MCMC SRSP MS 850 & 900 30 DECEMBER 2022

Standard Radio System Plan

REQUIREMENTS FOR

MOBILE CELLULAR SYSTEMS AND INTERNATIONAL MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

OPERATING IN THE FREQUENCY BANDS OF

824 MHz TO 834 MHz PAIRED WITH 869 MHz TO 879 MHz AND 880 MHz TO 915 MHz PAIRED WITH 925 MHz TO 960 MHz

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1. FOREWORD

- 1.1. This Standard Radio System Plan ("SRSP") is prepared by the Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission ("MCMC") pursuant to the Communications and Multimedia Act 1998 ("Act") and Spectrum Plan ("Spectrum Plan") to provide information on minimum technical and regulatory requirements for efficient use of the 824 MHz to 834 MHz paired with 869 MHz to 879 MHz and 880 MHz to 915 MHz paired with 925 MHz to 960 MHz frequency bands.
- 1.2. This SRSP does not attempt to establish any detailed equipment standards.
- 1.3. In the event there are any inconsistencies between this SRSP and the Act or any subsidiary legislations made under the Act, the Act or the subsidiary legislation shall prevail.

2. ABBREVIATIONS

AA	Apparatus Assignment		
СА	Class Assignment		
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power		
FACSMAB	Frequency Assignment Committee of Singapore, Malaysia and Brunei Darussalam		
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications		
IMT	International Mobile Telecommunications		
ITU	International Telecommunication Union		
ITU-R	ITU Radiocommunication Sector		
JCC	Joint Committee on Communications between the Republic of Indonesia and Malaysia		
JTC	Joint Technical Committee on Coordination and Assignment of Frequencies along Malaysia – Thailand Common Border		
LTE	Long Term Evolution		
ΜΙΜΟ	Multiple Input Multiple Output		
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference		
RR	Radio Regulations		
SA	Spectrum Assignment		
SRSP	Standard Radio System Plan		
Trilateral	Trilateral Coordination Meeting between the Republic of Indonesia, Malaysia and Singapore		
TRP	Total Radiated Power		

3. INTENT

- 3.1. This SRSP is intended to ensure efficient provision of mobile services in Malaysia with minimal service disruption and RFI among service providers.
- 3.2. This SRSP states the requirements for the utilisation of the frequency bands between 824 MHz to 834 MHz paired with 869 MHz to 879 MHz and 880 MHz to 915 MHz paired with 925 MHz to 960 MHz for mobile cellular systems and IMT systems ("said bands").
- 3.3. The usage of the said bands is intended for the purpose of providing wireless telecommunication connectivity and may include applications such as voice, internet, video, images, interactive multimedia, high-speed data and mobile television.
- 3.4. The term 'IMT' in this document is referring to IMT-2000 and IMT-Advanced systems.

4. GENERAL

- 4.1. Technical characteristics of the equipment used in mobile cellular systems and IMT systems shall conform to all applicable Malaysian standards, international standards, ITU and its RR as agreed and adopted by Malaysia.
- 4.2. All equipment installations shall comply with safety rules as specified in the applicable standards.
- 4.3. The equipment used shall be certified under the Communications and Multimedia (Technical Standards) Regulations 2000.
- 4.4. The assignment holders shall affix or provide clear label on cables terminating with antenna, remote radio unit, equipment rack and any other apparatus for new installation starting 1 January 2023 to facilitate interference investigation and/or audit performed by MCMC. The label shall be physically affixed for the purpose of identification on apparatus owner and operating frequency. Only equipment rack shall be indicated with apparatus owner and operating frequencies.

- 4.5. The allocation, requirements and information in respect of the said bands as provided in this SRSP are subject to further review by MCMC from time to time to reflect new developments in the communications and multimedia industry.
- 4.6. The said bands may be used in a manner whereby different systems can coexist within the same band, thus allowing maximum utilisation of the spectrum subject to the requirements set out in this SRSP.

