHz shall operate in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **609 (Rev.WRC-07)** and shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 960-1 215 MHz. No. **5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **21.18** shall apply. (WRC-07)

5.328AA The frequency band 1 087.7-1 092.3 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, limited to the space station reception of Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) emissions from aircraft transmitters that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service shall not claim protection from stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. Resolution **425 (WRC-15)** shall apply. (WRC-15)

5.328B The use of the bands 1 164-1 300 MHz, 1 559-1 610 MHz and 5 010-5 030 MHz by systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Radiocommunication Bureau after 1 January 2005 is subject to the application of the provisions of Nos. **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13**. Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall also apply; however, in the case of radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) networks and systems, Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall only apply to transmitting space stations. In accordance with No. **5.329A**, for systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz, the provisions of Nos. **9.7**, **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13** shall only apply with respect to other systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space). (WRC-07)

5.329 Use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to, and no protection is claimed from, the radionavigation service authorized under No. **5.331**. Furthermore, the use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to the radiolocation service. No. **5.43** shall not apply in respect of the radiolocation service. Resolution **608 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-03)

5.329A Use of systems in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) operating in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz is not intended to provide safety service applications, and shall not impose any

additional constraints on radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) systems or on other services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations. (WRC-07)

5.330 *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, China, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.331 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Korea (Rep. of), Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Venezuela and Viet Nam, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. In Canada and the United States, the band 1 240-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service, and use of the radionavigation service shall be limited to the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)

5.332 In the band 1 215-1 260 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service, the radionavigation-satellite service and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.333 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.334 *Additional allocation:* in Canada and the United States, the band 1 350-1 370 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

5.335 In Canada and the United States in the band 1 240-1 300 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-97)

5.335A In the band 1 260-1 300 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service and other services allocated by footnotes on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.336 Not used.

5.337 The use of the bands 1 300-1 350 MHz, 2 700-2 900 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is restricted to ground-based radars and to associated airborne transponders which transmit only on frequencies in these bands and only when actuated by radars operating in the same band.

5.337A The use of the band 1 300-1 350 MHz by earth stations in the radionavigation-satellite service and by stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the operation and development of, the aeronautical-radionavigation service. (WRC-2000)

5.338 In Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia and Turkmenistan, existing installations of the radionavigation service may continue to operate in the band 1 350-1 400 MHz. (WRC-12)

5.338A In the frequency bands 1 350-1 400 MHz, 1 427-1 452 MHz, 22.55-23.55 GHz, 30-31.3 GHz, 49.7-50.2 GHz, 50.4-50.9 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 81-86 GHz and 92-94 GHz, Resolution **750 (Rev.WRC-15)** applies. (WRC-15)

5.339 The bands 1 370-1 400 MHz, 2 640-2 655 MHz, 4 950-4 990 MHz and 15.20-15.35 GHz are also allocated to the space research (passive) and Earth exploration-satellite (passive) services on a secondary basis.

5.339A (SUP - WRC-07)

5.340 All emissions are prohibited in the following bands:

- 1 400-1 427 MHz,
- 2 690-2 700 MHz, except those provided for by No. **5.422**,
- 10.68-10.7 GHz, except those provided for by No. **5.483**,
- 15.35-15.4 GHz, except those provided for by No. **5.511**,
- 23.6-24 GHz,
- 31.3-31.5 GHz,
- 31.5-31.8 GHz, in Region 2,
- 48.94-49.04 GHz, from airborne stations
- 50.2-50.4 GHz²,
- 52.6-54.25 GHz,
- 86-92 GHz,
- 100-102 GHz,
- 109.5-111.8 GHz,
- 114.25-116 GHz,
- 148.5-151.5 GHz,
- 164-167 GHz,
- 182-185 GHz,
- 190-191.8 GHz,
- 200-209 GHz,
- 226-231.5 GHz,
- 250-252 GHz. (WRC-03)

5.341 In the bands 1 400-1 727 MHz, 101-120 GHz and 197-220 GHz, passive research is being conducted by some countries in a programme for the search for intentional emissions of extraterrestrial origin.

5.341A In Region 1, the frequency bands 1 427-1 452 MHz and 1 492-1 518 MHz are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of IMT stations is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. (WRC-15)

5.341B In Region 2, the frequency band 1 427-1 518 MHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.341C The frequency bands 1 427-1 452 MHz and 1 492-1 518 MHz are identified for use by administrations in Region 3 wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. The use of these frequency bands by the above administrations for the implementation of IMT in the frequency bands 1 429-1 452 MHz and 1 492-1 518 MHz is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** from countries using stations of the aeronautical mobile service. This identification does not preclude the use

² **5.340.1** The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and the space research service (passive) in the band 50.2-50.4 GHz should not impose undue constraints on the use of the adjacent bands by the primary allocated services in those bands. (WRC-97)

of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.342 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan and Ukraine, the frequency band 1 429-1 535 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, exclusively for the purposes of aeronautical telemetry within the national territory. As of 1 April 2007, the use of the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is subject to agreement between the administrations concerned. (WRC-15)

5.343 In Region 2, the use of the band 1 435-1 535 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry has priority over other uses by the mobile service.

5.344 *Alternative allocation:* in the United States, the band 1 452-1 525 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis (see also No. **5.343**).

5.345 Use of the band 1 452-1 492 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service, and by the broadcasting service, is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution **528 (WARC-92)***.

5.346 In Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Lebanon, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Palestine*, Qatar, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Senegal, Seychelles, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia, and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is identified for use by administrations listed above wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. See also Resolution **761 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.346A The frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is identified for use by administrations in Region 3 wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)** and Resolution **761 (WRC-15)**. The use of this frequency band by the above administrations for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** from countries using stations of the aeronautical mobile service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.347 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.347A** (SUP - WRC-07)

5.348 The use of the band 1 518-1 525 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from the stations in the fixed service. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

5.348A In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, the coordination threshold in terms of the power flux-density levels at the surface of the Earth in application of No. **9.11A** for space stations in the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) service, with respect to the land mobile service use for specialized mobile radios or used in conjunction with public switched telecommunication networks (PSTN) operating within the territory of Japan, shall be – 150 dB(W/m²) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival, instead of those given in Table 5-2 of Appendix 5. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the mobile service in the territory of Japan. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

5.348B In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from aeronautical mobile telemetry stations in the mobile service in the territory of the United States (see Nos. **5.343** and **5.344**) and in the countries listed in No. **5.342**. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-03.

** *Note by the Secretariat:* This provision has been modified by WRC-07, and subsequently renumbered No. **5.208B** in order to preserve the sequential order.

5.348C (SUP - WRC-07)

5.349 *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, France, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the allocation of the band 1 525-1 530 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-07)

5.350 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 1 525-1 530 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.351 The bands 1 525-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz shall not be used for feeder links of any service. In exceptional circumstances, however, an earth station at a specified fixed point in any of the mobile-satellite services may be authorized by an administration to communicate via space stations using these bands.

5.351A For the use of the bands 1 518-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz, 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz, 1 668-1 675 MHz, 1 980-2 010 MHz, 2 170-2 200 MHz, 2 483.5-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz by the mobile-satellite service, see Resolutions **212 (Rev.WRC-07)** and **225 (Rev.WRC-07)***. (WRC-07)

5.352 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.352A In the frequency band 1 525-1 530 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service, except stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed service in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, France and French overseas communities of Region 3, Guinea, India, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kuwait, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam and Yemen notified prior to 1 April 1998. (WRC-15)

5.353 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.353A In applying the procedures of Section II of Article **9** to the mobile-satellite service in the bands 1 530-1 544 MHz and 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS). Maritime mobile-satellite distress, urgency and safety communications shall have priority access and immediate availability over all other mobile satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, distress, urgency and safety communications of the GMDSS. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution **222 (WRC-2000)**** shall apply.) (WRC-2000)

5.354 The use of the bands 1 525-1 559 MHz and 1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite services is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

5.355 *Additional allocation:* in Bahrain, Bangladesh, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the bands 1 540-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.356 The use of the band 1 544-1 545 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article **31**).

5.357 Transmissions in the band 1 545-1 555 MHz from terrestrial aeronautical stations directly to aircraft stations, or between aircraft stations, in the aeronautical mobile (R) service are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the satellite-to-aircraft links.

5.357A In applying the procedures of Section II of Article **9** to the mobile-satellite service in the frequency bands 1 545-1 555 MHz and 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements of the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service providing transmission of messages with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44**. Aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44** shall

* *Note by the Secretariat:* Resolution 212 was revised by WRC-15 and Resolution 225 was revised by WRC-12.

** *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

have priority access and immediate availability, by pre-emption if necessary, over all other mobile-satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution 222 (Rev.WRC-12) shall apply.) (WRC-12)

5.358 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.359 *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Benin, Cameroon, the Russian Federation, France, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lithuania, Mauritania, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 1 550-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Administrations are urged to make all practicable efforts to avoid the implementation of new fixed-service stations in these frequency bands. (WRC-15)

5.360 to 5.362 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.362A In the United States, in the bands 1 555-1 559 MHz and 1 656.5-1 660.5 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service shall have priority access and immediate availability, by pre-emption if necessary, over all other mobile-satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (WRC-97)

5.362B (SUP - WRC-15)

5.362C (SUP - WRC-15)

5.363 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.364 The use of the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and by the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. A mobile earth station operating in either of the services in this band shall not produce a peak e.i.r.p. density in excess of -15 dB(W/4 kHz) in the part of the band used by systems operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.366 (to which No. 4.10 applies), unless otherwise agreed by the affected administrations. In the part of the band where such systems are not operating, the mean e.i.r.p. density of a mobile earth station shall not exceed -3 dB(W/4 kHz). Stations of the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.366 and stations in the fixed service operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.359. Administrations responsible for the coordination of mobile-satellite networks shall make all practicable efforts to ensure protection of stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.366.

5.365 The use of the band 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.

5.366 The band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is reserved on a worldwide basis for the use and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based or satellite-borne facilities. Such satellite use is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.

5.367 *Additional allocation:* The frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. (WRC-12)

5.368 With respect to the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services the provisions of No. 4.10 do not apply in the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz, with the exception of the aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service.

5.369 *Different category of service:* in Angola, Australia, China, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Lebanon, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Sudan, South Sudan, Togo and Zambia, the allocation of the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz to the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33), subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 from countries not listed in this provision. (WRC-12)

5.370 *Different category of service:* in Venezuela, the allocation to the radiodetermination-satellite service in the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz (Earth-to-space) is on a secondary basis.

5.371 *Additional allocation:* in Region 1, the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz (Earth-to-space) is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)

5.372 Harmful interference shall not be caused to stations of the radio astronomy service using the band 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz by stations of the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services (No. **29.13** applies).

5.373 Not used.

5.373A (SUP - WRC-97)

5.374 Mobile earth stations in the mobile-satellite service operating in the bands 1 631.5-1 634.5 MHz and 1 656.5-1 660 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the fixed service operating in the countries listed in No. **5.359**. (WRC-97)

5.375 The use of the band 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and for inter-satellite links is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article **31**).

5.376 Transmissions in the band 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz from aircraft stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service directly to terrestrial aeronautical stations, or between aircraft stations, are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the aircraft-to-satellite links.

5.376A Mobile earth stations operating in the band 1 660-1 660.5 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the radio astronomy service. (WRC-97)

5.377 (SUP - WRC-03)

5.378 Not used.

5.379 *Additional allocation:* in Bangladesh, India, Indonesia, Nigeria and Pakistan, the band 1 660.5-1 668.4 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological aids service on a secondary basis.

5.379A Administrations are urged to give all practicable protection in the band 1 660.5-1 668.4 MHz for future research in radio astronomy, particularly by eliminating air-to-ground transmissions in the meteorological aids service in the band 1 664.4-1 668.4 MHz as soon as practicable.

5.379B The use of the band 1 668-1 675 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 668-1 668.4 MHz, Resolution **904 (WRC-07)** shall apply. (WRC-07)

5.379C In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 1 668-1 670 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density values produced by mobile earth stations in a network of the mobile-satellite service operating in this band shall not exceed -181 dB(W/m²) in 10 MHz and -194 dB(W/m²) in any 20 kHz at any radio astronomy station recorded in the Master International Frequency Register, for more than 2% of integration periods of 2 000 s. (WRC-03)

5.379D For sharing of the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz between the mobile-satellite service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution **744 (Rev.WRC-07)** shall apply. (WRC-07)

5.379E In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the meteorological aids service in China, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan and Uzbekistan. In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, administrations are urged not to implement new systems in the meteorological aids service and are encouraged to migrate existing meteorological aids service operations to other bands as soon as practicable. (WRC-03)

5.380 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.380A In the band 1 670-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the development of, existing earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service notified before 1 January 2004. Any new assignment to these earth stations in this band shall also be protected from harmful interference from stations in the mobile-satellite service. (WRC-07)

5.381 *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Cuba, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of) and Pakistan, the band 1 690-1 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.382 *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan,

Kazakhstan, Kuwait, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), and in the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**) and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.383 Not used.

5.384 *Additional allocation:* in India, Indonesia and Japan, the band 1 700-1 710 MHz is also allocated to the space research service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. (WRC-97)

5.384A The frequency bands 1 710-1 885 MHz, 2 300-2 400 MHz and 2 500-2 690 MHz, or portion thereof, are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.385 *Additional allocation:* the band 1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis for spectral line observations. (WRC-2000)

5.386 *Additional allocation:* the frequency band 1 750-1 850 MHz is also allocated to the space operation (Earth-to-space) and space research (Earth-to-space) services in Region 2 (except in Mexico), in Australia, Guam, India, Indonesia and Japan on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**, having particular regard to troposcatter systems. (WRC-15)

5.387 *Additional allocation:* in Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the band 1 770-1 790 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)

5.388 The frequency bands 1 885-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 200 MHz are intended for use, on a worldwide basis, by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other services to which they are allocated. The frequency bands should be made available for IMT in accordance with Resolution **212 (Rev.WRC-15)** (See also Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**). (WRC-15)

5.388A In Regions 1 and 3, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz, 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 170 MHz and, in Region 2, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz and 2 110-2 160 MHz may be used by high altitude platform stations as base stations to provide International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT), in accordance with Resolution **221 (Rev.WRC-07)**. Their use by IMT applications using high altitude platform stations as base stations does not preclude the use of these bands by any station in the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-12)

5.388B In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, China, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Senegal, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe, for the purpose of protecting fixed and mobile services, including IMT mobile stations, in their territories from co-channel interference, a high altitude platform station (HAPS) operating as an IMT base station in neighbouring countries, in the bands referred to in No. **5.388A**, shall not exceed a co-channel power flux-density of $-127 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ at the Earth's surface outside a country's borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of HAPS. (WRC-12)

5.389 Not used.

5.389A The use of the bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A** and to the provisions of Resolution **716 (Rev.WRC-2000)**. (WRC-07)

5.389B The use of the band 1 980-1 990 MHz by the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Ecuador, the United States, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay and Venezuela.