5. CHANNEL ARRANGEMENT

- 5.1. The allocation of services within the said bands is described in the Spectrum Plan.
- 5.2. The deployment of the mobile cellular system utilising GSM system may require 200 kHz or multiples of 200 kHz of bandwidth for each RF channel and 45 MHz duplex spacing. The channelling plan for the cellular mobile radio system may be based on the band plan in **Appendix A**.
- 5.3. The deployment of the IMT systems may require 5 MHz or multiples of 5 MHz of bandwidth for each RF channel. The channelling plan may be based on the band plan in **Appendix B**.
- 5.4. The channelling plan for IMT systems is based on the radio frequency arrangement of Recommendation ITU-R M.1036.
- 5.5. In the event of co-existence between GSM and IMT systems, assignment holders who intend to deploy the IMT systems shall have the flexibility in deciding the centre frequency and the channel bandwidth of the IMT systems subject to the implementation methods defined in **Appendix C**.
- 5.6. The band plan in Appendix B is to be referred as a guide for full deployment of the IMT systems. Assignment holders shall be allowed the flexibility to implement GSM and/or IMT systems and the bandwidth usage within its allocated band subject to the implementation methods defined in Appendix C and other policies determined by MCMC.
- 5.7. The implementation methods are subject to future mitigation techniques deployed.

6. REQUIREMENTS FOR USAGE OF SPECTRUM

- 6.1. This SRSP covers the minimum key characteristics considered necessary in order to make the best use of the said bands.
- 6.2. The use of the said bands shall only be allowed for the deployment of up to IMT-Advanced systems only unless otherwise reviewed by MCMC.
- 6.3. It should be further noted that the operation of the IMT systems in the said bands shall coexist with the adjacent services. The co-existence and mitigation of interference may require adoption of a number of engineering solutions based on industry best practice guidelines and recommendations described in this SRSP.
- 6.4. Maximum radiated power and unwanted emission for GSM system are as follows:
 - 6.4.1. Base station
 - 6.4.1.1. base station in-block transmissions should not exceed **61 dBm EIRP**; and
 - 6.4.1.2. on a case to case basis, higher EIRP value may be permitted if acceptable technical justification is provided.

6.4.2. User equipment

- 6.4.2.1. User equipment transmission should not exceed **31 dBm EIRP**; and
- 6.4.2.2. the unwanted emissions in out-of-band and spurious domain outside an assignment holder's assigned frequency blocks shall comply with the 3GPP TS 45.005.
- 6.5. Maximum radiated power and unwanted emission for IMT systems:
 - 6.5.1. Base station
 - 6.5.1.1. base station in-block transmissions should not exceed 61 dBm/5 MHz EIRP;
 - 6.5.1.2. for the case of MIMO deployment, the above EIRP value shall be applicable per transmit port;
 - 6.5.1.3. on a case to case basis, higher EIRP value may be permitted if acceptable technical justification is provided; and

- 6.5.1.4. the unwanted emissions in out-of-band and spurious domain outside an assignment holder's assigned frequency blocks shall comply with the Recommendations ITU-R M.2070.
- 6.5.2. User equipment
 - 6.5.2.1. user equipment transmissions should not exceed 31 dBm/5
 MHz TRP for mobile/nomadic terminal station and shall not exceed 35 dBm/5 MHz EIRP for fixed terminal stations; and
 - 6.5.2.2. the unwanted emissions in out-of-band and spurious domain outside an assignment holder's assigned frequency blocks shall comply with the Recommendations ITU-R M.2071.
- 6.6. A radio system conforming to the requirements of this SRSP may require modifications if major interference is caused to other radio communication stations or systems.
- 6.7. In the event of interference due to unwanted emission or blocking interference outside of an assigned frequency, MCMC may at its discretion, impose higher attenuation than specified in this section.
- 6.8. It shall be noted that potential interference may occur when two (2) different assignment holders operate in the adjacent frequency bands. This potential interference may be mitigated via several methods such as:
 - 6.8.1. Geographical separation between two (2) base stations;
 - 6.8.2. Elimination of line-of-sight between two (2) base stations in close proximity scenarios;
 - 6.8.3. Introduce guard band spectrum within the assigned spectrum blocks allocated to the operators;
 - 6.8.4. Base station radiated power control;
 - 6.8.5. Installation of external transmit and/or receive filters; and/or
 - 6.8.6. Any other mitigation techniques as stated in subsection 8.3 below.
- 6.9. For avoidance of doubt, MCMC shall not be responsible for any costs incurred as a result of the system modification and/or interference mitigation as referred to in subsections 6.6, 6.7 and 6.8 above. The cost of modification shall be fully borne by the assignment holder.

7. PRINCIPLES OF ASSIGNMENT

- 7.1. Authorisation to use the said bands are by way of SA under the:
 - 7.1.1. Ministerial Determination on 900MHz Spectrum Reallocation, Determination No. 2 of 2016;
 - 7.1.2. Ministerial Determination on the Spectrum Reallocation for the 880 MHz to 885 MHz paired with 925 MHz to 930 MHz Frequency Bands, Determination No. 12 of 2021; and
 - 7.1.3. Ministerial Determination on the Spectrum Reallocation for the 824 MHz to 834 MHz paired with 869 MHz to 879 MHz Frequency Bands, Determination No. 18 of 2021.
- 7.2. Eligible persons for SA are as specified in the:
 - 7.2.1. Ministerial Determination on the Issuance of Specified Spectrum Assignment to Particular Persons for the 900MHz Spectrum, Determination No. 4 of 2016;
 - 7.2.2. Ministerial Determination on the Issuance of Specified Spectrum Assignment to Particular Person for the 880 MHz to 885 MHz paired with 925 MHz to 930 MHz Frequency Bands, Determination No. 14 of 2021; and
 - 7.2.3. Ministerial Determination on the Issuance of Specified Spectrum Assignment to Particular Persons for the 824 MHz to 834 MHz paired with 869 MHz to 879 MHz Frequency Bands, Determination No. 2 of 2022.
- 7.3 The assignment shall be subject to all conditions as specified in regulations 9, 10, and 15 of the Spectrum Regulations, and any additional conditions as may be imposed by MCMC from time to time.

8. COORDINATION REQUIREMENT

- 8.1. Operator-to-Operator Coordination
 - 8.1.1. The assignment holder shall ensure that the operation of the mobile cellular systems and IMT systems will not cause interference to other

services in the adjacent frequency bands at all times;

- 8.1.2. The assignment holder operating in the said bands shall ensure that its systems only operate within the assigned frequency bands;
- 8.1.3. The assignment holder is required to conduct operator-to-operator coordination to address interference mitigation; and
- 8.1.4. Any assignment holder planning for a new installation or to activate its service shall initiate the operator-to-operator coordination to avoid interference. The operator-to-operator coordination shall be conducted prior to the installation or activation of service.
- 8.2 Common Border Area Coordination
 - 8.2.1. The use of the said bands shall require coordination at common border area(s) with the neighbouring countries within the coordination zones. The coordination zones are based on agreements reached by border committees namely FACSMAB, JTC, JCC and Trilateral;
 - 8.2.2. In the event there is no agreement on coordination zone, a zone within 50 km from the border of the neighbouring countries will be used;
 - 8.2.3. It shall be noted that the coordination requirements between Malaysia and the neighbouring countries may be reviewed and updated from time to time; and
 - 8.2.4. Agreement on the band plan from one neighbouring country to another may differ subject to the requirement(s) of the respective country.
- 8.3. All assignment holders in the said bands shall take all necessary actions on interference mitigation techniques including but not limited to filter installation, antenna discrimination, antenna tilting, antenna polarisation, frequency discrimination, antenna shielding/blocking (introduction of diffraction loss), site selection, and/or power control to facilitate the coordination of systems and avoid any interference to and from each other.
- 8.4. In the event of any interference, MCMC will require the affected assignment holder(s) to carry out operator-to-operator coordination including operators in the neighbouring countries. In the event that the interference remains unresolved by the operators after 24 hours, the affected parties may escalate the matter to MCMC for a resolution. MCMC will decide the necessary modifications to the interfering and interfered systems and schedule of

modifications to resolve the interference dispute. MCMC will be guided by the interference resolution process as shown in **Appendix D** of this SRSP.

8.5. For avoidance of doubt, MCMC shall not be responsible for any costs incurred as a result of the coordination process in subsections 8.3 and 8.4 above. The cost of the coordination process shall be fully borne by the assignment holders.