5.389C The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 160-2 170 MHz in Region 2 by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A** and to the provisions of Resolution **716 (Rev.WRC-2000)***. (WRC-07)

5.389D (SUP - WRC-03)

5.389E The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 160-2 170 MHz by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3.

5.389F In Algeria, Benin, Cape Verde, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Mali, Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia, the use of the bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz by the mobile-satellite service shall neither cause harmful interference to the fixed and mobile services, nor hamper the development of those services prior to 1 January 2005, nor shall the former service request protection from the latter services. (WRC-2000)

5.390 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.391 In making assignments to the mobile service in the frequency bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, administrations shall not introduce high-density mobile systems, as described in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1154-0, and shall take that Recommendation into account for the introduction of any other type of mobile system. (WRC-15)

5.392 Administrations are urged to take all practicable measures to ensure that space-to-space transmissions between two or more non-geostationary satellites, in the space research, space operations and Earth exploration-satellite services in the bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, shall not impose any constraints on Earth-to-space, space-to-Earth and other space-to-space transmissions of those services and in those bands between geostationary and non-geostationary satellites.

5.392A (SUP - WRC-07)

5.393 *Additional allocation:* in Canada, the United States and India, the frequency band 2 310-2 360 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and complementary terrestrial sound broadcasting service on a primary basis. Such use is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution **528 (Rev.WRC-15)**, with the exception of *resolves* 3 in regard to the limitation on broadcasting-satellite systems in the upper 25 MHz. (WRC-15)

5.394 In the United States, the use of the band 2 300-2 390 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry has priority over other uses by the mobile services. In Canada, the use of the band 2 360-2 400 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry has priority over other uses by the mobile services. (WRC-07)

5.395 In France and Turkey, the use of the band 2 310-2 360 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry has priority over other uses by the mobile service. (WRC-03)

5.396 Space stations of the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 2 310-2 360 MHz operating in accordance with No. **5.393** that may affect the services to which this band is allocated in other countries shall be coordinated and notified in accordance with Resolution **33 (Rev.WRC-97)****. Complementary terrestrial broadcasting stations shall be subject to bilateral coordination with neighbouring countries prior to their bringing into use.

5.397 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.398 In respect of the radiodetermination-satellite service in the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply.

5.398A *Different category of service:* In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Ukraine, the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the radiolocation service. The radiolocation stations in these countries shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed, mobile and mobile-satellite services operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz. (WRC-12)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

** *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-03 and WRC-15.

5.399 Except for cases referred to in No. **5.401**, stations of the radiodetermination-satellite service operating in the frequency band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz for which notification information is received by the Bureau after 17 February 2012, and the service area of which includes Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Ukraine, shall not cause harmful interference to, and shall not claim protection from stations of the radiolocation service operating in these countries in accordance with No. **5.398A**. (WRC-12)

5.400 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.401 In Angola, Australia, Bangladesh, China, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Sudan, Swaziland, Togo and Zambia, the frequency band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz was already allocated on a primary basis to the radiodetermination-satellite service before WRC-12, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** from countries not listed in this provision. Systems in the radiodetermination-satellite service for which complete coordination information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau before 18 February 2012 will retain their regulatory status, as of the date of receipt of the coordination request information. (WRC-15)

5.402 The use of the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz by the mobile-satellite and the radiodetermination-satellite services is subject to the coordination under No. **9.11A**. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to prevent harmful interference to the radio astronomy service from emissions in the 2 483.5-2 500 MHz band, especially those caused by second-harmonic radiation that would fall into the 4 990-5 000 MHz band allocated to the radio astronomy service worldwide.

5.403 Subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**, the band 2 520-2 535 MHz may also be used for the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth), except aeronautical mobile-satellite, service for operation limited to within national boundaries. The provisions of No. **9.11A** apply. (WRC-07)

5.404 *Additional allocation:* in India and Iran (Islamic Republic of), the band 2 500-2 516.5 MHz may also be used for the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) for operation limited to within national boundaries, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.405 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.406 Not used.

5.407 In the band 2 500-2 520 MHz, the power flux-density at the surface of the Earth from space stations operating in the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) service shall not exceed $-152 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ in Argentina, unless otherwise agreed by the administrations concerned.

5.408 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.409 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.410 The band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used for tropospheric scatter systems in Region 1, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. No. **9.21** does not apply to tropospheric scatter links situated entirely outside Region 1. Administrations shall make all practicable efforts to avoid developing new tropospheric scatter systems in this band. When planning new tropospheric scatter radio-relay links in this band, all possible measures shall be taken to avoid directing the antennas of these links towards the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-12)

5.411 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.412 *Alternative allocation:* in Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 2 500-2 690 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.413 In the design of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands between 2 500 MHz and 2 690 MHz, administrations are urged to take all necessary steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 2 690-2 700 MHz.

5.414 The allocation of the frequency band 2 500-2 520 MHz to the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-07)

5.414A In Japan and India, the use of the bands 2 500-2 520 MHz and 2 520-2 535 MHz, under No. **5.403**, by a satellite network in the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to operation within national boundaries and subject to the application of No. **9.11A**. The following pfd values shall be used as a threshold for coordination under No. **9.11A**, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, in an area of 1 000 km around the territory of the administration notifying the mobile-satellite service network:

| | |
|---|--|
| $-136 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ | for $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 5^\circ$ |
| $-136 + 0.55 (\theta - 5) \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ | for $5^\circ < \theta \leq 25^\circ$ |
| $-125 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ | for $25^\circ < \theta \leq 90^\circ$ |

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees. Outside this area Table 21-4 of Article 21 shall apply. Furthermore, the coordination thresholds in Table 5-2 of Annex 1 to Appendix 5 of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004), in conjunction with the applicable provisions of Articles 9 and 11 associated with No. 9.11A, shall apply to systems for which complete notification information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau by 14 November 2007 and that have been brought into use by that date. (WRC-07)

5.415 The use of the bands 2 500-2 690 MHz in Region 2 and 2 500-2 535 MHz and 2 655-2 690 MHz in Region 3 by the fixed-satellite service is limited to national and regional systems, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21, giving particular attention to the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 1. (WRC-07)

5.415A *Additional allocation:* in India and Japan, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21, the band 2 515-2 535 MHz may also be used for the aeronautical mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) for operation limited to within their national boundaries. (WRC-2000)

5.416 The use of the band 2 520-2 670 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to national and regional systems for community reception, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The provisions of No. 9.19 shall be applied by administrations in this band in their bilateral and multilateral negotiations. (WRC-07)

5.417 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.417A (SUP - WRC-15)

5.417B (SUP - WRC-15)

5.417C (SUP - WRC-15)

5.417D (SUP - WRC-15)

5.418 *Additional allocation:* in India, the frequency band 2 535-2 655 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and complementary terrestrial broadcasting service on a primary basis. Such use is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution 528 (Rev.WRC-15). The provisions of No. 5.416 and Table 21-4 of Article 21, do not apply to this additional allocation. Use of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) is subject to Resolution 539 (Rev.WRC-15). Geostationary broadcasting-satellite service (sound) systems for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005 are limited to systems intended for national coverage. The power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a geostationary broadcasting satellite service (sound) space station operating in the frequency band 2 630-2 655 MHz, and for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005, shall not exceed the following limits, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation:

| | |
|--|--|
| $-130 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ | for $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 5^\circ$ |
| $-130 + 0.4 (\theta - 5) \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ | for $5^\circ < \theta \leq 25^\circ$ |
| $-122 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ | for $25^\circ < \theta \leq 90^\circ$ |

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees. These limits may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. As an exception to the limits above, the pfd value of $-122 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ shall be used as a threshold for coordination under No. 9.11 in an area of 1 500 km around the territory of the administration notifying the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) system.

In addition, an administration listed in this provision shall not have simultaneously two overlapping frequency assignments, one under this provision and the other under No. 5.416 for systems for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005. (WRC-15)

5.418A In certain Region 3 countries listed in No. 5.418, use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) for which complete Appendix 4

coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12A**, in respect of geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered to have been received after 2 June 2000, and No. **22.2** does not apply. No. **22.2** shall continue to apply with respect to geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered to have been received before 3 June 2000. (WRC-03)

5.418B Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.418**, for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12**. (WRC-03)

5.418C Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000 is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.13** with respect to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.418** and No. **22.2** does not apply. (WRC-03)

5.419 When introducing systems of the mobile-satellite service in the band 2 670-2 690 MHz, administrations shall take all necessary steps to protect the satellite systems operating in this band prior to 3 March 1992. The coordination of mobile-satellite systems in the band shall be in accordance with No. **9.11A**. (WRC-07)

5.420 The band 2 655-2 670 MHz may also be used for the mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space), except aeronautical mobile-satellite, service for operation limited to within national boundaries, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The coordination under No. **9.11A** applies. (WRC-07)

5.420A (SUP - WRC-07)

5.421 (SUP - WRC-03)

5.422 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Brunei Darussalam, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mauritania, Mongolia, Montenegro, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Romania, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the band 2 690-2 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-12)

5.423 In the band 2 700-2 900 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service.

5.424 *Additional allocation:* in Canada, the band 2 850-2 900 MHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars.

5.424A In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the radionavigation service. (WRC-03)

5.425 In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, the use of the shipborne interrogator-transponder (SIT) system shall be confined to the sub-band 2 930 -2 950 MHz.

5.426 The use of the band 2 900-3 100 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to ground-based radars.

5.427 In the bands 2 900-3 100 MHz and 9 300-9 500 MHz, the response from radar transponders shall not be capable of being confused with the response from radar beacons (racons) and shall not cause interference to ship or aeronautical radars in the radionavigation service, having regard, however, to No. **4.9**.

5.428 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 3 100-3 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.429 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan and Yemen, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. The countries bordering the Mediterranean shall not claim protection for their fixed and mobile services from the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)

5.429A *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. Stations in the mobile service operating in the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)

5.429B In the following countries of Region 1 south of 30° parallel north: Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). The use of this frequency band shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service, and administrations wishing to implement IMT shall obtain the agreement of neighbouring countries to protect operations within the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.429C *Different category of service:* in Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Guatemala, Mexico, Paraguay and Uruguay, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. In Argentina, Brazil, Guatemala, Mexico and Paraguay, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Stations in the fixed and mobile services operating in the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)

5.429D In the following countries in Region 2: Argentina, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Mexico and Uruguay, the use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This use in Argentina and Uruguay is subject to the application of No. **9.21**. The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service, and administrations wishing to implement IMT shall obtain the agreement of neighbouring countries to protect operations within the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.429E *Additional allocation:* in Papua New Guinea, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. Stations in the mobile service operating in the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)

5.429F In the following countries in Region 3: Cambodia, India, Lao P.D.R., Pakistan, the Philippines and Viet Nam, the use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service. Before an administration brings into use a base or mobile station of an IMT system in this frequency band, it shall seek agreement under No. **9.21** with neighbouring countries to protect the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.430 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.430A The allocation of the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. This frequency band is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The provisions of Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** shall also apply in the coordination phase. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this frequency band, it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of

any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station) and with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table 21-4 of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)

5.431 *Additional allocation:* in Germany and Israel, the frequency band 3 400-3 475 MHz is also allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.431A In Region 2, the allocation of the frequency band 3 400-3 500 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. (WRC-15)

5.431B In Region 2, the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. At the stage of coordination the provisions of Nos. 9.17 and 9.18 also apply. Before an administration brings into use a base or mobile station of an IMT system, it shall seek agreement under No. 9.21 with other administrations and ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station), with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, the calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service, including IMT systems, in the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table 21-4 of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)

5.432 *Different category of service:* in Korea (Rep. of), Japan and Pakistan, the allocation of the band 3 400-3 500 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-2000)

5.432A In Korea (Rep. of), Japan and Pakistan, the band 3 400-3 500 MHz is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. At the stage of coordination the provisions of Nos. 9.17 and 9.18 also apply. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this band it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station), with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, the calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the band 3 400-3 500 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table 21-4 of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-07)

5.432B *Different category of service:* in Australia, Bangladesh, China, French overseas communities of Region 3, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), New Zealand, the Philippines and Singapore, the frequency band 3 400-3 500 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with other administrations and is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. At the stage of coordination the provisions of Nos. 9.17 and 9.18 also apply. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this frequency band it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and

the administration responsible for the earth station) with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, the calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the frequency band 3 400-3 500 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table **21-4** of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)

5.433 In Regions 2 and 3, in the band 3 400-3 600 MHz the radiolocation service is allocated on a primary basis. However, all administrations operating radiolocation systems in this band are urged to cease operations by 1985. Thereafter, administrations shall take all practicable steps to protect the fixed-satellite service and coordination requirements shall not be imposed on the fixed-satellite service.

5.433A In Australia, Bangladesh, China, French overseas communities of Region 3, Korea (Rep. of), India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, New Zealand, Pakistan and the Philippines, the frequency band 3 500-3 600 MHz is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. At the stage of coordination the provisions of Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** also apply. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this frequency band it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station), with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, the calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the frequency band 3 500-3 600 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table **21-4** of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)

5.434 In Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica and the United States, the frequency band 3 600-3 700 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for use by these administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. At the stage of coordination the provisions of Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** also apply. Before an administration brings into use a base or mobile station of an IMT system, it shall seek agreement under No. **9.21** with other administrations and ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station), with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, the calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service, including IMT systems, in the frequency band 3 600-3 700 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table **21-4** of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)

5.435 In Japan, in the band 3 620-3 700 MHz, the radiolocation service is excluded.

5.436 Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service is reserved exclusively for wireless avionics intra-communication systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **424 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)Not used.

5.437 Passive sensing in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services may be authorized in the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz on a secondary basis. (WRC-15) (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.438 Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved exclusively for radio altimeters installed on board aircraft and for the associated transponders on the ground. (WRC-15)

5.439 *Additional allocation:* in Iran (Islamic Republic of), the band 4 200-4 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.440 The standard frequency and time signal-satellite service may be authorized to use the frequency 4 202 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions and the frequency 6 427 MHz for Earth-to-space transmissions. Such

transmissions shall be confined within the limits of ± 2 MHz of these frequencies, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.440A In Region 2 (except Brazil, Cuba, French overseas departments and communities, Guatemala, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela), and in Australia, the band 4 400-4 940 MHz may be used for aeronautical mobile telemetry for flight testing by aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**). Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **416 (WRC-07)** and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, the fixed-satellite and fixed services. Any such use does not preclude the use of these bands by other mobile service applications or by other services to which these bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.441 The use of the bands 4 500-4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth), 6 725-7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix **30B**. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix **30B**. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)

5.441A In Uruguay, the frequency band 4 800-4 900 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained with neighbouring countries, and IMT stations shall not claim protection from stations of other applications of the mobile service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.441B In Cambodia, Lao P.D.R. and Viet Nam, the frequency band 4 800-4 990 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with concerned administrations, and IMT stations shall not claim protection from stations of other applications of the mobile service. In addition, before an administration brings into use an IMT station in the mobile service, it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this station does not exceed $-155 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 1 \text{ MHz))}$ produced up to 19 km above sea level at 20 km from the coast, defined as the low-water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal State. This criterion is subject to review at WRC-19. See Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification shall be effective after WRC-19. (WRC-15)

5.442 In the frequency bands 4 825-4 835 MHz and 4 950-4 990 MHz, the allocation to the mobile service is restricted to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service. In Region 2 (except Brazil, Cuba, Guatemala, Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela), and in Australia, the frequency band 4 825-4 835 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service, limited to aeronautical mobile telemetry for flight testing by aircraft stations. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **416 (WRC-07)** and shall not cause harmful interference to the fixed service. (WRC-15)

5.443 *Different category of service:* in Argentina, Australia and Canada, the allocation of the bands 4 825-4 835 MHz and 4 950-4 990 MHz to the radio astronomy service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

5.443A (SUP - WRC-03)

5.443AA In the frequency bands 5 000-5 030 MHz and 5 091-5 150 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The use of these bands by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)

5.443B In order not to cause harmful interference to the microwave landing system operating above 5 030 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface in the frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz by all the space stations within any radionavigation-satellite service system (space-to-Earth) operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall not exceed $-124.5 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in a 150 kHz band. In order not to cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz, radionavigation-satellite service systems operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall comply with the limits in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz defined in Resolution **741 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.443C The use of the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. Unwanted emissions from the aeronautical mobile (R) service in the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz shall be limited to protect RNSS system downlinks in the adjacent 5 010-5 030 MHz band. Until such time that an appropriate value is established in a relevant ITU-R Recommendation, the e.i.r.p. density limit of -75 dBW/MHz in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz for any AM(R)S station unwanted emission should be used. (WRC-12)

5.443D In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of this frequency band by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)

5.444 The frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz is to be used for the operation of the international standard system (microwave landing system) for precision approach and landing. In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the requirements of this system shall have priority over other uses of this frequency band. For the use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz, No. **5.444A** and Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)** apply. (WRC-15)

5.444A The use of the allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service shall be subject to application of Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)**. Moreover, to ensure that the aeronautical radionavigation service is protected from harmful interference, coordination is required for feeder-link earth stations of the non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service which are separated by less than 450 km from the territory of an administration operating ground stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-15)

5.444B The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service is limited to:

- systems operating in the aeronautical mobile (R) service and in accordance with international aeronautical standards, limited to surface applications at airports. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **748 (Rev.WRC-15)**;
- aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**) in accordance with Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.445 Not used.

5.446 *Additional allocation:* in the countries listed in No. **5.369**, the frequency band 5 150-5 216 MHz is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In Region 2 (except in Mexico), the frequency band is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. In Regions 1 and 3, except those countries listed in No. **5.369** and Bangladesh, the frequency band is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis. The use by the radiodetermination-satellite service is limited to feeder links in conjunction with the radiodetermination-satellite service operating in the frequency bands 1 610-1 626.5 MHz and/or 2 483.5-2 500 MHz. The total power flux-density at the Earth's surface shall in no case exceed $-159 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival. (WRC-15)

5.446A The use of the bands 5 150-5 350 MHz and 5 470-5 725 MHz by the stations in the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service shall be in accordance with Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)

5.446B In the band 5 150-5 250 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from earth stations in the fixed-satellite service. No. **5.43A** does not apply to the mobile service with respect to fixed-satellite service earth stations. (WRC-03)

5.446C *Additional allocation:* in Region 1 (except in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia) and in Brazil, the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, limited to aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**), in accordance with

Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-12)**. These stations shall not claim protection from other stations operating in accordance with Article 5. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-12)

5.447 *Additional allocation:* in Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Israel, Lebanon, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia, the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service, on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-12)** do not apply. (WRC-12)

5.447A The allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

5.447B *Additional allocation:* the band 5 150-5 216 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. This allocation is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to provisions of No. **9.11A**. The power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by space stations of the fixed-satellite service operating in the space-to-Earth direction in the band 5 150-5 216 MHz shall in no case exceed $-164 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival.

5.447C Administrations responsible for fixed-satellite service networks in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B** shall coordinate on an equal basis in accordance with No. **9.11A** with administrations responsible for non-geostationary-satellite networks operated under No. **5.446** and brought into use prior to 17 November 1995. Satellite networks operated under No. **5.446** brought into use after 17 November 1995 shall not claim protection from, and shall not cause harmful interference to, stations of the fixed-satellite service operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B**.

5.447D The allocation of the band 5 250-5 255 MHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-97)

5.447E *Additional allocation:* The frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis in the following countries in Region 3: Australia, Korea (Rep. of), India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam. The use of this frequency band by the fixed service is intended for the implementation of fixed wireless access systems and shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R F.1613-0. In addition, the fixed service shall not claim protection from the radiodetermination, Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services, but the provisions of No. **5.43A** do not apply to the fixed service with respect to the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services. After implementation of fixed wireless access systems in the fixed service with protection for the existing radiodetermination systems, no more stringent constraints should be imposed on the fixed wireless access systems by future radiodetermination implementations. (WRC-15)

5.447F In the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active). These services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendations ITU-R M.1638-0 and ITU-R RS.1632-0. (WRC-15)

5.448 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Romania and Turkmenistan, the band 5 250-5 350 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.448A The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services in the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

5.448B The Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 570 MHz and space research service (active) operating in the band 5 460-5 570 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz, the radionavigation service in the band 5 460-5 470 MHz and the maritime radionavigation service in the band 5 470-5 570 MHz. (WRC-03)

5.448C The space research service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from other services to which this band is allocated. (WRC-03)

5.448D In the frequency band 5 350-5 470 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the aeronautical radionavigation service operating in accordance with No. **5.449**. (WRC-03)

5.449 The use of the band 5 350-5 470 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne radars and associated airborne beacons.

5.450 *Additional allocation:* in Austria, Azerbaijan, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 5 470-5 650 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.450A In the frequency band 5 470-5 725 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from radiodetermination services. Radiodetermination services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendation ITU-R M.1638-0. (WRC-15)

5.450B In the frequency band 5 470-5 650 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service, except ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes in the band 5 600-5 650 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-03)

5.451 *Additional allocation:* in the United Kingdom, the band 5 470-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. The power limits specified in Nos. **21.2**, **21.3**, **21.4** and **21.5** shall apply in the band 5 725-5 850 MHz.

5.452 Between 5 600 MHz and 5 650 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the maritime radionavigation service.

5.453 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Thailand, Togo, Viet Nam and Yemen, the band 5 650-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-12)** do not apply. (WRC-12)

5.454 *Different category of service:* in Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 5 670-5 725 MHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-12)

5.455 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cuba, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 5 670-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-07)

5.456 (SUP - WRC-15)

5.457 In Australia, Burkina Faso, Cote d'Ivoire, Mali and Nigeria, the allocation to the fixed service in the bands 6 440-6 520 MHz (HAPS-to-ground direction) and 6 560-6 640 MHz (ground-to-HAPS direction) may also be used by gateway links for high-altitude platform stations (HAPS) within the territory of these countries. Such use is limited to operation in HAPS gateway links and shall not cause harmful interference to, and shall not claim protection from, existing services, and shall be in compliance with Resolution **150 (WRC-12)**. Existing services shall not be constrained in future development by HAPS gateway links. The use of HAPS gateway links in these bands requires explicit agreement with other administrations whose territories are located within 1 000 kilometres from the border of an administration intending to use the HAPS gateway links. (WRC-12)

5.457A In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may communicate with space stations of the fixed-satellite service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. In the frequency band 5 925-6 425 MHz, earth stations located on board vessels and communicating with space stations of the fixed-satellite service may employ transmit antennas with minimum diameter of 1.2 m and operate without prior agreement of any administration if located at least 330 km away from the low-water mark as officially recognized by the coastal State. All other provisions of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-15)

5.457B In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. (WRC-15)

5.457C In Region 2 (except Brazil, Cuba, French overseas departments and communities, Guatemala, Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela), the frequency band 5 925-6 700 MHz may be used for aeronautical mobile telemetry for flight testing by aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**). Such use shall be in accordance with

Resolution **416 (WRC-07)** and shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the fixed-satellite and fixed services. Any such use does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other mobile service applications or by other services to which these frequency bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.458 In the band 6 425-7 075 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out over the oceans. In the band 7 075-7 250 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services in their future planning of the bands 6 425-7 025 MHz and 7 075-7 250 MHz.

5.458A In making assignments in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz to space stations of the fixed-satellite service, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect spectral line observations of the radio astronomy service in the band 6 650-6 675.2 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions.

5.458B The space-to-Earth allocation to the fixed-satellite service in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems of the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of the band 6 700-7 075 MHz (space-to-Earth) by feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is not subject to No. **22.2**.

5.458C (SUP - WRC-15)

5.459 *Additional allocation:* in the Russian Federation, the frequency bands 7 100-7 155 MHz and 7 190-7 235 MHz are also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz, with respect to the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space), No. **9.21** does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.460 No emissions from space research service (Earth-to-space) systems intended for deep space shall be effected in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz. Geostationary satellites in the space research service operating in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the fixed and mobile services and No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.460A The use of the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the Earth exploration-satellite service shall be limited to tracking, telemetry and command for the operation of spacecraft. Space stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations in the fixed and mobile services, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. No. **9.17** applies. Additionally, to ensure protection of the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services, the location of earth stations supporting spacecraft in the Earth exploration-satellite service in non-geostationary orbits or geostationary orbit shall maintain a separation distance of at least 10 km and 50 km, respectively, from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries, unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. (WRC-15)

5.460B Space stations on the geostationary orbit operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the space research service, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.461 *Additional allocation:* the bands 7 250-7 375 MHz (space-to-Earth) and 7 900-8 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) are also allocated to the mobile-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

5.461A The use of the band 7 450-7 550 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems. Non-geostationary meteorological-satellite systems in this band notified before 30 November 1997 may continue to operate on a primary basis until the end of their lifetime. (WRC-97)

5.461AA The use of the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite networks. (WRC-15)

5.461AB In the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz, earth stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations in the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.461B The use of the band 7 750-7 900 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to non-geostationary satellite systems. (WRC-12)

5.462 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.462A In Regions 1 and 3 (except for Japan), in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz, the Earth exploration-satellite service using geostationary satellites shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of the following values for angles of arrival (θ), without the consent of the affected administration:

| | | |
|---|--|----------|
| -135 dB(W/m ²) in a 1 MHz band | for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 5^\circ$ | |
| -135 + 0.5 ($\theta - 5$) dB(W/m ²) in a 1 MHz band | for $5^\circ \leq \theta < 25^\circ$ | |
| -125 dB(W/m ²) in a 1 MHz band | for $25^\circ \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$ | (WRC-12) |

5.463 Aircraft stations are not permitted to transmit in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz. (WRC-97)

5.464 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.465 In the space research service, the use of the band 8 400-8 450 MHz is limited to deep space.

5.466 *Different category of service:* in Singapore and Sri Lanka, the allocation of the band 8 400-8 500 MHz to the space research service is on a secondary basis (see No. **5.32**). (WRC-12)

5.467 (SUP - WRC-03)

5.468 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guyana, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the frequency band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.469 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Lithuania, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, the Czech Rep., Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile and radionavigation services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.469A In the band 8 550-8 650 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, stations of the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)

5.470 The use of the band 8 750-8 850 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne Doppler navigation aids on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz.

5.471 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Bahrain, Belgium, China, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, France, Greece, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Libya, the Netherlands, Qatar and Sudan, the frequency bands 8 825-8 850 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz are also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars only. (WRC-15)

5.472 In the bands 8 850-9 000 MHz and 9 200-9 225 MHz, the maritime radionavigation service is limited to shore-based radars.

5.473 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cuba, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 8 850-9 000 MHz and 9 200-9 300 MHz are also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-07)

5.473A In the band 9 000-9 200 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, systems identified in No. **5.337** operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service, or radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service operating in this band on a primary basis in the countries listed in No. **5.471**. (WRC-07)

5.474 In the band 9 200-9 500 MHz, search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used, having due regard to the appropriate ITU-R Recommendation (see also Article **31**).

5.474A The use of the frequency bands 9 200-9 300 MHz and 9 900-10 400 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 600 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the frequency band 9 300-9 900 MHz. Such use is subject to agreement to be obtained under No. **9.21** from Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lebanon and Tunisia. An administration that has not replied under No. **9.52** is considered as not having agreed to the coordination request. In this case, the notifying administration of the satellite system operating in the Earth

exploration-satellite service (active) may request the assistance of the Bureau under Sub-Section IID of Article 9. (WRC-15)

5.474B Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2066-0. (WRC-15)

5.474C Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2065-0. (WRC-15)

5.474D Stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the maritime radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 200-9 300 MHz, the radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 900-10 000 MHz and the radiolocation service in the frequency band 10.0-10.4 GHz. (WRC-15)

5.475 The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne weather radars and ground-based radars. In addition, ground-based radar beacons in the aeronautical radionavigation service are permitted in the band 9 300-9 320 MHz on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-07)

5.475A The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 300 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 500-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)

5.475B In the band 9 300-9 500 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radars operating in the radionavigation service in conformity with the Radio Regulations. Ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes have priority over other radiolocation uses. (WRC-07)

5.476 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.476A In the band 9 300-9 800 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations of the radionavigation and radiolocation services. (WRC-07)

5.477 *Different category of service:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Trinidad and Tobago, and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 9 800-10 000 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-15)

5.478 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 9 800-10 000 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-07)

5.478A The use of the band 9 800-9 900 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 500 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 300-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)

5.478B In the band 9 800-9 900 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from stations of the fixed service to which this band is allocated on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)

5.479 The band 9 975-10 025 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a secondary basis for use by weather radars.

5.480 *Additional allocation:* in Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Cuba, El Salvador, Ecuador, Guatemala, Honduras, Paraguay, the Netherlands Antilles, Peru and Uruguay, the frequency band 10-10.45 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In Colombia, Costa Rica, Mexico and Venezuela, the frequency band 10-10.45 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.481 *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Angola, Brazil, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, El Salvador, Ecuador, Spain, Guatemala, Hungary, Japan, Kenya, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Tanzania, Thailand and Uruguay, the band 10.45-10.5 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.482 In the band 10.6-10.68 GHz, the power delivered to the antenna of stations of the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services shall not exceed -3 dBW. This limit may be exceeded, subject to agreement

obtained under No. **9.21**. However, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belarus, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Mauritania, Moldova, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Viet Nam, this restriction on the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is not applicable. (WRC-07)

5.482A For sharing of the band 10.6-10.68 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services, Resolution **751 (WRC-07)** applies. (WRC-07)

5.483 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Colombia, Korea (Rep. of), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mongolia, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the band 10.68-10.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-12)

5.484 In Region 1, the use of the band 10.7-11.7 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.

5.484A The use of the bands 10.95-11.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.45-11.7 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, 12.2-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 3, 12.5-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 13.75-14.5 GHz (Earth-to-space), 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth), 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 27.5-28.6 GHz (Earth-to-space), 29.5-30 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)

5.484B Resolution **155 (WRC-15)** shall apply. (WRC-15)

5.485 In Region 2, in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz, transponders on space stations in the fixed-satellite service may be used additionally for transmissions in the broadcasting-satellite service, provided that such transmissions do not have a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 53 dBW per television channel and do not cause greater interference or require more protection from interference than the coordinated fixed-satellite service frequency assignments. With respect to the space services, this band shall be used principally for the fixed-satellite service.