9. IMPLEMENTATION

9.1 This SRSP shall be effective on the date of issuance of this document.

10. **REVOCATION**

10.1 MCMC SRSP 504 dated 9 July 2021 is hereby revoked.

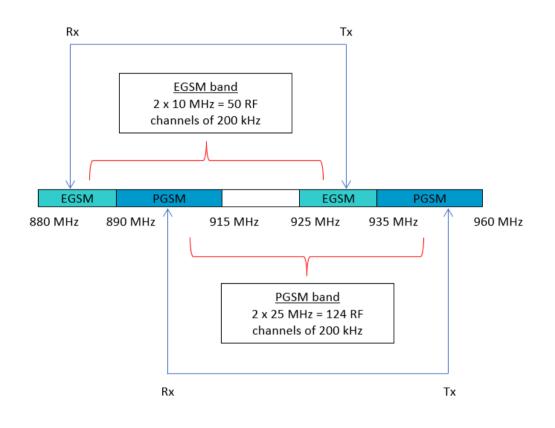
11. **REFERENCES**

- i) Spectrum Plan.
- ii) Recommendation ITU-R M.1036 Frequency arrangements for implementation of the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications in the bands identified for IMT in the Radio Regulations.
- iii) Recommendation ITU-R M.2012 Detailed specifications of the terrestrial radio interfaces of International Mobile Telecommunications Advanced (IMT-Advanced).
- iv) **Recommendation ITU-R M.2070** Generic unwanted emission characteristics of base stations using the terrestrial radio interfaces of IMT-Advanced.
- v) **Recommendation ITU-R M.2071** Generic unwanted emission characteristics of mobile stations using the terrestrial radio interfaces of IMT-Advanced.
- vi) 3GPP TS 25.104 Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (FDD).
- vii) 3GPP TS 45.005 GSM/EDGE Radio transmission and reception.

APPENDIX A: CHANNELING PLAN OF GSM SYSTEM

(This Appendix forms an integral part of this SRSP)

- A.1 Within the frequency band between 880 MHz to 915 MHz paired with 925 MHz to 960 MHz band, the channelling plan is developed based on a 200 kHz channel raster corresponding to the GSM channel bandwidth and provides for up to 175 FDD channels. The mobile station transmit frequency is always 45 MHz lower than the base station transmit frequency (45 MHz duplex spacing):
 - **Figure A.1**: Channel arrangement for GSM system operating in frequency band 880 MHz to 915 MHz and 925 MHz to 960 MHz



E-GSM: (ARFCN 975-1023): Frequency range: **880-890 MHz / 925-935 MHz** Centre frequency for uplink carrier: Fu = 890 MHz + (ARFCN – 1024)*0.2 MHz Centre frequency for downlink carrier: Fd = Fu(ARFCN) + 45 MHz

P-GSM: (ARFCN 0-124): Frequency range: **890-915 MHz / 935-960 MHz** Centre frequency for uplink carrier: Fu = 890 MHz + (ARFCN)*0.2 MHz Centre frequency for downlink carrier frequency: Fd = Fu(ARFCN) + 45 MHz