5.486 *Different category of service:* in the United States, the allocation of the frequency band 11.7-12.1 GHz to the fixed service is on a secondary basis (see No. **5.32**). (WRC-15)

5.487 In the band 11.7-12.5 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, the fixed, fixed-satellite, mobile, except aeronautical mobile, and broadcasting services, in accordance with their respective allocations, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting-satellite stations operating in accordance with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan in Appendix **30**. (WRC-03)

5.487A *Additional allocation:* in Region 1, the band 11.7-12.5 GHz, in Region 2, the band 12.2-12.7 GHz and, in Region 3, the band 11.7-12.2 GHz, are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, limited to non-geostationary systems and subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-03)

5.488 The use of the band 11.7-12.2 GHz by geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.14** for coordination with stations of terrestrial

services in Regions 1, 2 and 3. For the use of the band 12.2-12.7 GHz by the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2, see Appendix 30. (WRC-03)

5.489 *Additional allocation:* in Peru, the band 12.1-12.2 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis.

5.490 In Region 2, in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz, existing and future terrestrial radiocommunication services shall not cause harmful interference to the space services operating in conformity with the broadcasting-satellite Plan for Region 2 contained in Appendix 30.

5.491 (SUP - WRC-03)

5.492 Assignments to stations of the broadcasting-satellite service which are in conformity with the appropriate regional Plan or included in the Regions 1 and 3 List in Appendix 30 may also be used for transmissions in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), provided that such transmissions do not cause more interference, or require more protection from interference, than the broadcasting-satellite service transmissions operating in conformity with the Plan or the List, as appropriate. (WRC-2000)

5.493 The broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.75 GHz in Region 3 is limited to a power flux-density not exceeding $-111 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz))}$ for all conditions and for all methods of modulation at the edge of the service area. (WRC-97)

5.494 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Mongolia, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.495 *Additional allocation:* in France, Greece, Monaco, Montenegro, Uganda, Romania and Tunisia, the frequency band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.496 *Additional allocation:* in Austria, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. However, stations in these services shall not cause harmful interference to fixed-satellite service earth stations of countries in Region 1 other than those listed in this footnote. Coordination of these earth stations is not required with stations of the fixed and mobile services of the countries listed in this footnote. The power flux-density limit at the Earth's surface given in Table 21-4 of Article 21, for the fixed-satellite service shall apply on the territory of the countries listed in this footnote. (WRC-2000)

5.497 The use of the band 13.25-13.4 GHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Doppler navigation aids.

5.498 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.498A The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services operating in the band 13.25-13.4 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-97)

5.499 *Additional allocation:* in Bangladesh and India, the band 13.25-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. In Pakistan, the band 13.25-13.75 GHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.499A The use of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015. (WRC-15)

5.499B Administrations shall not preclude the deployment and operation of transmitting earth stations in the standard frequency and time signal-satellite service (Earth-to-space) allocated on a secondary basis in the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz due to the primary allocation to FSS (space-to-Earth). (WRC-15)

5.499C The allocation of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to:

- satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015,
- active spaceborne sensors,
- satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-Earth) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated earth stations.

Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.499D In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, satellite systems in the space research service (space-to-Earth) and/or the space research service (space-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations in the fixed, mobile, radiolocation and Earth exploration-satellite (active) services. (WRC-15)

5.499E In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) shall not claim protection from space stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in accordance with these Regulations, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **22.2** do not apply to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) with respect to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in this frequency band. (WRC-15)

5.500 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad and Tunisia, the frequency band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In Pakistan, the frequency band 13.4-13.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.501 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Hungary, Japan, Kyrgyzstan, Romania and Turkmenistan, the band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.501A The allocation of the frequency band 13.65-13.75 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.501B In the band 13.4-13.75 GHz, the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)

5.502 In the band 13.75-14 GHz, an earth station of a geostationary fixed-satellite service network shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 1.2 m and an earth station of a non-geostationary fixed-satellite service system shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. In addition, the e.i.r.p., averaged over one second, radiated by a station in the radiolocation or radionavigation services shall not exceed 59 dBW for elevation angles above 2° and 65 dBW at lower angles. Before an administration brings into use an earth station in a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service in this band with an antenna diameter smaller than 4.5 m, it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed:

- $-115 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 10 \text{ MHz))}$ for more than 1% of the time produced at 36 m above sea level at the low water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal State;
- $-115 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 10 \text{ MHz))}$ for more than 1% of the time produced 3 m above ground at the border of the territory of an administration deploying or planning to deploy land mobile radars in this band, unless prior agreement has been obtained.

For earth stations within the fixed-satellite service having an antenna diameter greater than or equal to 4.5 m, the e.i.r.p. of any emission should be at least 68 dBW and should not exceed 85 dBW. (WRC-03)

5.503 In the band 13.75-14 GHz, geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 shall operate on an equal basis with stations in the fixed-satellite service; after that date, new geostationary space stations in the space research service will operate on a secondary basis. Until those geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 cease to operate in this band:

- in the band 13.77-13.78 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed:
 - i) $4.7D + 28 \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$, where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 1.2 m and less than 4.5 m;
 - ii) $49.2 + 20 \log(D/4.5) \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$, where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 4.5 m and less than 31.9 m;
 - iii) $66.2 \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$ for any fixed-satellite service earth station for antenna diameters (m) equal to or greater than 31.9 m;
 - iv) 56.2 dB(W/4 kHz) for narrow-band (less than 40 kHz of necessary bandwidth) fixed-satellite service earth station emissions from any fixed-satellite service earth station having an antenna diameter of 4.5 m or greater;
- the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in non-geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed 51 dBW in the 6 MHz band from 13.772 to 13.778 GHz.

Automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density in these frequency ranges to compensate for rain attenuation, to the extent that the power flux-density at the fixed-satellite service space station does not exceed the value resulting from use by an earth station of an e.i.r.p. meeting the above limits in clear-sky conditions. (WRC-03)

5.503A (SUP - WRC-03)

5.504 The use of the band 14-14.3 GHz by the radionavigation service shall be such as to provide sufficient protection to space stations of the fixed-satellite service.

5.504A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, aircraft earth stations in the secondary aeronautical mobile-satellite service may also communicate with space stations in the fixed-satellite service. The provisions of Nos. **5.29**, **5.30** and **5.31** apply. (WRC-03)

5.504B Aircraft earth stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz shall comply with the provisions of Annex 1, Part C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, with respect to any radio astronomy station performing observations in the 14.47-14.5 GHz frequency band located on the territory of Spain, France, India, Italy, the United Kingdom and South Africa. (WRC-15)

5.504C In the frequency band 14-14.25 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

5.505 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Swaziland, Chad, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 14-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.506 The band 14-14.5 GHz may be used, within the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space), for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service, subject to coordination with other networks in the fixed-satellite service. Such use of feeder links is reserved for countries outside Europe.

5.506A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, ship earth stations with an e.i.r.p. greater than 21 dBW shall operate under the same conditions as earth stations located on board vessels, as provided in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. This footnote shall not apply to ship earth stations for which the complete Appendix **4** information has been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

5.506B Earth stations located on board vessels communicating with space stations in the fixed-satellite service may operate in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz without the need for prior agreement from Cyprus and Malta, within the minimum distance given in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** from these countries. (WRC-15)

5.507 Not used.

5.508 *Additional allocation:* in Germany, France, Italy, Libya, The Former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia and the United Kingdom, the band 14.25-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.508A In the frequency band 14.25-14.3 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

5.509 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.509A In the frequency band 14.3-14.5 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sri Lanka, Tunisia and Viet Nam by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

5.509B The use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)** by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellites. (WRC-15)

5.509C For the use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)** by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service, the fixed-satellite service earth stations shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 6 m and a maximum power spectral density of -44.5 dBW/Hz at the input of the antenna. The earth stations shall be notified at known locations on land. (WRC-15)

5.509D Before an administration brings into use an earth station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)**) and 14.5-14.8 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**), it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed -151.5 dB(W/(m² · 4 kHz)) produced at all altitudes from 0 m to 19 000 m above sea level at 22 km seaward from all coasts, defined as the low-water mark, as officially recognized by each coastal State. (WRC-15)

5.509E In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, the location of earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 500 km from the border(s) of other countries unless shorter distances are explicitly agreed by those administrations. No. **9.17** does not apply. When applying this provision, administrations should consider the relevant parts of these Regulations and the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations. (WRC-15)

5.509F In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall not constrain the future deployment of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)

5.509G The frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz is also allocated to the space research service on a primary basis. However, such use is limited to the satellite systems operating in the space research service (Earth-to-space) to relay data to space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit from associated earth stations. Stations in the space research service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations in the fixed and mobile services and in the fixed-satellite service limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service and associated space operations functions using the guardbands under Appendix **30A** and feeder links for the broadcasting-

satellite service in Region 2. Other uses of this frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.510 Except for use in accordance with Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, the use of the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. This use is reserved for countries outside Europe. Uses other than feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service are not authorized in Regions 1 and 2 in the frequency band 14.75-14.8 GHz. (WRC-15)

5.511 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Guinea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Somalia, the band 15.35-15.4 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.511A Use of the frequency band 15.43-15.63 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary systems in the mobile-satellite service, subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-15)

5.511B (SUP - WRC-97)

5.511C Stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service shall limit the effective e.i.r.p. in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. The minimum coordination distance required to protect the aeronautical radionavigation stations (No. **4.10** applies) from harmful interference from feeder-link earth stations and the maximum e.i.r.p. transmitted towards the local horizontal plane by a feeder-link earth station shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. (WRC-15)

5.511D (SUP - WRC-15)

5.511E In the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)

5.511F In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, radiolocation stations operating in the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz shall not exceed the power flux-density level of $-156 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in a 50 MHz bandwidth in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, at any radio astronomy observatory site for more than 2 per cent of the time. (WRC-12)

5.512 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Finland, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.513 *Additional allocation:* in Israel, the band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. These services shall not claim protection from or cause harmful interference to services operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those included in No. **5.512**.

5.513A Spaceborne active sensors operating in the band 17.2-17.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the development of, the radiolocation and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-97)

5.514 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Lithuania, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, Sudan and South Sudan, the frequency band 17.3-17.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits given in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply. (WRC-15)

5.515 In the band 17.3-17.8 GHz, sharing between the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the broadcasting-satellite service shall also be in accordance with the provisions of § 1 of Annex 4 of Appendix **30A**.

5.516 The use of the band 17.3-18.1 GHz by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. The use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to geostationary satellites. For the use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz, see Article **11**. The use of the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.8-

18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)

5.516A In the band 17.3-17.7 GHz, earth stations of the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 shall not claim protection from the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations operating under Appendix **30A**, nor put any limitations or restrictions on the locations of the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations anywhere within the service area of the feeder link. (WRC-03)

5.516B The following bands are identified for use by high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service:

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 17.3-17.7 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 18.3-19.3 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, |
| 19.7-20.2 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, |
| 39.5-40 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 40-40.5 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, |
| 40.5-42 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, |
| 47.5-47.9 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 48.2-48.54 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 49.44-50.2 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| and | |
| 27.5-27.82 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 1, |
| 28.35-28.45 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, |
| 28.45-28.94 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, |
| 28.94-29.1 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 and 3, |
| 29.25-29.46 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, |
| 29.46-30 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, |
| 48.2-50.2 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2. |

This identification does not preclude the use of these bands by other fixed-satellite service applications or by other services to which these bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in these Radio Regulations among users of the bands. Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. See Resolution **143 (WRC-03)***. (WRC-03)

5.517 In Region 2, use of the fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) service in the band 17.7-17.8 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from assignments in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in conformity with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.518 (SUP - WRC-07)

5.519 *Additional allocation:* the bands 18-18.3 GHz in Region 2 and 18.1-18.4 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 are also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. Their use is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-07)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-07.

5.520 The use of the band 18.1-18.4 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)

5.521 *Alternative allocation:* in the United Arab Emirates and Greece, the frequency band 18.1-18.4 GHz is allocated to the fixed, fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) and mobile services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). The provisions of No. **5.519** also apply. (WRC-15)

5.522 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.522A The emissions of the fixed service and the fixed-satellite service in the band 18.6-18.8 GHz are limited to the values given in Nos. **21.5A** and **21.16.2**, respectively. (WRC-2000)

5.522B The use of the band 18.6-18.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary systems and systems with an orbit of apogee greater than 20 000 km. (WRC-2000)

5.522C In the band 18.6-18.8 GHz, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia and Yemen, fixed-service systems in operation at the date of entry into force of the Final Acts of WRC-2000 are not subject to the limits of No. **21.5A**. (WRC-2000)

5.523 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.523A The use of the bands 18.8-19.3 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 28.6-29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service networks is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A** and No. **22.2** does not apply. Administrations having geostationary-satellite networks under coordination prior to 18 November 1995 shall cooperate to the maximum extent possible to coordinate pursuant to No. **9.11A** with non-geostationary-satellite networks for which notification information has been received by the Bureau prior to that date, with a view to reaching results acceptable to all the parties concerned. Non-geostationary-satellite networks shall not cause unacceptable interference to geostationary fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 notification information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)

5.523B The use of the band 19.3-19.6 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, and No. **22.2** does not apply.

5.523C No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.3-19.6 GHz and 29.1-29.4 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)

5.523D The use of the band 19.3-19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) by geostationary fixed-satellite service systems and by feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, but not subject to the provisions of No. **22.2**. The use of this band for other non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems, or for the cases indicated in Nos. **5.523C** and **5.523E**, is not subject to the provisions of No. **9.11A** and shall continue to be subject to Articles 9 (except No. **9.11A**) and 11 procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**. (WRC-97)

5.523E No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.6-19.7 GHz and 29.4-29.5 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau by 21 November 1997. (WRC-97)

5.524 *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Tunisia, the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. This additional use shall not impose any limitation on the power flux-density of space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz and of space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-20.2 GHz where the allocation to the mobile-satellite service is on a primary basis in the latter frequency band. (WRC-15)

5.525 In order to facilitate interregional coordination between networks in the mobile-satellite and fixed-satellite services, carriers in the mobile-satellite service that are most susceptible to interference shall, to the extent practicable, be located in the higher parts of the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz.