FREQUENCY AND CHANNELLING PLAN FOR THE 880-915 MHz AND 925-960 MHz FREQUENCY BANDS

										· /		
	A1	B1	C1	D1	A2	B2	C2	D2	A3	B3	C3	D3
CHANNEL												
No.							975	976	977	978	979	980
RX							880.2	880.4	880.6	880.8	881.0	881.2
ТХ							925.2	925.4	925.6	925.8	926.0	926.2
CHANNEL												
No.	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992
RX	881.4	881.6	881.8	882.0	882.2	882.4	882.6	882.8	883.0	883.2	883.4	883.6
ТХ	926.4	926.6	926.8	927.0	927.2	927.4	927.6	927.8	928.0	928.2	928.4	928.6
CHANNEL												
No.	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001	1002	1003	1004
RX	883.8	884.0	884.2	884.4	884.6	884.8	885.0	885.2	885.4	885.6	885.8	886.0
ТХ	928.8	929.0	929.2	929.4	929.6	929.8	930.0	930.2	930.4	930.6	930.8	931.0
CHANNEL												
No.	1005	1006	1007	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016
RX	886.2	886.4	886.6	886.8	887.0	887.2	887.4	887.6	887.8	888.0	888.2	888.4
ТХ	931.2	931.4	931.6	931.8	932.0	932.2	932.4	932.6	932.8	933.0	933.2	933.4
CHANNEL												
No.	1017	1018	1019	1020	1021	1022	1023	0	1	2	3	4
RX	888.6	888.8	889.0	889.2	889.4	889.6	889.8	890.0	890.2	890.4	890.6	890.8
ТХ	933.6	933.8	934.0	934.2	934.4	934.6	934.8	935.0	935.2	935.4	935.6	935.8
CHANNEL												
No.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
RX	891.0	891.2	891.4	891.6	891.8	892.0	892.2	892.4	892.6	892.8	893.0	893.2
ТХ	936.0	936.2	936.4	936.6	936.8	937.0	937.2	937.4	937.6	937.8	938.0	938.2
CHANNEL												
No.	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
RX	893.4	893.6	893.8	894.0	894.2	894.4	894.6	894.8	895.0	895.2	895.4	895.6
ТХ	938.4	938.6	938.8	939.0	939.2	939.4	939.6	939.8	940.0	940.2	940.4	940.6

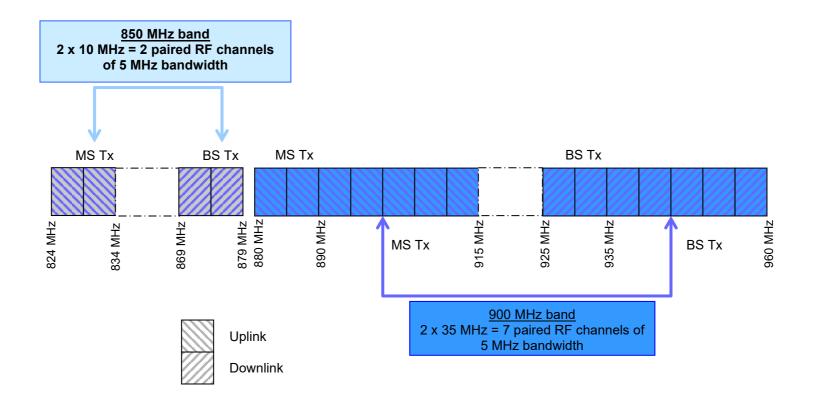
TABLE A.1: FREQUENCY AND CHANNELLING PLAN FOR EGSM AND PGSM (MHz)

	A1	B1	C1	D1	A2	B2	C2	D2	A3	B3	C3	D3
CHANNEL												10
No.	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
RX	895.8	896.0	896.2	896.4	896.6	896.8	897.0	897.2	897.4	897.6	897.8	898.0
TX	940.8	941.0	941.2	941.4	941.6	941.8	942.0	942.2	942.4	942.6	942.8	943.0
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52
No.	898.2					899.2				900.0	900.2	
RX		898.4	898.6	898.8	899.0		899.4	899.6	899.8			900.4
TX CHANNEL	943.2	943.4	943.6	943.8	944.0	944.2	944.4	944.6	944.8	945.0	945.2	945.4
No.	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
RX	900.6	900.8	901.0	901.2	901.4	901.6	901.8	902.0	902.2	902.4	902.6	902.8
ТХ	945.6	945.8	946.0	946.2	946.4	946.6	946.8	947.0	947.2	947.4	947.6	947.8
CHANNEL									-			
No.	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76
RX	903.0	903.2	903.4	903.6	903.8	904.0	904.2	904.4	904.6	904.8	905.0	905.2
ТХ	948.0	948.2	948.4	948.6	948.8	949.0	949.2	949.4	949.6	949.8	950.0	950.2
CHANNEL												
No.	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
RX	905.4	905.6	905.8	906.0	906.2	906.4	906.6	906.8	907.0	907.2	907.4	907.6
TX	950.4	950.6	950.8	951.0	951.2	951.4	951.6	951.8	952.0	952.2	952.4	952.6
CHANNEL No.	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
RX	907.8	908.0	908.2	908.4	908.6	908.8	909.0	909.2	909.4	909.6	909.8	910.0
ТХ	952.8	953.0	953.2	953.4	953.6	953.8	954.0	954.2	954.4	954.6	954.8	955.0
CHANNEL												
No.	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
RX	910.2	910.4	910.6	910.8	911.0	911.2	911.4	911.6	911.8	912.0	912.2	912.4
TX	955.2	955.4	955.6	955.8	956.0	956.2	956.4	956.6	956.8	957.0	957.2	957.4
CHANNEL								100		100	105	101
No.	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124
RX	912.6	912.8	913.0	913.2	913.4	913.6	913.8	914.0	914.2	914.4	914.6	914.8
TX	957.6	957.8	958.0	958.2	958.4	958.6	958.8	959.0	959.2	959.4	959.6	959.8