5.526 In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz in Region 2, and in the bands 20.1-20.2 GHz and 29.9-30 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, networks which are both in the fixed-satellite service and in the mobile-satellite service may include links between earth stations at specified or unspecified points or while in motion, through one or more satellites for point-to-point and point-to-multipoint communications.

5.527 In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply with respect to the mobile-satellite service.

5.527A The operation of earth stations in motion communicating with the FSS is subject to Resolution **156 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.528 The allocation to the mobile-satellite service is intended for use by networks which use narrow spot-beam antennas and other advanced technology at the space stations. Administrations operating systems in the mobile-satellite service in the band 19.7-20.1 GHz in Region 2 and in the band 20.1-20.2 GHz shall take all practicable steps to ensure the continued availability of these bands for administrations operating fixed and mobile systems in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.524**.

5.529 The use of the bands 19.7-20.1 GHz and 29.5-29.9 GHz by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 is limited to satellite networks which are both in the fixed-satellite service and in the mobile-satellite service as described in No. **5.526**.

5.530 (SUP - WRC-12)

5.530A Unless otherwise agreed between the administrations concerned, any station in the fixed or mobile services of an administration shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of $-120.4 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ at 3 m above the ground of any point of the territory of any other administration in Regions 1 and 3 for more than 20% of the time. In conducting the calculations, administrations should use the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 (see also the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R BO.1898). (WRC-15)

5.530B In the band 21.4-22 GHz, in order to facilitate the development of the broadcasting-satellite service, administrations in Regions 1 and 3 are encouraged not to deploy stations in the mobile service and are encouraged to limit the deployment of stations in the fixed service to point-to-point links. (WRC-12)

5.530C (SUP - WRC-15)

5.530D See Resolution **555 (WRC-12)***. (WRC-12)

5.531 *Additional allocation:* in Japan, the band 21.4-22 GHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis.

5.532 The use of the band 22.21-22.5 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall not impose constraints upon the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services.

5.532A The location of earth stations in the space research service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 54 km from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries to protect the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** do not apply. (WRC-12)

5.532B Use of the band 24.65-25.25 GHz in Region 1 and the band 24.65-24.75 GHz in Region 3 by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to earth stations using a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. (WRC-12)

5.533 The inter-satellite service shall not claim protection from harmful interference from airport surface detection equipment stations of the radionavigation service.

5.534 (SUP - WRC-03)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-15

5.535 In the band 24.75-25.25 GHz, feeder links to stations of the broadcasting-satellite service shall have priority over other uses in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space). Such other uses shall protect and shall not claim protection from existing and future operating feeder-link networks to such broadcasting satellite stations.

5.535A The use of the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and feeder links to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, but not subject to the provisions of No. **22.2**, except as indicated in Nos. **5.523C** and **5.523E** where such use is not subject to the provisions of No. **9.11A** and shall continue to be subject to Articles **9** (except No. **9.11A**) and **11** procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**. (WRC-97)

5.536 Use of the 25.25-27.5 GHz band by the inter-satellite service is limited to space research and Earth exploration-satellite applications, and also transmissions of data originating from industrial and medical activities in space.

5.536A Administrations operating earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or the space research service shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed and mobile services operated by other administrations. In addition, earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or in the space research service should be operated taking into account the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SA.1862. (WRC-12)

5.536B In Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Brazil, China, Korea (Rep. of), Denmark, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Lithuania, Moldova, Norway, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, the United Kingdom, Singapore, Sweden, Tanzania, Turkey, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service in the frequency band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)

5.536C In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lithuania, Malaysia, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Uruguay, Zambia and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the space research service in the band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-12)

5.537 Space services using non-geostationary satellites operating in the inter-satellite service in the band 27-27.5 GHz are exempt from the provisions of No. **22.2**.

5.537A In Bhutan, Cameroon, Korea (Rep. of), the Russian Federation, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam, the allocation to the fixed service in the band 27.9-28.2 GHz may also be used by high altitude platform stations (HAPS) within the territory of these countries. Such use of 300 MHz of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS in the above countries is further limited to operation in the HAPS-to-ground direction and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other types of fixed-service systems or other co-primary services. Furthermore, the development of these other services shall not be constrained by HAPS. See Resolution **145 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)

5.538 *Additional allocation:* the bands 27.500-27.501 GHz and 29.999-30.000 GHz are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis for the beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control. Such space-to-Earth transmissions shall not exceed an equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of +10 dBW in the direction of adjacent satellites on the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-07)

5.539 The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) for the provision of feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.

5.540 *Additional allocation:* the band 27.501-29.999 GHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis for beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control.

5.541 In the band 28.5-30 GHz, the earth exploration-satellite service is limited to the transfer of data between stations and not to the primary collection of information by means of active or passive sensors.

5.541A Feeder links of non-geostationary networks in the mobile-satellite service and geostationary networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) shall employ uplink adaptive power control or other methods of fade compensation, such that the earth station transmissions shall be conducted

at the power level required to meet the desired link performance while reducing the level of mutual interference between both networks. These methods shall apply to networks for which Appendix 4 coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau after 17 May 1996 and until they are changed by a future competent world radiocommunication conference. Administrations submitting Appendix 4 information for coordination before this date are encouraged to utilize these techniques to the extent practicable. (WRC-2000)

5.542 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka and Chad, the band 29.5-31 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits specified in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply. (WRC-12)

5.543 The band 29.95-30 GHz may be used for space-to-space links in the Earth exploration-satellite service for telemetry, tracking, and control purposes, on a secondary basis.

5.543A In Bhutan, Cameroon, Korea (Rep. of), the Russian Federation, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam, the allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz may also be used by systems using high altitude platform stations (HAPS) in the ground-to-HAPS direction. The use of the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz by systems using HAPS is limited to the territory of the countries listed above and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other types of fixed-service systems, systems in the mobile service and systems operated under No. **5.545**. Furthermore, the development of these services shall not be constrained by HAPS. Systems using HAPS in the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service having a primary allocation in the frequency band 31.3-31.8 GHz, taking into account the protection criterion as given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RA.769. In order to ensure the protection of satellite passive services, the level of unwanted power density into a HAPS ground station antenna in the frequency band 31.3-31.8 GHz shall be limited to -106 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions, and may be increased up to -100 dB(W/MHz) under rainy conditions to mitigate fading due to rain, provided the effective impact on the passive satellite does not exceed the impact under clear-sky conditions. See Resolution **145 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-15)

5.544 In the band 31-31.3 GHz the power flux-density limits specified in Article 21, Table 21-4 shall apply to the space research service.

5.545 *Different category of service:* in Armenia, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 31-31.3 GHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-12)

5.546 *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, the United Kingdom, South Africa, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the allocation of the band 31.5-31.8 GHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-12)

5.547 The bands 31.8-33.4 GHz, 37-40 GHz, 40.5-43.5 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 55.78-59 GHz and 64-66 GHz are available for high-density applications in the fixed service (see Resolution **75 (WRC-2000)***). Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. Because of the potential deployment of high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40.5-42 GHz (see No. **5.516B**), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to high-density applications in the fixed service, as appropriate. (WRC-07)

5.547A Administrations should take practical measures to minimize the potential interference between stations in the fixed service and airborne stations in the radionavigation service in the 31.8-33.4 GHz band, taking into account the operational needs of the airborne radar systems. (WRC-2000)

5.547B *Alternative allocation:* in the United States, the band 31.8-32 GHz is allocated to the radionavigation and space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) services on a primary basis. (WRC-97)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-12

5.547C *Alternative allocation:* in the United States, the band 32-32.3 GHz is allocated to the radionavigation and space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

5.547D *Alternative allocation:* in the United States, the band 32.3-33 GHz is allocated to the inter-satellite and radionavigation services on a primary basis. (WRC-97)

5.547E *Alternative allocation:* in the United States, the band 33-33.4 GHz is allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-97)

5.548 In designing systems for the inter-satellite service in the band 32.3-33 GHz, for the radionavigation service in the band 32-33 GHz, and for the space research service (deep space) in the band 31.8-32.3 GHz, administrations shall take all necessary measures to prevent harmful interference between these services, bearing in mind the safety aspects of the radionavigation service (see Recommendation 707). (WRC-03)

5.549 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the band 33.4-36 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.549A In the band 35.5-36.0 GHz, the mean power flux-density at the Earth's surface, generated by any spaceborne sensor in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active), for any angle greater than 0.8° from the beam centre shall not exceed -73.3 dB(W/m²) in this band. (WRC-03)

5.550 *Different category of service:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 34.7-35.2 GHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-12)

5.550A For sharing of the band 36-37 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution 752 (WRC-07) shall apply. (WRC-07)

5.551 (SUP - WRC-97)

5.551A (SUP - WRC-03)

5.551AA (SUP - WRC-03)

5.551B (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.551C (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.551D (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.551E (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.551F *Different category of service:* in Japan, the allocation of the band 41.5-42.5 GHz to the mobile service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-97)

5.551G (SUP - WRC-03)

5.551H The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the frequency band 42.5-43.5 GHz by all space stations in any non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station for more than 2% of the time:

-230 dB(W/m²) in 1 GHz and -246 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the frequency band 42.5-43.5 GHz at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and

-209 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the frequency band 42.5-43.5 GHz at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These epfd values shall be evaluated using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R S.1586-1 and the reference antenna pattern and the maximum gain of an antenna in the radio astronomy service given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631-0 and shall apply over the whole sky and for elevation angles higher than the minimum operating angle θ_{min} of the radiotelescope (for which a default value of 5° should be adopted in the absence of notified information).

These values shall apply at any radio astronomy station that either:

- was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
- was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743 (WRC-03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-15)

5.551I The power flux-density in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station:

- 137 dB(W/m²) in 1 GHz and –153 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and
- 116 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These values shall apply at the site of any radio astronomy station that either:

- was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
- was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743 (WRC-03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-03)

5.552 The allocation of the spectrum for the fixed-satellite service in the bands 42.5-43.5 GHz and 47.2-50.2 GHz for Earth-to-space transmission is greater than that in the band 37.5-39.5 GHz for space-to-Earth transmission in order to accommodate feeder links to broadcasting satellites. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to reserve the band 47.2-49.2 GHz for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the band 40.5-42.5 GHz.

5.552A The allocation to the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is designated for use by high altitude platform stations. The use of the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is subject to the provisions of Resolution **122 (Rev.WRC-07)**. (WRC-07)

5.553 In the bands 43.5-47 GHz and 66-71 GHz, stations in the land mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the space radiocommunication services to which these bands are allocated (see No. **5.43**). (WRC-2000)

5.554 In the bands 43.5-47 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 95-100 GHz, 123-130 GHz, 191.8-200 GHz and 252-265 GHz, satellite links connecting land stations at specified fixed points are also authorized when used in conjunction with the mobile-satellite service or the radionavigation-satellite service. (WRC-2000)

5.554A The use of the bands 47.5-47.9 GHz, 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-03)

5.555 *Additional allocation:* the band 48.94-49.04 GHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.555A (SUP - WRC-03)

5.555B The power flux-density in the band 48.94-49.04 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the bands 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz shall not exceed –151.8 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station. (WRC-03)

5.556 In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements. (WRC-2000)

5.556A Use of the bands 54.25-56.9 GHz, 57-58.2 GHz and 59-59.3 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed $-147 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 100 \text{ MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)

5.556B *Additional allocation:* in Japan, the band 54.25-55.78 GHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis for low-density use. (WRC-97)

5.557 *Additional allocation:* in Japan, the band 55.78-58.2 GHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a primary basis. (WRC-97)

5.557A In the band 55.78-56.26 GHz, in order to protect stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive), the maximum power density delivered by a transmitter to the antenna of a fixed service station is limited to -26 dB(W/MHz) . (WRC-2000)

5.558 In the bands 55.78-58.2 GHz, 59-64 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 122.25-123 GHz, 130-134 GHz, 167-174.8 GHz and 191.8-200 GHz, stations in the aeronautical mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. **5.43**). (WRC-2000)

5.558A Use of the band 56.9-57 GHz by inter-satellite systems is limited to links between satellites in geostationary-satellite orbit and to transmissions from non-geostationary satellites in high-Earth orbit to those in low-Earth orbit. For links between satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit, the single entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed $-147 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 100 \text{ MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)

5.559 In the band 59-64 GHz, airborne radars in the radiolocation service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. **5.43**). (WRC-2000)

5.559A (SUP - WRC-07)

5.559B The use of the frequency band 77.5-78 GHz by the radiolocation service shall be limited to short-range radar for ground-based applications, including automotive radars. The technical characteristics of these radars are provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2057. The provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply. (WRC-15)

5.560 In the band 78-79 GHz radars located on space stations may be operated on a primary basis in the Earth exploration-satellite service and in the space research service.

5.561 In the band 74-76 GHz, stations in the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the fixed-satellite service or stations of the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the decisions of the appropriate frequency assignment planning conference for the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)

5.561A The 81-81.5 GHz band is also allocated to the amateur and amateur-satellite services on a secondary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.561B In Japan, use of the band 84-86 GHz, by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links in the broadcasting-satellite service using the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-2000)

5.562 The use of the band 94-94.1 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services is limited to spaceborne cloud radars. (WRC-97)

5.562A In the bands 94-94.1 GHz and 130-134 GHz, transmissions from space stations of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) that are directed into the main beam of a radio astronomy antenna have the potential to damage some radio astronomy receivers. Space agencies operating the transmitters and the radio astronomy stations concerned should mutually plan their operations so as to avoid such occurrences to the maximum extent possible. (WRC-2000)

5.562B In the bands 105-109.5 GHz, 111.8-114.25 GHz, 155.5-158.5 GHz and 217-226 GHz, the use of this allocation is limited to space-based radio astronomy only. (WRC-2000)

5.562C Use of the band 116-122.25 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the

Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed $-148 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)

5.562D *Additional allocation:* In Korea (Rep. of), the frequency bands 128-130 GHz, 171-171.6 GHz, 172.2-172.8 GHz and 173.3-174 GHz are also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis. Radio astronomy stations in Korea (Rep. of) operating in the frequency bands referred to in this footnote shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and development of, services in other countries operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

5.562E The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to the band 133.5-134 GHz. (WRC-2000)

5.562F In the band 155.5-158.5 GHz, the allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall terminate on 1 January 2018. (WRC-2000)

5.562G The date of entry into force of the allocation to the fixed and mobile services in the band 155.5-158.5 GHz shall be 1 January 2018. (WRC-2000)

5.562H Use of the bands 174.8-182 GHz and 185-190 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed $-144 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)

5.563 (SUP - WRC-03)

5.563A In the bands 200-209 GHz, 235-238 GHz, 250-252 GHz and 265-275 GHz, ground-based passive atmospheric sensing is carried out to monitor atmospheric constituents. (WRC-2000)

5.563B The band 237.9-238 GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only. (WRC-2000)

5.564 (SUP - WRC-2000)

5.565 The following frequency bands in the range 275-1 000 GHz are identified for use by administrations for passive service applications:

- radio astronomy service: 275-323 GHz, 327-371 GHz, 388-424 GHz, 426-442 GHz, 453-510 GHz, 623-711 GHz, 795-909 GHz and 926-945 GHz;
- Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and space research service (passive): 275-286 GHz, 296-306 GHz, 313-356 GHz, 361-365 GHz, 369-392 GHz, 397-399 GHz, 409-411 GHz, 416-434 GHz, 439-467 GHz, 477-502 GHz, 523-527 GHz, 538-581 GHz, 611-630 GHz, 634-654 GHz, 657-692 GHz, 713-718 GHz, 729-733 GHz, 750-754 GHz, 771-776 GHz, 823-846 GHz, 850-854 GHz, 857-862 GHz, 866-882 GHz, 905-928 GHz, 951-956 GHz, 968-973 GHz and 985-990 GHz.

The use of the range 275-1 000 GHz by the passive services does not preclude use of this range by active services. Administrations wishing to make frequencies in the 275-1 000 GHz range available for active service applications are urged to take all practicable steps to protect these passive services from harmful interference until the date when the Table of Frequency Allocations is established in the above-mentioned 275-1 000 GHz frequency range.

All frequencies in the range 1 000-3 000 GHz may be used by both active and passive services. (WRC-12)

PART D – MALAYSIAN FOOTNOTES

Malaysian footnotes have been developed to respond to specific spectrum requirements in Malaysia. They are provided under the Malaysian Allocations column.

In the case of removal of a Malaysian footnote, the term '*suppressed*' is used. For example, '*suppressed in 2011*' indicates that the footnote is deleted in Spectrum Plan issued in 2011.

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| MLA1 | Users of frequencies below 8.3 kHz shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the services to which the bands from 8.3 kHz and above are allocated. |
| MLA2 | Scientific researchers using frequencies below 8.3 kHz are urged to advise the Commission in order that such research may be afforded all practicable protection from harmful interference. |
| MLA3 | Class Assignment. |
| MLA4 | For public correspondence in the Maritime Mobile Services. |
| MLA5 | (suppressed in 2014) |
| MLA6 | For the use of Aeronautical Non Directional Beacon. |
| MLA7 | For the use of: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Radiobeacons in the Maritime Radionavigation Service;2. Differential Global Navigation Satellite Systems (radiolocation mobile station) in the frequency band from 283.5 kHz to 325 kHz; and3. Aeronautical Non Directional Beacon. |
| MLA8 | For the use of Radiobeacons and Aeronautical Non Directional Beacon. |
| MLA9 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA10 | For the use of: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Aeronautical Non Directional Beacon.2. Public correspondence in the Maritime Mobile Service and Digital Global Positioning System. |
| MLA11 | The band from 526.5 kHz to 1606.5 kHz is being used by station for transmitting analogue Broadcasting Service and may be reserved for Digital Broadcasting Service. |
| MLA12 | (suppressed in 2011) |

- MLA13** Part of the bands may be used for Digital Broadcasting Service:
- 2 300 kHz to 2 495 kHz;
 - 3 200 kHz to 3 400 kHz;
 - 3 900 kHz to 4 000 kHz;
 - 4 750 kHz to 4 995 kHz; and
 - 5 005 kHz to 5 060 kHz.
- MLA14** The following frequency bands are exclusively used by the Government of Malaysia:
- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 30 kHz to 90 kHz; | 110 kHz to 135.7 kHz; |
| 137.8 kHz to 160 kHz; | 2 000 kHz to 2 173.5 kHz; |
| 2 190.5 kHz to 3 000 kHz; | 3 025 kHz to 3 155 kHz; |
| 4 700 kHz to 4 750 kHz; | 5 680 kHz to 5 730 kHz; |
| 6 685 kHz to 6 765 kHz; | 8 965 kHz to 9 040 kHz; |
| 11 175 kHz to 11 275 kHz; | 13 200 kHz to 13 260 kHz; |
| 13 360 kHz to 13 410 kHz; | 14 500 kHz to 14 900 kHz; |
| 15 010 kHz to 15 100 kHz; | 17 970 kHz to 18 030 kHz; |
| 23 200 kHz to 23 350 kHz; | 25 550 kHz to 25 670 kHz; |
| 30.010 MHz to 37.500 MHz; | 41.015 MHz to 50.000 MHz; |
| 72.80 MHz to 74.80 MHz; | 75.20 MHz to 87.00 MHz; |
| 140.05 MHz to 141.00 MHz; | 165.00 MHz to 167.00 MHz; |
| 170.00 MHz to 172.00 MHz; | 230.00 MHz to 328.60 MHz; |
| 335.40 MHz to 380.00 MHz; | 387.50 MHz to 390.00 MHz; |
| 397.500 MHz to 399.90 MHz; | 444.00 MHz to 445.00 MHz; |
| 449.00 MHz to 450.00 MHz; | 806 MHz to 824 MHz; |
| 851 MHz to 869 MHz; | 1 400.00 MHz to 1 427.00 MHz; |
| 1 660.50 MHz to 1 690.00 MHz; | 2 035.00 MHz to 2 036.00 MHz; |
| 2 040.00 MHz to 2 096.00 MHz; | 2 232.00 MHz to 2 233.00 MHz; |
| 3 100.00 MHz to 3400.00 MHz; | 4 940.00 MHz to 4 990.00 MHz; and |
| 9 500.00 MHz to 10 000.00 MHz. | |
- MLA15** (suppressed in 2017)
- MLA16** (suppressed in 2011)
- MLA17** (suppressed in 2017)
- MLA18** (suppressed in 2011)
- MLA19** (suppressed in 2011)
- MLA20** (suppressed in 2011)
- MLA21** (suppressed in 2011)
- MLA22** (suppressed in 2011)
- MLA23** (suppressed in 2011)
- MLA24** Frequency band between 75.2 MHz and 78 MHz is assigned for use by the Government of Malaysia. The transmitter power of the stations shall not exceed 5 Watt.
- MLA25** (suppressed in 2011)

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| MLA26 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA27 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA28 | Standard Radio System Plan 536: Requirements for Radio Amateur Service Operating in the Frequency Band from 144 MHz to 148 MHz. |
| MLA29 | Standard Radio System Plan 521: Requirements for Digital Terrestrial Television (including digital terrestrial sound) (DTT) Service Operating in the Frequency Bands from 174 MHz to 230 MHz and 470 MHz to 742 MHz. |
| MLA30 | Parts of the band is allocated for paging service using maximum bandwidth of 25 kHz. |
| MLA31 | The use of the band from 174 MHz to 230 MHz by the Fixed and Mobile Services shall not cause harmful interference to the Broadcasting Service. |
| MLA32 | The stations in the Aeronautical Radionavigation Service in the band from 225 MHz to 235 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to and shall not claim protection from broadcasting stations. |
| MLA33 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA34 | Standard Radio System Plan 519: Requirements for Digital Trunked Radio Systems (DTRS) Operating in the Frequency Band from 380 MHz to 399.9 MHz. |
| MLA35 | The stations in other services shall not cause harmful interference to and shall not claim protection from Meteorological Aid Service in the band from 401 MHz to 406 MHz. |
| MLA36 | Frequency bands from 440-441 MHz and 445-446 MHz are for use of Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) and telemetry. |
| MLA37 | Standard Radio System Plan 537: Requirements for Digital Trunked Radio Systems (DTRS) Operating in the Frequency Band from 410 MHz to 430 MHz. |
| MLA38 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA39 | Standard Radio System Plan 541: Requirements for Mobile Cellular Services Operating in the Frequency Band from 452.000 MHz to 456.475 MHz and 462.000 MHz to 466.475 MHz. |
| MLA40 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA41 | The bands from 141 MHz to 142 MHz and 441 MHz to 442 MHz are used for Mobile Radio (Simplex point-to-point). |
| MLA42 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA43 | Standard Radio System Plan 530: Requirements for Radio Frequency Identification Device (RFID) - Operating in the Frequency Band from 919 MHz to 923 MHz. |
| MLA44 | (suppressed in 2017) |
| MLA45 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA46 | (suppressed in 2014) |

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| MLA47 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA48 | Standard Radio System Plan 520: Requirements for Digital Multimedia Service (DMS) Operating in the Frequency Band from 1452 MHz to 1492 MHz. |
| MLA49 | (suppressed in 2014) |
| MLA50 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA51 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA52 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA53 | Standard Radio System Plan 524M: Requirements for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) Systems Operating in the Frequency Bands from 1885 MHz to 2025 MHz and 2110 MHz to 2200 MHz. |
| MLA54 | Standard Radio System Plan 532: Requirements for Broadband Wireless Access (BWA) Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 2300 MHz to 2400 MHz. |
| MLA55 | Standard Radio System Plan 523: Requirements for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 2500 MHz to 2690 MHz. |
| MLA55A | (suppressed in 2014) |
| MLA56 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA57 | (suppressed in 2017) |
| MLA57A | (suppressed in 2014) |
| MLA58 | Priority to satellite network filed under the administration of Malaysia at 91.5° East orbital slot in the Fixed Satellite Service. |
| MLA58A | Priority to satellite network filed under the administration of Malaysia at 91.5° East orbital slot in the Fixed Satellite Service. Fixed Service stations may operate on a non-interference basis. |
| MLA58B | Priority to Fixed Satellite Service, Earth Exploration Satellite Service and Meteorological Satellite Service at designated hub stations only. |
| MLA59 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA60 | (suppressed in 2017) |
| MLA61 | Standard Radio System Plan 512: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 5925 MHz to 6425 MHz. |
| MLA62 | Standard Radio System Plan 513: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 6430 MHz to 7110 MHz. |
| MLA63 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA64 | Standard Radio System Plan 514: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 7111 MHz to 7425 MHz. |

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| MLA65 | Standard Radio System Plan 515: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 7425 MHz to 7725 MHz. |
| MLA66 | Standard Radio System Plan 516: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 7725 MHz to 8275 MHz. |
| MLA67 | Standard Radio System Plan 517: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 8275 MHz to 8500 MHz. |
| MLA68 | Standard Radio System Plan 507b: Requirements for Fixed Wireless Access (FWA) Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 10.15 GHz to 10.30 GHz and 10.50 GHz to 10.65 GHz. |
| MLA69 | (suppressed in 2017) |
| MLA70 | Standard Radio System Plan FS 12.75: Requirements for Fixed Wireless Systems Operating in the Frequency Band 12.75 GHz to 13.25 GHz. |
| MLA71 | (suppressed in 2014) |
| MLA72 | Standard Radio System Plan 526: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 14.40 GHz to 15.35 GHz. |
| MLA73 | Standard Radio System Plan 527: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 17.70 GHz to 19.70 GHz. |
| MLA74 | Standard Radio System Plan 528: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 21.20 GHz to 23.60 GHz. |
| MLA75 | Standard Radio System Plan 509: Requirements for Local Multipoint Communications Service (LMCS) Operating in the Frequency Band from 24.25 GHz to 27.0 GHz, 27.0 GHz to 29.5 GHz and 31.0 GHz to 31.3 GHz. |
| MLA76 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA77 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA78 | (suppressed in 2011) |
| MLA79 | (suppressed in 2017) |
| MLA80 | (suppressed in 2017) |
| MLA81 | (suppressed in 2017) |
| MLA82 | Standard Radio System Plan 546: Requirements for Wireless Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Systems Operating in the Frequency Band from 5650 MHz to 5725 MHz. |

MLA83 The following frequencies in HF band have been identified as common Public Protection and Disaster Relief (PPDR) use in Brunei Darussalam, Malaysia and Singapore:

| 3 MHz Band | 6 MHz Band | 11 MHz Band | 14 MHz Band |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 3.122 | 6.314 | 11.202 | 14.27 |
| 3.341 | 6.3417 | 11.217 | 14.275 |
| 3.815 | 6.4501 | 11.23 | 14.293 |
| 3.925* | 6.771* | | 14.303* |
| 3.950* | | | 14.325* |

* - backup frequencies

MLA84 Following bands are identified for use of Public Protection and Disaster Relief (PPDR) in Malaysia:

380 MHz to 399.9 MHz (parts of the band);
806 MHz to 824 MHz;
851 MHz to 869 MHz; and
4 940 MHz to 4 990 MHz.

MLA85 Use of the band from 477 MHz to 478 MHz for personal radio service device is allowed until 31 December 2020.

MLA86 Analogue TV broadcasting stations are allowed to operate in the bands from 174 MHz to 230 MHz and from 470 MHz to 790 MHz until Analogue Switch-Off (ASO) targeted in June 2018. Analogue TV broadcasting stations shall cease operation after ASO.

MLA87 Use of frequency band from 223 MHz to 230 MHz for Airport Tower operation in the Aeronautical Radionavigation Service is allowed until 31st December 2020.

MLA88 Technical Specification for Amateur Radio Equipment (SKMM WTS ARE).

MLA89 Technical Specification for Broadband Wireless Access (SKMM WTS BWA).

MLA90 Technical Specification for Cordless Telephone Systems (SKMM WTS CTS).

MLA91 Technical Specification for GSM Mobile Terminals (SKMM WTS GSM-MT).

MLA92 Technical Specification for IMT-2000 Third-Generation (3G) Cellular Mobile Terminals (SKMM WTS IMT-MT).

MLA93 Specification for Land Mobile Radio Equipment (MCMC MTSFB TC T012).

MLA94 Specification for Short Range Devices (MCMC MTSFB TC T007).

MLA95 Specification for Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcast Receiver (SKMM MTSFB TC T004).

MLA96 Specification for Direct-To-Home Satellite Broadcast Receiving Antenna (SKMM MTSFB TC T005).

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| MLA97 | Specification for Direct-To-Home Satellite Broadcast Receiver (SKMM MTSFB TC T006). |
| MLA98 | Standard Radio System Plan 504: Requirements for Mobile Cellular Systems and International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) Systems Operating in the Frequency Bands 824 MHz to 834 MHz paired with 869 MHz to 879 MHz and 880 MHz to 915 MHz paired with 925 MHz to 960 MHz. |
| MLA99 | Standard Radio System Plan 508: Requirements for Mobile Cellular Systems and International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) Systems Operating in the Frequency Bands from 1710 MHz to 1785 MHz and 1805 MHz to 1880 MHz. |
| MLA100 | Standard Radio System Plan 547: Requirements for Fixed Wireless Access (FWA) Systems Operating in the Frequency Bands from 13.75 GHz to 14.40 GHz and 15.70 GHz to 16.60 GHz. |
| MLA101 | Standard Radio System Plan 548: Requirements for Fixed Service Line-Of-Sight Radio-Relay Systems Operating in the Frequency Bands from 71 GHz to 76 GHz and 81 GHz to 86 GHz. |
| MLA102 | Standard Radio System Plan 549: Requirements for Devices using Ultra-Wideband (UWB) Technology Operating in the Frequency Bands from 30 MHz to 960 MHz, 2.17 GHz to 10.6 GHz, 21.65 GHz to 29.5 GHz and 77 GHz to 81 GHz. |
| MLA103 | Use of the band from 450 MHz to 470 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to and shall not claim protection from Broadcasting Service in the adjacent band. |
| MLA104 | Use of the frequency 868.1 MHz for security device is only allowed until 31 December 2017. |
| MLA105 | Use of the band from 869 MHz to 870 MHz for short range device, security device and RFID is only allowed until 31 December 2017. |
| MLA106 | No new assignment in the frequency band 1 452 MHz to 1 492 MHz shall be considered. Existing stations are allowed to operate until 31 December 2020. |
| MLA107 | Existing stations in the frequency band 450 MHz to 470 MHz shall cease operation by 2019. |

CHAPTER 3:

ASSIGNMENT PROCEDURES

CHAPTER 3: ASSIGNMENT PROCEDURES

3.1 Assignments of Spectrum Pursuant to the Act

Section 157 of the Act prohibits the use of any part of the spectrum to provide a network service without holding or being conferred the rights to use the same under any one of the following categories of assignment:

- (a) spectrum assignment;
- (b) apparatus assignment; or
- (c) class assignment.