APPENDIX B: CHANNELING PLAN OF IMT SYSTEMS

(This Appendix forms an integral part of this SRSP)

Figure B.1 Radio frequency band plan for IMT systems operating in the 824 MHz to 834 MHz paired with 869 MHz to 879 MHz and 880 MHz to 915 MHz paired with 925 MHz to 960 MHz frequency bands



APPENDIX C: CO-EXISTENCE REQUIREMENTS BETWEEN DIFFERENT SYSTEMS

(This Appendix forms an integral part of this SRSP)

C.1 Table C.1 below defines the parameters for co-existence requirements between different systems.

Table C.1: Technical requirements for co-existence between different systems

System A	System B	Technical Requirements
LTE DL (850 MHz)	GSM UL (900 MHz)	When System A and System B co-exist in the same geographical area, System A shall ensure that the unwanted emission (spurious emission and out-of-band emission) to be equal to or less than -61 dBm/100 kHz starting at the lowest edge of the operating frequency band of System B and beyond, measured at System A. When System A and System B are co-located in the same structure (e.g. tower, mast, etc.), System A shall ensure that the unwanted emission (spurious emission and out-of band emission) to be equal to or less than -98 dBm/100 kHz starting at the nearest edge of the operating frequency band of System A. The receive signal allowed from System A shall be equal to or less than -128 dBm/100 kHz measured at the receiver of System B. [Note: 30 dB coupling loss between transmitter of System A and receiver of System B is required.]
LTE DL (850 MHz)	LTE UL (900 MHz)	When System A and System B co-exist in the same geographical area, System A shall ensure that the unwanted emission (spurious emission and out-of-band emission) to be equal to or less than -49 dBm/1 MHz starting at the lowest edge of the operating frequency band of System B and beyond, measured at System A. When System A and System B are co-located in the same structure (e.g. tower, mast, etc.), System A shall ensure that the unwanted emission (spurious emission and out-of-band emission) to be equal to or less than -126 dBm/100 kHz measured at the receiver of System B. [Note: 30 dB coupling loss between transmitter of System A and receiver of System B is required.] For co-existence and/or co-location scenario(s), System A shall ensure that its transmit power within the

System A	System B	Technical Requirements
		allowed operating range of System B's receiver is equal to or less than -40 dBm/3.84 MHz measured at System B receiver.
LTE DL (850 MHz)	LTE DL (850 MHz)	No frequency separation is required between System A's channel edge and the System B's channel edge.
LTE DL (900 MHz)	GSM DL (900 MHz)	Separation of 200 kHz is recommended between the channel edge of both systems whereby 100 kHz is to be contributed by each systems. The separation may be reduced if both systems are coordinated ¹ .
LTE DL (900 MHz)	LTE DL (900 MHz)	No frequency separation is required between System A's channel edge and the System B's channel edge.

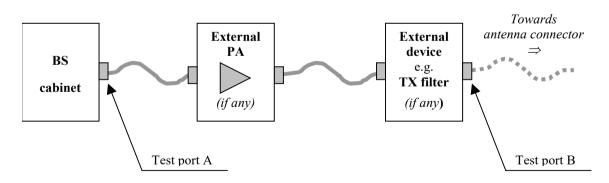
Note: UL= Uplink

DL= Downlink

¹Coordinated means operator-to-operator coordination has been carried out and lesser channel edge separation has been agreed upon.

C.2 The specification defines the measurement points to be at the BS antenna connector (test port A). If any external apparatus such as a TX amplifier, a filter or the combination of such devices is used, the measurement points shall be at the far end antenna connector (test port B). These ports' locations are shown in Figure 6.1 of 3GPP TS 25.104 and extracted into Figure C.1 below.