Standard conditions may be imposed on an assignment as stipulated under regulation 10 of the Spectrum Regulations.

3.1.1 Spectrum Assignment

A spectrum assignment confers the right on a person to use one or more specified frequency bands for any purpose consistent with the assignment conditions. This allows the assignment holder to use the assigned spectrum with technology requirements as stipulated in the assignment conditions.

In addition to the standard conditions imposed under regulation 10 of the Spectrum Regulations, the Commission may impose other conditions on spectrum assignment as stipulated in regulation 15 of the Spectrum Regulations.

A spectrum assignment issued by the Commission shall be valid for a maximum period of twenty (20) years or such lesser period as may be specified in the spectrum assignment.

3.1.2 Apparatus Assignment

An apparatus assignment confers rights on a person to use spectrum to operate a network facility of a specified kind at a specified frequency or in any specified frequency band or bands.

In addition to the conditions imposed under regulation 10 of the Spectrum Regulations, the Commission may impose other conditions on an apparatus assignment as stipulated in regulation 22 of the Spectrum Regulations.

The apparatus assignment, when issued is valid for a period of five (5) years or a lesser period as may be specified in the apparatus assignment.

3.1.3 Class Assignment

In accordance with section 169 of the Act, the Commission may issue class assignment and impose conditions to the class assignment. This type of assignment confers rights on any person to use the frequency(ies) for a list of devices and no fee shall be payable. The usage of devices which have been listed in the class assignment issued under section 169 of the Act are governed by, including but not limited to, the type of devices, emission power limit and frequency bands.

The class assignment is reviewed periodically by the Commission. The devices which have been issued with class assignment are required to be certified by the Commission or its registered certifying agency.

In principle, the use of such devices is on a shared non-exclusive basis and shall not be afforded protection from any interference.

A class assignment is valid until it is cancelled by the Commission.

3.2 Application for Assignment

3.2.1 Application for Spectrum Assignment

An application for spectrum assignment shall be made in accordance with regulation 14 of the Spectrum Regulations, whereby an application shall only be made after an invitation has been issued by the Commission through an Applicant Information Package ("AIP") issued under regulation 8 of the Spectrum Regulations.

As provided in subregulation 14(2) of the Spectrum Regulations, for purposes of an application for a spectrum assignment, the application shall be accompanied by an application fee as prescribed in the Second Schedule of the Spectrum Regulations.

Upon issuance of an AIP, an application for spectrum assignment shall be done in accordance with the procedures laid out in the AIP issued. In this context, the AIP may prescribe accordingly whether the assignment is to be done by way of an auction or by way of a tender.

It shall be noted that an application under regulation 14 of the Spectrum Regulations would not be required if the spectrum assignment is made through a reissuance under section 161 of the Act, or the exercise of a preferential right under section 174 of the Act.

These methods would be further deliberated under subsections 3.5 and 3.6 below.

3.2.2 Application for Apparatus Assignment

An application for an apparatus assignment shall be made in accordance with regulation 21 of the Spectrum Regulations.

Such application can be submitted to the Commission in the following methods:

- (a) by hard copy submission at the Commission's headquarters or regional offices; or
- (b) by online submission through e-Spectra².

e-Spectra is an electronic medium for applicants to submit their applications for apparatus assignment to the Commission. e-Spectra supports apparatus assignment applications for amateur, broadcasting, mobile, fixed, radiodetermination services and earth station.

In order for applicants to use e-Spectra, they must register with the Commission and obtain their client ID before they can proceed with submission of applications. The Commission will send a notification to inform on the status of the registration. Applicants can submit their apparatus assignment applications after the username is activated.

After the activation of the e-Spectra account, applicants are able to submit their applications by completing the forms through online.

Pursuant to regulation 21 of the Spectrum Regulations, an application fee of RM60.00 for each apparatus assignment application must be paid upon submission of application to the Commission. Payment can be made to the Commission through cheque, money order, postal order or e-Payment.

² <https://espectra.mcmc.gov.my>

It shall be noted that an application under regulation 21 of the Spectrum Regulations would not be required if the apparatus assignment is made through the exercise of a preferential right under section 174 of the Act, as referred to in section 3.5 below.

3.2.3 Application for Class Assignment

There is no application required for class assignment.

3.3 Exercise of Preferential Rights

Spectrum and apparatus assignments may also be issued through the exercise of preferential rights under section 174 of the Act.

In this context, the Minister may determine that a spectrum assignment and/or apparatus assignment may be issued to the particular persons or classes of person who satisfy such conditions as are specified in the determination published in the Gazette.

3.4 Auction

In an auction, the successful applicant is chosen based on who bid the highest price. Applicants must first submit their application in accordance with the procedure set out by the Commission.

The Commission will evaluate all applications and announce the list of qualified applicants to proceed to auction stage to bid.

The auction will begin according to the scheduled time and all qualified applicants will participate in the auction. The auction will continue until it achieves the target auction results.

The Commission will notify the successful applicant of the auction.

3.5 Tender

In a tender, applicants must first submit their application in accordance to procedure set out by the Commission. The Commission will assess all applications based on the evaluation criteria set by the Commission such as but not limited to experience, technical and commercial proposals. The assessment may or may not include assessment of price proposal depending on the type of tender.

3.6 Reissuance of Spectrum Assignment

A spectrum assignment may also be issued to the existing spectrum assignment holder pursuant to section 161 of the Act.

For this purpose, the Minister would be required to determine the fixed price.

3.7 Issuance and Payment of Fees for Assignment

3.7.1 Issuance and Payment of Fees for Spectrum Assignment

Upon completion of the application and/or procedures for a spectrum assignment, the Commission will notify the successful applicants and issue a spectrum assignment certificate, signifying the assignment of the spectrum assignment. The certificates issued to the spectrum assignment holders incorporating, inter alia, details and conditions of the said assignment.

Once assigned with the spectrum assignment, the assignment holder is obliged to pay the fees in accordance with regulation 16 of the Spectrum Regulations which may be structured as below:

- (a) an annual fee component to contribute to the maintenance of the spectrum underlying the assignment; and
- (b) a price component set by either auction, tender or other method within the scope of the Act payable annually or in a lump sum.

3.7.2 Issuance and Payment of Fees for Apparatus Assignment

Once the apparatus assignment application is approved by the Commission, an apparatus assignment certificate will be issued to the apparatus assignment holder signifying the assignment of the apparatus assignment. The certificate issued to the apparatus assignment holders incorporating, inter alia, the details and conditions of the said assignment.

Once assigned with an apparatus assignment, the assignment holder is obliged to pay the prescribed fees in the First Schedule in accordance with regulation 23 of the Spectrum Regulations.

The First Schedule of the Spectrum Regulations provides for the fee applicable to an apparatus assignment which comprise a fixed fee and variable fee as stated in Tables A and B respectively. The fees under Table A are based on the nature of service and type of apparatus used by the apparatus assignment holder whereas the fees under Table B are based on the size of the bandwidth used and the spectrum bands in which the apparatus operates.

The total fees payable for an apparatus assignment is the fee calculated using the fixed fee plus the variable fees for an assignment. An apparatus assignment may have fixed fee charges for the existence of the apparatus only or plus the variable fees for the various frequencies and bandwidth employed depending on the nature of the service being provided.

3.8 Transfer of Spectrum Assignment

The Act and the Spectrum Regulations provide provisions for transfer of spectrum assignment. A spectrum assignment holder may transfer or otherwise deal with the whole or any part of a spectrum assignment in accordance to regulation 19 of the Spectrum Regulations.

Depending on the conditions which a spectrum assignment holder may be subjected to under subregulation 19(1) of the Spectrum Regulations, the spectrum assignment holder may transfer or deal with the spectrum assignment in the following manner:

- (a) absolute prohibition on transfer or otherwise dealing with the assignment;
- (b) permitted if the assignment is transferred or otherwise dealt with in its entirety;
- (c) permitted for a geographic area in multiples of the stated geographic unit; or
- (d) permitted in multiples of the stated spectrum unit.

A spectrum assignment holder shall inform the Commission in writing of its intention to transfer its spectrum assignment and submit relevant supporting documents to the Commission. The Commission will process the request and inform the spectrum assignment holder of the outcome.

3.9 Third Party Authorisation of Apparatus Assignment

Apparatus assignment holders may appoint a third party to operate their networks subject to application, criteria and conditions set by the Commission.

For the purpose of third party authorisation for apparatus assignment, reference shall also be made to section 5.2 of the Guideline for Apparatus Assignment³, which shall be read together with this section.

Authorisation of a third party shall be subject to the Commission's approval, without relinquishing its rights of the said apparatus assignment and its associated obligations. In order to obtain the Commission's approval, both the apparatus assignment holder and the third party must fulfil the criteria set out in the Guideline of Apparatus Assignment.

³ http://www.mcmc.gov.my/skmmgovmy/media/General/pdf/Guideline-for-Apparatus-Assignment_Final-121112.pdf

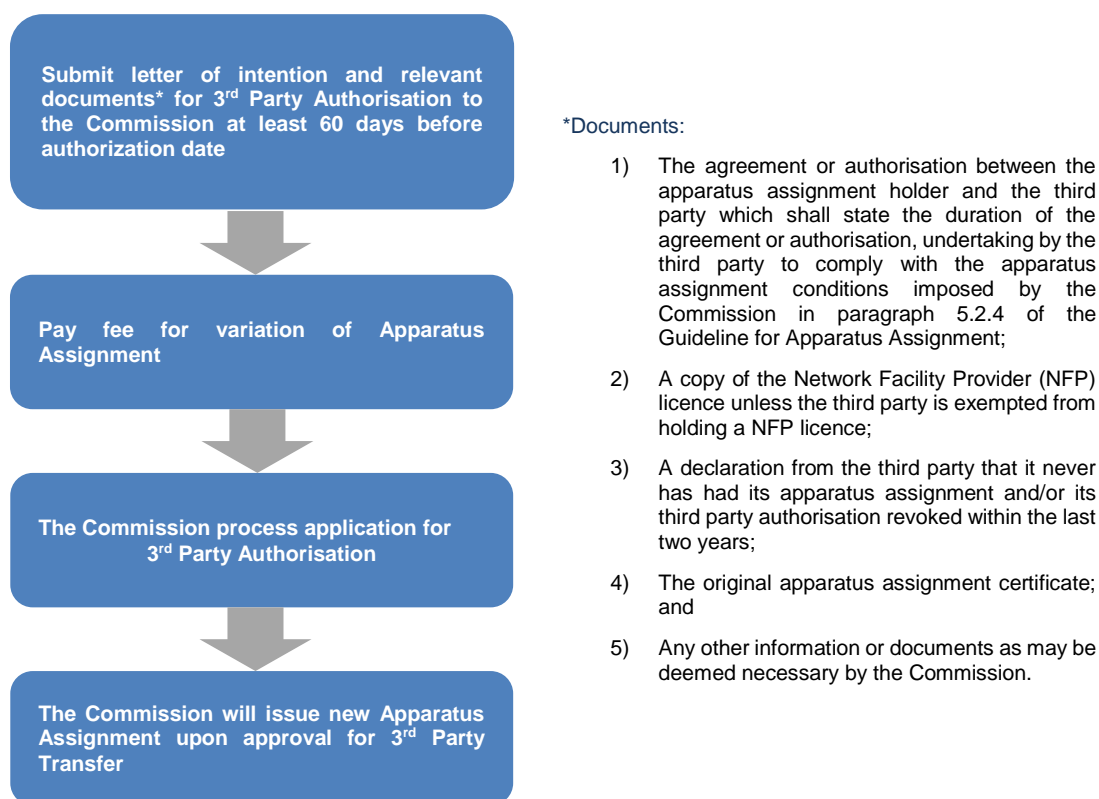


Figure 3.1: Third Party Authorisation Process Flow

The general process to obtain a Third Party Authorisation is as shown in Figure 3.1. In accordance with subregulation 25(2) of the Spectrum Regulations, the apparatus assignment holder shall notify the Commission in writing of its intention to authorise the third party and submit relevant documents specified in Figure 3.1 to the Commission no less than sixty (60) days before the authorisation date. The apparatus assignment holder is required to return the original apparatus assignment certificate to the Commission for variation of its existing certificate. A fee is imposed to the apparatus assignment holder for the variation of the apparatus assignment certificate as specified in Second Schedule of the Spectrum Regulations.

CHAPTER 4 :

CONVERSION PLAN PROCEDURES

CHAPTER 4: CONVERSION PLAN PROCEDURES

4.1 Conversion Plan

As specified under section 177 of the Act, the Spectrum Plan may include procedures on conversion plan for the conversion of designated apparatus assignments to spectrum assignments.

The Commission may prepare a conversion plan when the Minister has made a determination under section 176 of the Act which determines spectrum for spectrum assignment. The conversion plan prepared by the Commission may set out the procedures and timetable for issuing new spectrum assignments to replace existing apparatus assignments which are affected by the conversion plan.

The conversion plan may not require a spectrum assignment to be issued to the whole of the spectrum or geographic area to which the conversion plan applies.

4.2 Procedures

Subsection 176(1) of the Act provides for the Minister to determine that a certain spectrum be reallocated for spectrum assignments after taking into account the Commission's recommendation. Therefore, prior to any conversion of apparatus assignments to spectrum assignments, the Minister must make a determination under subsection 176(1) of the Act.

Pursuant to the Ministerial determination, the Commission will identify all the current apparatus assignments in the spectrum that has been determined for spectrum assignments. The Commission will then decide whether the existing apparatus assignments which are operating in the spectrum that has been determined by the Minister for conversion are to be maintained or vacated.

4.2.1 To Maintain Existing Apparatus Assignments

If the Commission decides to convert the existing apparatus assignments to spectrum assignment, the procedures are as follows:

- (a) The current apparatus assignment holders will be offered the spectrum by way of spectrum assignment. In order for this to take into effect, the Minister will have to make a determination under section 174 of the Act to specify that the spectrum

assignment may only be issued to particular persons or classes of persons who satisfy the conditions specified in the determination published in the Gazette.

- (b) After the Minister has made a determination under section 174 of the Act, the Commission may prepare a conversion plan in accordance with regulation 5 of the Spectrum Regulations.
- (c) The conversion plan prepared by the Commission may include but not limited to the following procedures:
 - i. identification of frequency bands;
 - ii. allocation of spectrum;
 - iii. assignment conditions;
 - iv. extent of operation of apparatus;
 - v. timetable for the conversion process;
 - vi. formal offer of spectrum assignment;
 - vii. closing date of offer;
 - viii. accepting the offer;
 - ix. issue of spectrum assignment;
 - x. transfer or dealing with spectrum assignment; and
 - xi. non acceptance of offer.
- (d) The Commission will make a formal offer of the spectrum assignment to the current apparatus assignment holders.
- (e) If the current apparatus assignment holders accept the offer, the Commission will issue the spectrum assignments to them.
- (f) If the current apparatus assignment holders do not accept the offer, the Commission may offer the spectrum assignments to other parties.

4.2.2 To Vacate Existing Apparatus Assignments

If the Commission decides that the spectrum or part of the spectrum to be vacated by the current apparatus assignment holders, the procedures are as follows:

- (a) Where all current apparatus assignment holders have to vacate the spectrum and the Commission will offer all the spectrum available to other parties, the Commission may prepare a marketing plan and/or conversion plan in accordance with regulation 5 of the Spectrum Regulations.

- (b) Where the Commission will offer some of the spectrum to current apparatus assignment holders and some of the spectrum to other parties:
 - i. the procedures in subsection 4.2.1 above will be applicable for the purpose of offering some of the spectrum to the current apparatus assignment holders; and
 - ii. the procedure in paragraph 4.2.2(a) above will be applicable for the purpose of offering some of the spectrum to other parties.

Note that the procedures in paragraph 4.2 are for guidance only. The Commission may at any time vary the procedures to suit the relevant conversion.

4.3 Procedures for Issuance of Spectrum Assignment

After the conversion of apparatus assignments to spectrum assignments has been completed, the Commission will issue spectrum assignments. The spectrum assignments will come into effect on the date specified in the assignment and the apparatus assignments will cease to be effective.

CHAPTER 5 :

**GENERAL INFORMATION
ON SPECTRUM**

CHAPTER 5: GENERAL INFORMATION ON SPECTRUM

5.1 Introduction

This Chapter provides general information on frequency band plans and allotment plans for Malaysia. The plans were developed based on national priorities and conform to the ITU frequency allocations.

5.2 Radio Spectrum Categories

The ITU categorises the relevant continuous radio spectrum, from 3 kHz through to 3000 GHz, into nine frequency ranges, as shown in the table below:

| No. | Symbol | Band | Frequency Range (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive) |
|-----|--------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | VLF | Very Low Frequency | 3 – 30 kHz |
| 2 | LF | Low Frequency | 30 – 300 kHz |
| 3 | MF | Medium Frequency | 300 – 3 000 kHz |
| 4 | HF | High Frequency | 3 – 30 MHz |
| 5 | VHF | Very High Frequency | 30 – 300 MHz |
| 6 | UHF | Ultra High Frequency | 300 – 3 000 MHz |
| 7 | SHF | Super High Frequency | 3 – 30 GHz |
| 8 | EHF | Extremely High Frequency | 30 – 300 GHz |
| 9 | THF | Tremendously High Frequency | 300 – 3 000 GHz |

Note:

Prefix: k=kilo (10^3), M=mega (10^6), G=giga (10^9)

5.3 Frequency Bands and Channels

The tables below indicate the frequency bands and channels for specified services or systems used in Malaysia.

5.3.1 Sound Broadcasting Frequency Bands

| Category/Band | Frequency Band |
|--|-------------------------|
| Mediumwave (AM Radio) ¹ | 525 kHz – 1 605 kHz |
| Shortwave ² (High Frequency Broadcasting) | 5 900 kHz – 6 200 kHz |
| | 7 200 kHz – 7 450 kHz |
| | 9 400 kHz – 9 900 kHz |
| | 11 600 kHz – 12 100 kHz |
| | 13 570 kHz – 13 870 kHz |
| | 15 100 kHz – 15 800 kHz |
| | 17 480 kHz – 17 900 kHz |
| | 18 900 kHz – 19 020 kHz |
| | 21 450 kHz – 21 850 kHz |
| | 25 670 kHz – 26 100 kHz |
| Band II (FM Radio) | 87.5 MHz – 108.0 MHz |
| Band III | 174 MHz – 230 MHz |
| L Band ³ | 1 452 MHz – 1 492 MHz |

Note:

1. Use of mediumwave (MW) or AM Radio band is subject to the Geneva Agreement 1975 (GE75). The agreement requires for any new or modified services be coordinated with other countries to minimise the risk of interference between similar services. This coordination is carried out by ITU-R
2. Use of shortwave band (SW) is subject to coordination procedure in Article 12 of the Radio Regulations
3. Refer to Malaysian footnote MLA106

5.3.2 TV Broadcasting Frequency Bands

(i) VHF TV Broadcasting Band III (174 MHz to 230 MHz)

| Channel Number | Frequency Band (MHz) |
|----------------|----------------------|
| 5 | 174 – 181 |
| 6 | 181 – 188 |
| 7 | 188 – 195 |
| 8 | 195 – 202 |
| 9 | 202 – 209 |
| 10 | 209 – 216 |
| 11 | 216 – 223 |
| 12 | 223 – 230 |

Note:

Refer to Malaysian footnotes MLA29 and MLA86

(ii) UHF TV Broadcasting Band IV (470 MHz to 582 MHz)

| Channel Number | Frequency Band (MHz) |
|----------------|----------------------|
| 21 | 470 – 478 |
| 22 | 478 – 486 |
| 23 | 486 – 494 |
| 24 | 494 – 502 |
| 25 | 502 – 510 |
| 26 | 510 – 518 |
| 27 | 518 – 526 |
| 28 | 526 – 534 |
| 29 | 534 – 542 |
| 30 | 542 – 550 |
| 31 | 550 – 558 |
| 32 | 558 – 566 |
| 33 | 566 – 574 |
| 34 | 574 – 582 |

Note:

Refer to Malaysian footnotes MLA29 and MLA86

(iii) UHF TV Broadcasting Band V (582 MHz to 790 MHz)

| Channel Number | Frequency Band (MHz) | Channel Number | Frequency Band (MHz) |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 35 | 582 – 590 | 48 | 686 – 694 |
| 36 | 590 – 598 | 49 | 694 – 702 |
| 37 | 598 – 606 | 50 | 702 – 710 |
| 38 | 606 – 614 | 51 | 710 – 718 |
| 39 | 614 – 622 | 52 | 718 – 726 |
| 40 | 622 – 630 | 53 | 726 – 734 |
| 41 | 630 – 638 | 54 | 734 – 742 |
| 42 | 638 – 646 | 55 | 742 – 750 |
| 43 | 646 – 654 | 56 | 750 – 758 |
| 44 | 654 – 662 | 57 | 758 – 766 |
| 45 | 662 – 670 | 58 | 766 – 774 |
| 46 | 670 – 678 | 59 | 774 – 782 |
| 47 | 678 – 686 | 60 | 782 – 790 |

Note:

1. Refer to Malaysian footnotes MLA29 and MLA86
2. Band from 703 MHz to 803 MHz has been identified for IMT after ASO

5.3.3 Point to Multipoint Radio Systems

| Category | Frequency Band |
|--|---|
| Fixed Wireless Access (FWA) | 10.15 GHz – 10.30 GHz paired with 10.50 GHz – 10.65 GHz |
| | 13.75 GHz – 14.40 GHz paired with 15.70 GHz – 16.60 GHz |
| Local Multipoint Communications Service (LMCS) | 24.25 GHz – 27.00 GHz |
| | 27.00 GHz – 29.50 GHz ¹ |
| | 31.00 GHz – 31.30 GHz |

| Category | Frequency Band |
|---|-----------------------|
| Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) ² | 2 400 MHz – 2 500 MHz |
| | 5 150 MHz – 5 350 MHz |
| | 5 470 MHz – 5 650 MHz |
| | 5 725 MHz – 5 875 MHz |

¹ This frequency band is shared with Fixed Satellite Service (FSS)

² Refer to Guideline on the Provision of Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Service

5.3.4 Cellular Mobile Services

| Category | Frequency Band (MHz) |
|-----------------------|---|
| CDMA 450 ¹ | 452.000 – 456.475 paired with 462.000 – 466.475 |
| GSM/IMT | 880 – 915 paired with 925 – 960 |
| | 1 710 – 1 785 paired with 1 805 – 1 880 |
| IMT | 824 – 834 paired with 869 – 879 |
| | 1 920 – 1 980 paired with 2 110 – 2 170 |
| | 1 980 – 2 010 paired with 2 170 – 2 200 |
| | 2 500 – 2 570 paired with 2 620 – 2 690 |
| | 1 885 – 1 920 ² |
| | 2 010 – 2 025 ² |
| | 2 300 – 2 400 ² |
| | 2 575 – 2 615 ² |

¹ Refer to Malaysian footnote MLA107

² TDD -Time Division Duplex

5.3.5 Other Services

| System | Frequency Band (MHz) |
|--|---|
| VHF Mobile Radio (Duplex) | 138.00 – 139.40 paired with 142.60 – 144.00 |
| VHF Mobile Radio (Simplex point-to-point) | 141.00 – 142.00 |
| VHF Telemetry | 162.9750 – 164.9750 paired with 173.1625 – 173.9750 |
| UHF Mobile Radio (Duplex) | 442.00 – 445.00 paired with 447.00 – 450.00 |
| UHF Mobile Radio (Simplex point-to-point) | 441.00 – 442.00 |
| UHF Telemetry | 440.00 – 441.00 paired with 445.00 – 446.00 |
| UHF Personal Radio Service | 446.00 – 446.20 ¹ |
| | 477.00 – 478.00 ² |
| Digital Trunked Radio Systems | 380.00 – 389.90 paired with 390.00 – 399.90 |
| | 410.00 – 420.00 paired with 420.00 – 430.00 |
| Paging | 152.0750 and 152.3000 |

¹ Use of UHF personal radio service in this frequency band is under Class Assignment

² Refer to footnote Malaysian footnote MLA85

5.4 Allotment Plans and International Call Signs for Malaysia

5.4.1 Allotment Plans for Malaysia

(i) Appendix 25 of the Radio Regulations

| Appendix | Service | Assigned Frequency (kHz) | Remarks |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Appendix 25 (Rev. WRC-03) | Maritime mobile (coast radiotelephone stations) | 4 400.4 (channel 415) 4 406.4 (channel 417) 4 415.4 (channel 420) 4 430.4 (channel 425) 6 502.4 (channel 601) 8 720.4 (channel 801) 8 771.4 (channel 818) 8 810.4 (channel 831) 13 108.4 (channel 1211) 17 273.4 (channel 1611) 22 787.4 (channel 2231) | Refer to No. 25/2.4 of Section II of Appendix 25 of Radio Regulations |

(ii) Appendices 26 and 27 of the Radio Regulations

| Appendix | Service | Carrier Frequency (kHz) | Remarks |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Appendix 26 (Rev. WRC-15) | Aeronautical mobile (OR), 3 025-18 030 kHz | 3 074, 3 080, 3 095, 3 101, 3 116, 4 703, 4 715, 4 718, 4 739, 5 693, 5 711, 6 685, 6 694, 6 700, 6 724, 6 730, 6 739, 6 760, 8 968, 9 019, 9 028, 9 031, 9 034, 11 199, 11 247, 13 206 and 17 985 | Use of 3 074, 3 095, 3 101, 3 116, 4 718, 6 685, 6 694, 6 700, 6 730, 6 760, 8 968, 11 199 & 13 206 kHz by Singapore is subject to coordination with Malaysia. (Refer to Appendix 26 of Radio Regulations Note 3.1) Use of 3 080, 4 739, 6 724 & 9 019 kHz by Malaysia is subject to coordination with Singapore. (Refer to Appendix 26 of Radio Regulations Note 3.2) |
| Appendix 27 (Rev. WRC-12) | Aeronautical mobile (R), 2 850-22 000 kHz | Refer to Section II of Part II of Appendix 27 of Radio Regulations (Rev. WRC-12) | Regional and worldwide allocations |

(iii) Appendices 30 and 30A of the Radio Regulations

| Appendix | Service | Assigned Frequency | | Remarks |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| Appendices 30, 30A (Rev. WRC-15) | Broadcasting– Satellite in frequency band:- 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to- Earth); 17.3-18.1 GHz (Earth-to- space) | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Orbital position: 91.5°E Beam identification no: MLA__100 Emission: 27M0G7W Appendix 30 of Radio Regulations: Refer to Table 6A/6B Appendix 30A of Radio Regulations: Refer to Table 3B2 |
| | | Downlink | | |
| | | 2 | 11 746.66 | |
| | | 4 | 11 785.02 | |
| | | 6 | 11 823.38 | |
| | | 8 | 11 861.74 | |
| | | 10 | 11 900.10 | |
| | | 12 | 11 938.46 | |
| | | 14 | 11 976.82 | |
| | | 16 | 12 015.18 | |
| | | 18 | 12 053.54 | |
| | | 20 | 12 091.90 | |
| | | 22 | 12 130.26 | |
| | | 24 | 12 168.62 | |
| | | Uplink | | |
| | | 2 | 17 346.66 | |
| | | 4 | 17 385.02 | |
| | | 6 | 17 423.38 | |
| | | 8 | 17 461.74 | |
| | | 10 | 17 500.10 | |
| | | 12 | 17 538.46 | |
| | | 14 | 17 576.82 | |
| | | 16 | 17 615.18 | |
| | | 18 | 17 653.54 | |
| | | 20 | 17 691.90 | |
| | | 22 | 17 730.26 | |
| | | 24 | 17 768.62 | |

iv) Appendix 30B of the Radio Regulations

| Appendix | Service | Frequency | Remarks |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| Appendix 30B (Rev. WRC-15) | Fixed– Satellite | <p>4 500 MHz – 4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth); 6 725 MHz – 7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Beam identification no: MLA00000</p> <p>10.70 GHz – 10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth); 11.20 GHz – 11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth); and 12.75 GHz – 13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Beam identification no: MLA00000</p> | <p>Orbital position: 78.5°E</p> <p>Beam identification no: MLA00000</p> <p>Refer to Article 10 of Appendix 30B of Radio Regulations</p> |

5.4.2. Call Sign Series for Amateur Radio Service:

Refer to the Guidelines on the Allocation of Call Sign to the Amateur Radio Service⁴.

⁴ <http://www.mcmc.gov.my/skmmgovmy/media/General/pdf/Guideline-on-the-Allocation-of-Call-Sign-to-the-Amateur-Radio-Service.pdf>



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