Figure C.1: Reference Points for Measurements of Unwanted Emissions from System A



APPENDIX D: INTERFERENCE RESOLUTION PROCESS

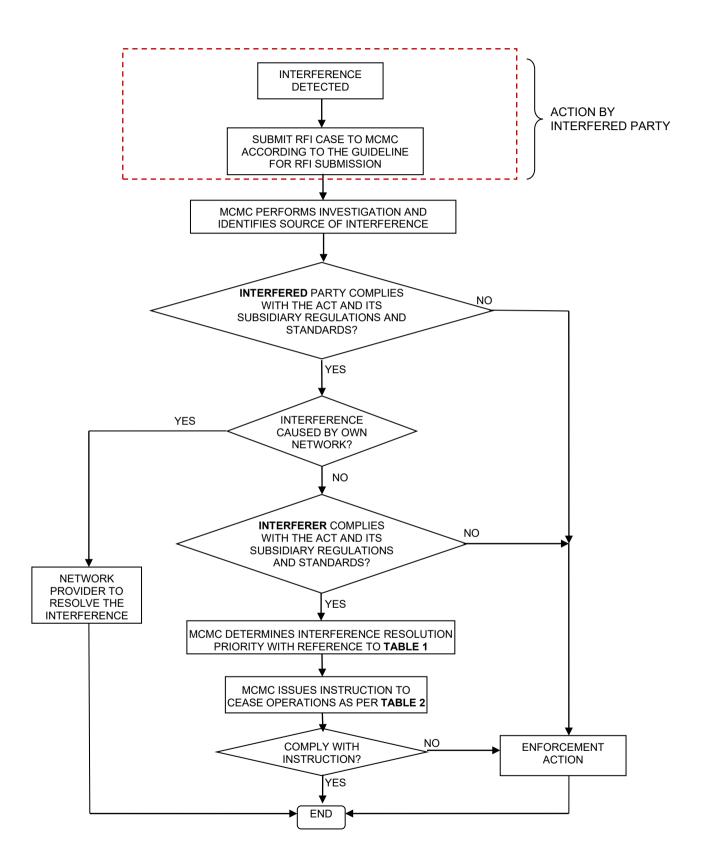


TABLE 1: INTERFERENCE RESOLUTION PRIORITY

No.	Resolution Type of Priority	Description				
1	Service Priority	Primary services have priority over secondary services. Among co- primary or co-secondary services, the stated priority is accorded as provided in the Spectrum Plan.				
2	Assignment Type Priority	SA and AA have equal priority but are of higher priority than CA.				
	Service Type Priority	In the event where service priority and assignment type priority are equal for affected parties, the following list will determine the priority level for the interference case (the earlier in the list is given higher priority):				
3		i. Safety or Radionavigation service; and				
		ii. Based on the date of submission of list of sites under SA subject to the assignment holder(s)'s implementation of interference mitigation techniques and coordination as specified in sections 6 and 8 of this SRSP.				

TABLE 2: INTERFERENCE RESOLUTION TIMELINE TO PARTIES

No.	Types of interference	Description	Resolution Timeline
1.	Harmful	Interference which endangers or seriously degrades, obstructs or repeatedly interrupts the functioning of a radionavigation service or one or more safety services operating in accordance with Spectrum Regulations.	To cease* operation immediately within 24 hours or earlier as specified in the notice issued by MCMC.
2.	Major	Electromagnetic interference rendering any apparatus or services unsuitable for its purpose or which degrades or obstructs, or repeatedly interrupts, a radiocommunications service operating in accordance with Spectrum Regulations.	To cease* operation within 3 days or earlier as specified in the notice issued by MCMC if interference cannot be resolved.
3.	Minor	Electromagnetic interference which does not affect the overall operation of any radiocommunications transmission.	To cease* operation within 7 days or earlier as specified in the notice issued by MCMC if interference cannot be resolved.

*Note:

Resumption of operation of the apparatus is not allowed unless the assignment holder submits an interference resolution or a mitigation plan and has completed the implementation of the mitigation plan to remove/avoid the interference to the satisfaction of MCMC.